

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION.

BOSTON, MASS., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1909—VOL. II, NO. 11.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

VERDICT NOT GUILTY FOUND FOR FIFTEEN STEEL DEFENDANTS

Jury Files Decision With Judge Harris Today After Twelve Weeks' Trial of the Famous Case.

COSTS PROVE HEAVY

Former District Attorney Hill, Special Counsel in Suit, Declares There Is Nothing to Say.

The jury in the steel case before Judge Robert C. Harris of the superior court today brought in a verdict of "not guilty" on all counts as to all the defendants. This is the twelfth week of the trial and it has been estimated that the cost to the government and the defense has been about \$200,000, the cost of the government stenographers alone amounts to \$15,000.

There were three counts in the indictments against the defendants charging them with conspiracy to create or maintain a monopoly of the steel structural business in New England. On one of these counts the trial judge instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of "not guilty." The others went to the jury to determine.

When the case first arose there were 38 corporations and individuals charged with having a part in this alleged conspiracy. At the time of the indictment this number was reduced to 32. During the course of the trial either on the motion of former District Attorney Hill or by the order of the court this number was reduced to 15. The names of these 15 on which the jury were asked to find the facts are as follows:

Phoenix Iron Company, Canton Bridge Company, G. W. & F. Smith Iron Company, Eastern Bridge & Structural Company, N. E. Structural Company, Boston Bridge Works, Inc., A. S. Miller, Jr., Benjamin K. Graham, Frank E. White, Charles N. Pennycook, Harry C. Collins, John K. Britton, Harry O. Russ, George C. Bartram, Elmer F. Smith.

The jury was given the case at 11:35 a. m. Tuesday morning. It considered the case until 9:30 p. m. in the evening, when it brought in a sealed verdict. This was opened this morning at 9:45 a. m. Clerk of the Court John P. Manning in the presence of all the counsel and a crowd of spectators which filled the room went through the usual form of taking the verdict.

After the verdict had been taken Photographer Chickering took a picture of the jury, counsel and presiding justice. This is the first time that this has been done in the memory of many who have been about the court for years.

Attorney Arthur D. Hill, who as special counsel has conducted the case since the last election as he did as district attorney previous to that time, says of the result:

"I see no occasion for me to say anything in regard to the verdict. I have never thought that a loser in any contest, whether legal or otherwise, did any good either to himself or to the cause he represented by talking about it."

GOVERNOR DRAPER FILLS VACANCIES

Albert F. Barker of Brockton Named for Southeastern District Attorney—Other Appointees.

Governor Draper today sent to the executive council the nomination of Albert F. Barker of Brockton to be district attorney for the southeastern district, vice Thomas E. Grover, resigned, and of William E. Hatch of New Bedford to be trustee on behalf of the commonwealth of the New Bedford textile school, succeeding the late Joseph F. Knowles.

Other appointments made are: John F. Moors of Boston, director Collateral Loan Company; Edward M. Bradford of Boston, trustee Massachusetts Hospital School; Charles B. Boyce of Gardner, clerk first district court, northern Worcester.

DENTAL SCHOOL PROGRAM TODAY

The second day's exercises in observance of the dedication of the new building of the Harvard dental school are in progress this afternoon in Sanders theater, Cambridge. C. A. Coolidge, representing the firm of Shepley, Rutan & Coolidge, architects of the new building, will turn over the keys to President Lowell, and President Emeritus Eliot is scheduled to make a short address.

The exercises will close with a banquet at 7 o'clock at the Hotel Somerset, given by the administrative board of the dental school to 200 invited guests.

MONITORIALS

Nixon Waterman

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

Now Congress is in session so, you naughty trusts, beware! And cautiously consider what you do, and have a care For all the toiling people. Don't you elevate the price Of things they have to buy because—because it isn't nice, The world is watching you today more closely than it has In years gone by, and now unless you're pretty straight, alas! The populace will mention it; so mind what you're about, For the congressmen will get you if you don't watch out.

The congressmen, themselves, perhaps, would let you have your way If 'twere not for the folks at home who have a lot to say, For when they go to market or are shopping at the store They find most everything they buy is costing more and more. And when the dealer says: "I've got to boost the price or bust!" (It may be true) because he's in the grasp of some big trust, Then there's a big commotion and the poor consumers shout, And the congressmen will get you if you don't watch out.

SOUR TOWARD HIM.

"Then the heiress did not seem disposed to give you any aid in securing her hand and fortune?" "Well, the best I could do would be to call it a sort of lemon-ade."

Dr. Cook's foresight was clearly shown in the arrangement he made, before the world had heard from Commander Perry, to have a foreign, disinterested nation pass upon the genuineness of his documents that might receive prejudiced consideration amid the controversy which, later on, would be waged in his own land.

IN SPORTING TERMS.

Visitor—In their desire to win popularity your village churches appear to be having a keen race. Villager—Yes, it is a sort of steeplechase.

A New York judge has decided that a hotel guest can give up his room to a friend and the hotel managers cannot eject the latter therefrom. This means that a guest owns the hotel quarters for which he has paid his dollars.

Cities that are trying the plan of running open street cars all winter are noting that there is not such a determined purpose on the part of the public to occupy the end seats when zero breezes are blowing.

FARMER'S BEST YEAR.

The year 1909 is reported to be "the best ever" for the farmers of the United States, the value of the season's farm products being well toward \$9,000,000,000. It is not surprising to learn that soil with the energy to raise such crops is also reported to be lifting the farm mortgages at a rapid rate.

Poet William Watson's statement regarding the original of his pen picture, "The Woman With the Serpent's Tongue," makes it seem probable that in starting on his present trip to America he did not buy a round trip ticket.

Quality counts. A majority record may serve as a stepping stone to the presidency or it may turn out to be a stumbling block. All of which is worthy of being dwelt upon just now by Boston's majority aspirants.

A FELLOW FEELING.

The man who reads the "funny column" And keeps his face serene and solemn, You may be sure is not the one Who's ever tried to write "for fun." For if he had he'd know how hard It is to make it by the yard; He'd find in every paragraph A something that would make him laugh.

No doubt the Michigan furniture factory that is making a new chair for President Taft will be perfectly willing to trade it even for the old one that has been doing duty in the White House.

Citizens of the rural districts of Arkansas are reported to be so prosperous that they will not accept positions as postmasters in fourth class offices. They would rather be men of wealth than men of letters.

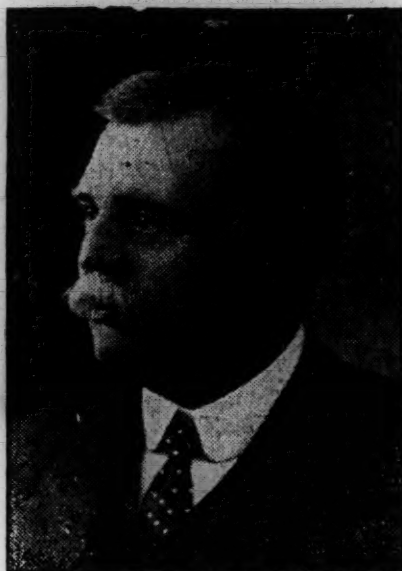
Because of the switchmen's strike on the railroads of the Northwest, the congestion of freight along the lines has so tangled up business that it is hard for agents to tell which is switch.

SCORES NAMING OF ASSESSORS

The Good Government Association's publication, City Affairs, in today's issue criticizes the appointment and confirmation of the two new members of the board of assessors, saying:

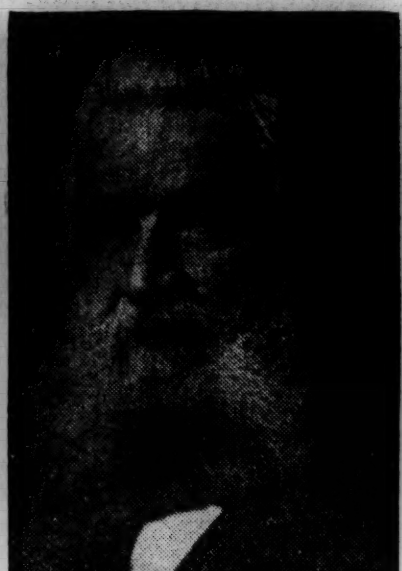
"The recent confirmation of two assessors by the board of aldermen will result in an increased expense to the city of \$8000 per year without substantial gain. For this the mayor primarily and Alderman Brand secondarily deserve the gratitude of the taxpayers."

Prominent Men in Masonic Meeting Today



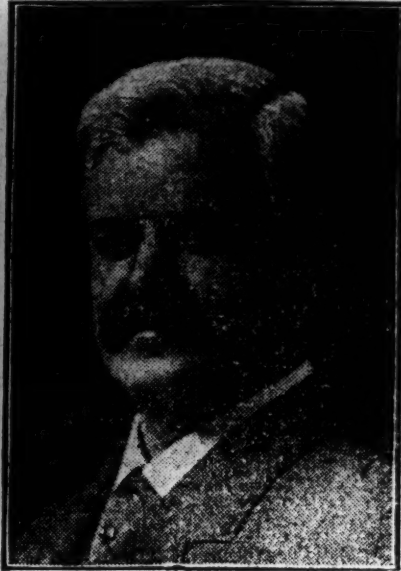
DANA J. FLANDERS.

Grand master of Grand lodge of Massachusetts Masons, slated for re-election today.



GEN. SAMUEL C. LAWRENCE.

Chosen as trustee of funds at Tuesday's convocation of Grand Royal Arch chapter.



CHARLES DANA BURRAGE.

Elected grand high priest of the Masonic Grand Royal Arch chapter of Massachusetts.

PROMINENT MASONS OF THE GRAND LODGE VISIT BOSTON TODAY

Annual Meeting Will Be Opened at 2 O'Clock This Afternoon for Election of New Officers.

MANY REPORTS DUE

A large number of the leading Masons of the state are in session at the annual meeting of the grand lodge of Massachusetts, which commenced at 2 o'clock this afternoon in Masonic Temple.

The principal business to be taken up will be the annual election of officers. Grand Master Dana J. Flanders will be re-elected to that office. Among other business will be the reading of various reports by about half a dozen committees.

Clarence A. Brodeur of Westfield is unopposed for senior grand warden. Worshipful Walter F. Medding of Malden and Worshipful James L. Sherman of New Bedford are candidates for junior grand warden.

The question of a memorial to Sereno D. Nickerson may be reached, but it is (Continued on Page Five, Column One.)

CAUSES OF RADICAL CHANGES IN POLICY OF MUNICIPALITIES

Voters in Massachusetts Reverse the License Situation and Overturn Many Political Regimes.

ANALYSIS OF RESULT

The increasing activity of the Chamber of Commerce was shown by a meeting of the retail merchants of the organization to form a retail trade board similar to those in New York, Cleveland and Buffalo, held at the chamber beginning at 2 p. m. today.

The purpose of this board is to advance the interests of those members of the Boston Chamber of Commerce who are engaged in retail trade, to bring about a closer relation between them and to secure concerted action on their part to improve existing conditions.

The retail trade board will have officers and a governing board of its own and be a distinctive organization within the Chamber of Commerce, although it will be subject to the approval of the directors in matters of general concern.

POLITICAL ENGINEERING TALK. James MacKay '05 gave the second of a series of lectures on "Political Engineering" at Harvard at 4:30 p. m. (Continued on Page Four, Column One.)

Lowell Ends Y. M. C. A. Campaign Successfully



CAPT. EDGAR G. HOLT.

Leader of team 7 of the business men's committee in the Lawrence Y. M. C. A. campaign.

The Lowell Y. M. C. A. new building fund campaign ended successfully today when it was reported that the total amount subscribed was \$173,503 or \$23,503 more than the required amount.

The Lawrence Justices have raised to date \$133,745.

Subscriptions to the amount of \$6950 were announced at the meeting of the Lawrence workers' Tuesday evening, the business men's committee leading with \$5186. Team 7 of this committee, captained by Edgar G. Holt, made one of the best reports of the day.

A number of Chairmen of Lawrence and Andover banded together and collected \$152 in subscriptions for the Lawrence Y. M. C. A. fund. This sum was turned over to the committee Tuesday as a testimony of the help derived by these men from the association.

President R. A. Selden of the Lawrence Y. M. C. A. has been devoting his efforts for many weeks to the work of the present campaign, and believes today that the \$150,000 necessary to construct the new building will be pledged by the time the solicitors assemble to make their final reports tonight.

Dr. D. E. Yarnell, general secretary of the Lowell Y. M. C. A., is today making arrangements with the board of directors of the association for the administration of the building fund. He also plans to visit Y. M. C. A. buildings of recent construction in neighboring cities to study their equipment.

BOSTONIANS' VISIT PLEASES CHICAGO

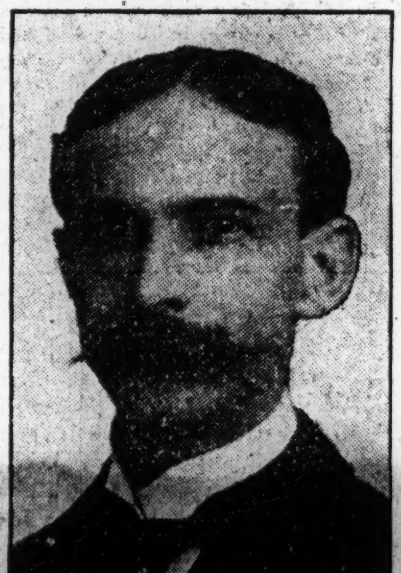
CHICAGO—A possible result of the visit to Chicago of the delegation from the Boston Chamber of Commerce may be the organization of a national commercial association, composed of the leading civic organizations of the principal cities, and combining their forces in working for the settlement of national problems.

The direct result has been the reestablishment of friendship between Boston and Chicago. At the great banquet in the Congress hotel, R. C. Hall as toastmaster put into words the thoughts of many when he declared that the visit and the banquet would likely result in a council chamber at which representatives of all great cities could discuss matters of national importance.

DECEMBER PEACE SUNDAY PLANNED

Peace Sunday will be observed Dec. 19. It will be an occasion when sermons will be preached upon international arbitration, conciliation and peace. The American Peace Society, through its auxiliaries and branches throughout the country, promotes the observance of the day by furnishing literature to ministers.

STRUCK SCHOONER PROCEEDS. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass.—The schooner Mary L. Crosby, which had all her headgear swept off Tuesday night in a collision with the schooner Ella L. Fenwick, today shipped a temporary bowsprit preparatory to proceeding to New York. The Crosby had a cargo of dressed stone from Stonington, Me.



DR. D. E. YARNELL.

General secretary of the Lowell Y. M. C. A., who is looking forward to increasing activity.

LIGHT FOR ATHOL WITHOUT CHARGE

ATHOL, Mass.—It is announced that the Athol Gas & Electric Company will give the town all-night electric street lighting up to Jan. 1. The gift was the outcome of a petition to the selectmen on the part of business men who believe that the town should be lighted all night.

The selectmen made inquiry in regard to the cost, but as they had no money for this service it looked as if the matter would have to be dropped, until the company volunteered to meet the wish of the merchants without charge. The selectmen have signed an all-night contract, to go into effect Jan. 1.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE FILES FIRST BATCH OF COUNCIL PAPERS

Great Care Taken in the Obtaining of Signatures—Duplications on Separate Lists Will Not Count.

KEEPING MAYOR IN

The first batch of signatures on the nomination papers of the Citizens Municipal League city council slate were filed with the election commissioners shortly before noon today and William C. Free, assistant secretary of the league, who filed the signatures, declared that things were looking very bright and that a sufficient number of signatures would be attached to the nomination papers of the league candidates to assure their all getting upon the official ballot. Two thousand names were filed this forenoon and Mr. Free said he expected to file another 2000 before night.

James J. Storrow clubs are to be established this evening in wards 20 and 25. In the former ward the members of the Republican ward committee are the principal movers in the organization, and in the second mentioned ward Republican leaders are prominent in the move. The ward 20 club will have headquarters at Field's Corner, while in ward 25 the club rooms will be at the corner of Linden and Cambridge streets.

It is expected that the Republican ward organization in ward 20, of which Guy A. Ham is the leader, will declare for Mr. Storrow this evening, although up to date Mr. Ham has not gone on record as favorable to the Municipal League candidate.

The matter of endorsing a candidate was taken up at a recent meeting of the ward committee and left to a subcommittee of four, all of whom, it is understood, are favorable to Mr. Storrow. The fact that Chairman Guy A. Ham has failed to go on record up to the present time has caused the other members of the committee to go ahead with the Storrow movement without consulting him or taking his attitude into consideration.

It is stated by Secretary James Henderson of the ward committee that but three members of the committee have failed to identify themselves with the Storrow movement up to the present time, and it is expected that these will get into line shortly.

Congressman John A. Keliher is expected to return from Washington tomorrow in order to be present at the opening of the ward 6 Storrow Club tomorrow evening. Although Congressman Keliher is a resident of ward 9, the ward 6 men have named him as the president of their Storrow Club.

It was reported at the Storrow headquarters today that the ward 14 Republican committee has declared for Mr. Storrow.

The first big meeting of the Storrow campaign is now being arranged for the evening of Dec. 18, the day after the closing time for filing the nomination papers. This meeting will be held at Tremont Temple and will take the form of a ratification meeting.

The supporters of Mr. Fitzgerald are said to be working night and day to retain Mayor Hibbard in the race to increase Mr. Fitzgerald's chances of going back to the big arm chair in the mayor's office.

BOSTON GREET TREASURY CHIEF

Secretary MacVeagh Confers With Port Collector Curtis and Tonight Will Address the Bankers.

Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, is spending the day in Boston, principally at the federal building, with Edwin U. Curtis, who is soon to be collector of the port.

Mr. MacVeagh will speak this evening at the annual dinner of the Massachusetts Bankers' Association at the Hotel Somerset. Among the guests will also be Gov. Eben S. Draper, the Hon. George E. Roberts, president of the Commercial Bank, Chicago, and Samuel J. Elder.

AMERICAN WEDS PEER'S SON.

LONDON—In St. Peter's church today, before an audience of political and society notables, Miss Caroline de Billier, daughter of Frederick de Billier of New York, was married to the Hon. Victor Gibson, son and heir of Lord Ashborne, an Irish peer.

MAYOR PROMPTS THE COUNCIL.

Mayor Hibbard today sent a letter to members of the common council urging them to be present Thursday evening. Transfer orders amounting to \$130,000 are awaiting its action, so that city business may proceed.

CHANCELLOR DAY IS HERE.

Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse University is visiting the Massachusetts Institute of Technology today, accompanied by Lyman C. Smith and Prof. Paul C. Nugent, also of Syracuse.

MR. TAFT REPORTED ABOUT TO DENOUNCE BALLINGER CRITICS

Declared That Forthcoming Message on Conservation Will Officially Exonerate Secretary of Interior.

WILL BE OUT SOON

Authoritatively Stated That He Has a Sweeping Denial of Glavis' Charges in the Alaska Coal Cases.

WASHINGTON—A second official exoneration of Secretary of the Interior R. A. Ballinger, it is authoritatively reported, will be the main subject matter of the forthcoming special message on conservation, which President Taft promised in his annual message.

The President has secured the promise of Speaker Cannon and Senator Aldrich that all attempts to procure an investigation of the Cunningham coal cases and the general land office, will be held up until after the special message has been received.

The President's special message will, so it is said, go into the so-called Pughot-Ballinger controversy and the Glavis charges fully. The volumes of matter collected by Mr. Ballinger will be presented as supplemental documents and Attorney-General Wickersham's report on the legality of Secretary Ballinger's action, in which the secretary is exonerated from misconduct in the Alaskan coal claims, will be the basis for a strong paragraph denouncing the secretary's critics.

The second portion of the message, it is said, will deal with the Taft-Ballinger program of conservation and make recommendations along the line of those in Secretary Ballinger's annual report.

The conservatives in Congress today with the reflection that the two great policies upon which President Taft dwelt particularly in his speeches through the West—conservation and the amendment of the interstate commerce law—were omitted from the message Tuesday, are beginning to think that perhaps the worst is yet to come.

It has been learned that these two subjects were pruned from the Taft annual message upon the advice of the cabinet for consideration in special messages. Tuesday the Taft cabinet met at the White House and for about three hours, it is understood, pondered over those vexing questions. The result of the conference none of the cabinet would divulge, but it is generally believed that special messages on conservation and interstate commerce may contain some Rooseveltian flavor.

The messages, as well as a presidential communication on the troublesome Nicaraguan situation, will probably not leave the White House before the first of the year. Their formulation is giving the cabinet considerable trouble.

Mr. Cannon has given it out straight from the shoulder that he'll not stand for the passage of any postal savings bank bill until Senator Aldrich says the word and Mr. Aldrich asserts that he'll not say a word until the report of the monetary commission shall have been prepared, which will probably not be this session.

If the insurgents can get a postal bank bill before the House in any form this winter they argue that a big majority of the members will be obliged to vote for it and against Speaker Cannon or place themselves on the opposite side of the fence from the President and the Republican platform.

From now on Victor Murdock and his faithful insurgents will "lie low" for a chance to spring the trap.

LUDLOW STRIKERS STILL UNDECIDED

Meeting to Consider Proposition of the State Board of Arbitration Is Continued by Workers Today.

LUDLOW, Mass.—No decision was reached on the plan proposed by the state board of arbitration regarding the Ludlow strike at a prolonged session of the Polish strikers here Tuesday.

The mass meeting of the strikers, which was in continuous session practically all day, brought out the fact that there is wide difference of opinion on the question of accepting the state board's recommendations.

There will be another meeting of the strikers today at which it is expected that a decision, either accepting or rejecting the plan to return to work will be reached.

An agent from the Webster Woolen Mills who declined to give his name, has been here investigating labor conditions. He said that he had much experience in handling foreign labor, and that he liked the appearance of the Ludlow Poles very much. He said he could use 600 of them in Webster at higher wages than is being paid by the Ludlow Associates.

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

Aeronaut Successful in Cross Country Flight

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—The Hon. C. S. Rolls, one of the most enthusiastic of aeronauts, has just succeeded in accomplishing a most successful cross-country flight on his Wright biplane. Before the advent of the aeroplane Mr. Rolls was constantly in the air navigating his own or some one else's balloon, and on certainly one occasion he accomplished a very fine feat when he informed some friends that he intended to arrive at their house by balloon, and so accurate were his calculations and arrangements, that he alighted on the lawn in front of the house at just about the time he had specified.

Mr. Rolls' latest exploit was to start from the Aero Club's flying ground at Shellbeach, Isle of Sheppey, with the intention of alighting on the new aviation grounds at Stone Pits Farm, some three or four miles distant. The start was made unexpectedly, and without the knowledge of the other members of the club, who promptly instituted a search for him. The aeroplane was eventually discovered some distance away reposing in a meadow, where Mr. Rolls had alighted owing to some slight defect in the mechanism. As soon as this had been rectified, the aviator started again and reached his destination without any further trouble.

M. Paulhan is evidently not satisfied with his great accomplishment, when he soared to a height of 1200 feet. He is now reported to have attained an altitude, calculated by officers present, to be between 1050 and 2000 feet, a few days after his former performance. Having done this, M. Paulhan then proceeded to surpass the great flight of the Comte de Lambert, who flew from Juvisy to Paris, by flying from the Chalons Camp to the town of Chalons at a speed of about 40 miles an hour. It is reported that the distance covered was about 32 miles with a brisk breeze blowing at the time, and when over Chalons the aviator soared to a height of 750 feet.

From Geneva comes the report that a flying machine which has been termed a ski-plane has been manufactured at Morges close to Lausanne on the lake of Geneva. This aeroplane has been specially constructed so as to glide over the snow before rising into the air. The aeroplane is fitted with long skis, and weighs 500 pounds including the weight of the aviator.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.
AMERICAN MUSIC HALL—Vaudeville.
BOSTON—The Circus Man.
CASTLE SQUARE—The Taming of the Shrew.
COLONIAL—The Young Turk.
GLOBE—The City.
HOLLIS STREET—Detective Sparks.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—Deborah of Todd's.
PARK—A Gentleman from Mississippi.
TREMONT—Such a Little Queen.
Boston Opera House.
WEDNESDAY, 8 p. m.—Madame Butterfly.
THURSDAY, 7:30 p. m.—Lola Fuller's Ballet of Lights, followed by "Don Pasquale."
FRIDAY, 8 p. m.—"Rigoletto."
SATURDAY, 8 p. m.—Madame Butterfly.
SUNDAY, 3 p. m.—Operatic concert.
Boston Concerts.
WEDNESDAY—Chickering Hall, 8:15 p. m.—song recital, Bertha Wesselloff Swift, assisted by Edith Swift.
THURSDAY—Chickering Hall, 8 p. m.—piano recital; first appearance of William A. Becker.
FRIDAY—Fenway Court, 4 p. m.—first matinee of Kneisel Quartet.

NEW YORK.
ACADEMY—"Sham."
AMERICAN—Vaudeville.
ASTOR—"Seven Days."
BELASCO—"A Matrimony a Failure."
BROADWAY—"The Midnight Sons."
CASINO—"The Girl and the Wizard."
COLONIAL—Vaudeville.
COMEDY—"The Melting Pot."
CRITERION—"Israel."
DAILY—"The Belle of Brittany."
EMPIRE—"A Constant George."
GAIETY—"The Fortune Hunter."
GARFIELD—"The Harvest Moon."
HACKETT—"Septimus."
HAMMERSTEIN'S—Vaudeville.
HERALD SQUARE—"Old Dutch."
HIPPODROME—Spectacles.
IRVING PLACE—Dramas and operettas in German.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S, Fifth Avenue—Vaudeville.
KNICKERBOCKER—"The Dollar Prince."
LIBERTY—"Springtime."
MAJESTIC—"Mr. Chocolate Soldier"; matinee, "Divorce."
LYCEUM—"Arsene Lupin."
MAJESTIC—"Mr. Lode of Coal."
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE—Grand Opera.
Wednesday evening, "Faust."
Friday evening, "Tannhauser."
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE—Grand Opera.
Wednesday evening, "Tristan und Isolde."
Thursday evening, "La Gioconda."
Friday evening, "Trovatore."
MAXINE ELLIOTT—"The Passing of the Third Floor Back."
NEW AMSTERDAM—"The Silver Star."
NEW THEATRE—Repertoire and opera.
Wednesday afternoon, "The Cottage in the Air."
Wednesday evening, "Strife."
NEW YORK—"The Man Who Owns Broadway."
SAVOY—"The Awakening of Helena Richie."
WALLACK'S—"The Fourth Estate."
WEBER—"The Climax."
WEST END—Harry Lauder's Company.

CHICAGO.
AMERICAN—Vaudeville.
AUDITORIUM—"The Virginian."
CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE—"Mrs. X."
COLONIAL—"The Air King."
CORT—"The Kiss of the Girl."
GARRICK—"The Yankee Girl."
GRAND OPERA—"A Little Brother of the Rich."
GREAT NORTHERN—"The Witching Hour."
HILTON—"The Fire of Fate."
LA SALLE—"The Flirting Princess."
MAJESTIC—"The Virginian."
OLYMPIA—"A Matinee Idol."
PARK—"The Next of Kin."
PERSIAN—"The Goddess of Liberty."
STUBBINS—"These Are My People."
WHITNEY—"They Love a Lasso."



HUBERT LATHAM.
In his now famous monoplane, the "Antoinette."

tor, and is propelled by a 20-horsepower motor.

M. Latham has been the first aviator to convey him to a house in the country on a visit to some friends. During the aviation week at Rheims, it is said, that one of the flying-men carried a friend

in a direct line across the ground and put him down not far from the station, thus enabling him to catch a train which he would otherwise have missed; but, M. Latham has, it is reported, flown a distance of 30 kilometers in half an hour carrying his gun and necessary accessories, in order to be present at a shooting party to which he had been invited.

LONDON LETTER

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—Lord Minto, the Viceroy of India, was accorded an enthusiastic welcome at Mysore not many days ago by the crowds of people waiting to see him on his arrival. A banquet was held in the evening at which the Maharajah paid a glowing tribute to Lord Minto's able administration, expressing also a hope that, thanks to the government in giving educated Indians greater representation in the national councils, the tide had turned. In reply to the speech of the Maharajah, Lord Minto acknowledged the support he had received from his highness, as well as the precautionary legislation he had adopted in Mysore in spite of opposition, and his determination to prohibit misguided doctrines among the people.

SKATING RINK OPENED AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE

Yet another skating rink has been opened for the season. Roller skating has assumed great popularity, if we may judge from the number of rinks that are open at the moment in London. The last to open its doors is, however, at the Crystal Palace, where almost the whole of the south nave has again been turned into the Crystal Palace Roller skating Rink. The asphalt surface is of the very best description, and it is expected that a large number of people will avail themselves of the opportunity of enjoying this form of amusement amid the pleasant surroundings of the "Palace" on Sydenham Hill. Several fancy-dress carnivals, which were a great success last winter, will be held after Christmas, and it is expected that there will be keen competition for the numerous prizes which will be awarded.

THE REV. DR. EDMOND WARRE APPOINTED PROVOST OF ETON

Less than 30 miles from London, Windsor and Eton never fail to attract those from across the water who are on a visit to England, and in this connection it is interesting to note that the Rev. Dr. Edmond Warre has been ap-

pointed provost of Eton. Dr. Warre himself went to Eton when a boy, in 1849, where he remained five years. In 1860 Dr. Goodford, the then head master, asked Dr. Warre to return to Eton as assistant master. This he did, and from that moment until 1905 he retained his connection with the college—a period of 45 years. He was appointed head master in 1884, a position which he held for 21 years—a longer period than any of his predecessors. He resigned the head mastership in 1905, and the news of his present appointment as provost of Eton has been received with the greatest satisfaction.

SOUTH LONDON ELEVATED ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPLETE

Alterations have been in progress some considerable time whereby the journey between London Bridge and Victoria will be considerably shortened. A system of overhead conductors has been fitted whereby the electric trains employed are supplied with power. The work is now complete, and this new departure of the Brighton railway came into operation on Dec. 1. There are five platforms at each station to which the seven lines fitted with the overhead construction will have access.

The time taken by the existing steam trains between these two stations will be reduced by 12 minutes. The overhead conductors convey the current to the trains at a pressure of 6000 volts; but such careful precautions are taken that it is impossible for any person to come into contact with the current at this pressure. At the repairing shops electric capstans and traveling cranes are fitted; one of them being arranged in such a manner that a motor coach can be lifted off the truck and another complete motor truck substituted for it within 40 minutes. It will be interesting to see whether this system will be extended in the future, for it goes without saying that the advantages of electrically driven trains are numerous, by no means the least being the absence of smoke and smuts.

CAPITAL OF CANADA HAS NEW RAILROAD ROUTE TO THE EAST

OTTAWA, Ont.—The arrival in Ottawa this week of the first passenger train over the newly constructed Canadian Northern Ontario railway brought a new era in transportation facilities to the capital of Canada. This route adds one more big link to the east and Atlantic seaboard connection.

Owing to a recent order of the railway commission the C. N. R. has been forced to build a temporary station to the south of Hurdman's road, as the order prohibited them coming over the road on the level. It is probable that a subway will be built in the near future to permit of the line running into Central station. The C. N. R. has also opened an uptown office in the Russell house block, 30 Sparks street, in charge of S. J. Montgomery, city freight and passenger agent. John Leyden is station and freight agent.

There will be two passenger trains each day leaving Ottawa at 8 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. and two to arrive at 6:10 p. m. and 9:45 a. m.

THOUSAND YEARS A DUCHY

ROUEN, France.—The municipal council of Rouen has decided to organize for 1911 a celebration to commemorate the one thousandth anniversary of the creation of the duchy of Normandy. It was in 911 that the treaty of Saint-Clair-sur-Epte was signed by Charles the Simple and Rollo, Duke of Normandy, which completed the negotiations to this end.

FRANCE PROMISED AN AIRSHIP FLEET

PARIS—The relative practicability of dirigible balloons and aeroplanes as war units in the future is the theme of discussion following a letter from Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, senator and president of the parliamentary group favoring international arbitration, to General Brun, minister of war, calling attention to the fact that France is far behind other countries in the development of military aeronautics.

The minister of war has outlined to the cabinet his tentative plans, and in so doing he said that the dirigibles would be augmented so that, in 1911, France would have "a satisfactory fleet." It is the intention also to establish a school for pilots.

MR. TAFT'S WORD PLEASES LONDON

LONDON—So much editorial space is filled with domestic politics that little comment is made on President Taft's message. Its brevity and moderation is remarked upon.

Mr. Taft's special knowledge of foreign questions is held to account for so much space being devoted to external affairs. The Morning Post says the expectation that under the guidance of President Taft the United States will play a more active part in the international sphere is justified by the message.

AMERICANS DINE WITH KAISER

BERLIN—Prof. John W. Burgess of Columbia University, New York, and Mrs. Burgess, have dined with the Kaiser in the new palace at Potsdam.

OVER TWO MILLION POUNDS TO DEEPEN CALEDONIAN CANAL

Engineers' Estimate Filed With Royal Commission on Canals and Waterways—Depth of 30 Feet.

NATION PROSPEROUS

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—A proposal is now being put forward by the Caledonian Canal Development Association for enlarging the canal to a depth of 30 feet, with 16 locks 600 feet long and 80 feet wide, at a cost estimated at £2,200,000, as detailed in the engineering evidence submitted to the royal commission on canals and waterways. If it should be found desirable still further to deepen the canal say to 36 feet, this, they state, could be done at reasonable cost, the conditions being favorable for further excavation. According to the Times, the following are among the arguments advanced in favor of the scheme.

1. The existing canal is the property of the nation, and is an asset which it is the interest of the state to maintain and develop, so as to make it capable of being utilized to the fullest advantage.

2. The greater part of the route being a wide, natural waterway, and the actual canal length not exceeding 23 miles, vessels proceeding through the canal would be able to steam at full speed for the greater part of the way, with abundance of room to pass, and with modern appliances little time would be lost in passing through the locks.

3. The summit level of the enlarged canal being a lake 10 miles in length, amply supplied with water, no difficulty would be found in the driest seasons in keeping the canal full of water.

4. At both ends of the canal there is safe anchorage for vessels of the largest size.

5. For commercial purposes the canal would be most useful, providing an alternative route to that through the remote and stormy Pentland Firth. The regular shipping lines which at present use the Pentland Firth route carry 3,500,000 tons per annum. An equal tonnage borne by tramp vessels may safely be added, making a total of 7,000,000 tons. From careful inquiry made among shipowners it is estimated that about three quarters of this amount, or 5,250,000 tons dead weight, equal to about 2,500,000 tons net register, would use the canal if moderate duties were levied.

6. Owing to the moderate cost of extension it is estimated that the canal could be made to pay the cost of maintenance and interest on capital (slightly over 3 per cent) without charging anything approaching the dues spoken of in connection with other schemes. It is not proposed to alter the rates on such vessels as can now use the Caledonian canal, and the rates suggested for larger vessels vary from 8d. a ton up to 400 tons register to 3d. a ton over 2000 tons register. It is submitted that a ship canal by this route would possess great national advantages, both strategic and commercial, and it is for the purpose of urging the scheme on the government in the interest of the national safety that the Caledonian Canal Development Association has been formed.

DOCK COSTING TEN MILLION DOLLARS IS OPENED AT SWANSEA

(Special to The Monitor.)
LONDON—Having cost the sum of 2,000,000 sterling and enclosing a water area of 67½ acres, with available space for extension to 104 acres, the new King's dock has just been opened by the chairman of the Harbour trustees, Sir Griffith Thomas.

Since the trade of Swansea is double what it was when the construction of the present new dock was undertaken, it is probable that the extension will be undertaken in the near future.

The length of the dock is 4800 feet, and it is 1240 feet wide, which will therefore admit the largest vessels afloat. The quay space is 13,520 feet.

At a luncheon given after the opening ceremony it was pointed out that in 1870 exports and imports were 1,500,000 tons, and that last year they had risen to nearly 6,000,000 tons.

A telegram was sent to the King notifying him of the formal opening of the dock for traffic, of which the first ad was cut by King Edward and Queen Alexandra on July 20, 1904.

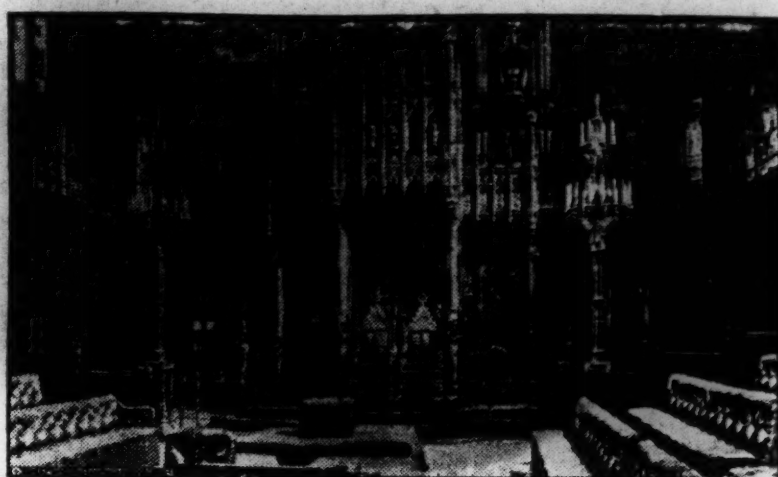
WILL BANQUET KITCHENER

(Special to The Monitor.)
MELBOURNE—The commonwealth authorities are arranging a national banquet in honor of Lord Kitchener to be held in Parliament House in January.

RUSSIFICATION OF FINNS

(Special to The Monitor.)
ST. PETERSBURG—The czar has resolved to appoint a special committee to arrange for the colonization of the far east. The particular aim of the committee will be to establish Russian settlers on lands along the Amur railway.

"Lords Determined Swansong Shall Remain Historic"



HOUSE OF LORDS.

Wool sack is seen in the foreground; throne in the background.

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—If the Lords are to go under they are determined that their swansong shall remain a historic one. Night after night, while the peeresses sit on the gallery floor, and the elect crowd every point of vantage, the combatants hurl rhetorical javelins at one another across the floor. The vote was to have been taken on the 25th, but the torrent of eloquence overflowed the banks, and the decision was deferred until the 30th.

There can be no doubt at all but that the peers have proved that in whatever else they may be lacking it is not in debating power. The speeches have, indeed, been of an extraordinary high average. Lord Ribblesdale gave his support to the government in one of those detached and singularly distinguished utterances which make him always a pleasure to listen to. His description of the chancellor of the exchequer as a mixture of a pantomime and a highwayman convulsed even the government benches, while the parenthesis in which he expressed the pious opinion that Lord Lansdowne would remain a Whig and Mr. Balfour a free trader at heart, in spite of all their public utterances, was even more happy. There was a great attendance, on the 23d, to hear Lord Cromer criticize the government for introducing the budget and the Lords for their determination to reject it. The famous pro-consul was listened to with marked attention and he spoke with his usual ability. At the same time the position of the Unionist free traders is an almost impossible one. They are endeavoring to paddle their respective canoes without being wrecked on the Scylla of tariff reform or the Charybdis of socialism. And as a certain liberal paper said, in discussing the matter, with al-

most brutal frankness, "There are no cross-benches in the polling booths."

It was on Tuesday that Lord Cromer spoke and on Wednesday he was followed by Lord Roseberry. Every new speech the ex-premier delivers serves to make plainer the reason for his splendid isolation. A radical journalist dubs him the "Mr. Winkle" of politics, and there is something more than a jest in the sobriquet. Lord Roseberry, like "Mr. Winkle," is always just going to begin. At Glasgow, before a vast audience of business men, he declared that the budget ought not to pass. In the House of Lords, before a greater audience even, he declined to take the responsibility of voting for the only means of preventing it passing. No wonder that the Times prints an amusing letter signed "The Cat in the Adage," in which the writer congratulates himself on so brilliant a re-act to his hereditary policy of "letting 'I dare not' wait upon 'I would.'" Lord Newton, who spoke on the following night, and who spoke with genuine humor, quoting, as he said, from a British classic, described Lord Roseberry's tactics as follows, "Ruin stared me in the face. I took a desperate resolution. I left my home early one morning with one suit of clothes on my back and another tied up in a bundle under my arm. I arrived on the cliff, opened my bundle, deposited the suit of clothes on the very verge of the precipice, took one look down into the yawning gulf beneath me and—walked off in the opposite direction."

Very different from the tone of Lord Newton was the gravity of the note struck by Lord Balfour of Burleigh. A kinsman of the leader of the opposition, a former member of the Unionist cabinet, a man of deep experience in political affairs, he pointed out to the peers, the hopelessness, in his opinion, of their cause. "My lords," he said, "in this battle you will win or you will lose. If you win, your victory will be temporary. If you lose, your usefulness and prestige are at an end." Then he turned to criticize the guides who were leading the House into a trap set for them by their enemies. The pretensions of the tariff reformers he swept contemptuously aside. "If," he said, "they would tell him how 13 to 15 millions of revenue could be raised by any of their systems he would promise to give it earnest and grateful consideration. If they would explain, in addition, how they were going to get that revenue by taxing the foreigner, he would be still more grateful." Failing that, he concluded, he would be driven to adopt the

AMERICAN WOULD IMPROVE TRAFFIC IN FRENCH CAPITAL

(Special to The Monitor.)

PARIS—William Phillips Eno, who has done so much to improve street traffic in New York, has come to France with the determination to do likewise for the Parisians. "Ten years ago," he writes in the Matin, "I began to turn my attention to the question of traffic. Things were to say the least—as bad with us as with you."

"I knew, like many others, that London is considered a model city in this respect. I went there to study conditions. I observed that, while there was much good in their systems, it would hardly do for us or for you. I say 'for you' because our two temperaments are very much alike."

"Returning to New York I undertook the solution of the problem and after 10 years of effort I succeeded in codifying all my observations in a form comprehensible to cabbies and chauffeurs. Do not believe that these reforms were accepted any more easily over there than they will be here."

"I will not enter into the detail of the application of these rules. It is a technical question, only interesting to professionals and only known to the public by the favorable results. I have already spoken to the prefect of police here, to M. Joltrain, the inspector of traffic and M. Benard, the inspector of automobiles. We shall persevere and my hope is that here as in New York and London it will not be without result."

M. Lepine, the prefect of police, has consented to give a trial to the system. One of the most noticeable innovations from the Parisian's point of view will be the appearance on crowded thoroughfares of mounted police.

M. Lepine will not undertake to revolutionize the traffic all at once. The application of Mr. Eno's system will be tried first on the rue de la Paix—the street of fashionable shops—and in the rue du Bac, one of the most congested thoroughfares on the left bank of the Seine.

RUSSIAN COLONIZATION SCHEME

(Special to The Monitor.)
ST. PETERSBURG—The cabinet with the consent of the czar has resolved to appoint a special committee to arrange for the colonization of the far east. The particular aim of the committee will be to establish Russian settlers on lands along the Amur railway.

RAYMOND AND WHITCOMB'S TOURS

ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES INCLUDED.
Parties under SPECIAL ESCORT will leave Boston December 14, January 4, 13 and 25, in elegant trains of vestibuled Pullman cars for TOURS THROUGH

California
Tours through

Old Mexico

February 3 and 24.

Oriental Lands

Tour, January 4.

Florida and Nassau

Tours, January 12 and 26.

Railroad and Steamship Tickets to all points.
Send for descriptive book, mentioning trip desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO.

208 Washington St., near Old South Church, Boston.

225 Fifth Ave., N. Y., 1005 Chestnut St., Philadelphia

The Stetson Coal Co.

Family Trade a Specialty
Clean Coal. Prompt Delivery

COAL

OF ALL KINDS.

LOWEST MARKET PRICES

Wharf and Main Office

490 First St., So. Boston. Tel. S. B. 333

BOSTON OFFICE, 44 Kilby St.

Telephone Main 823

ASK FOR BOSTON WRITING

Papers and envelopes.
Dainty and attractive. Sold everywhere.

BOSTON 57 Franklin Street.

WEDDING INVITATIONS AND CALLING CARDS

W.B. Clarke Co. 26 and 28 TREMONT ST.

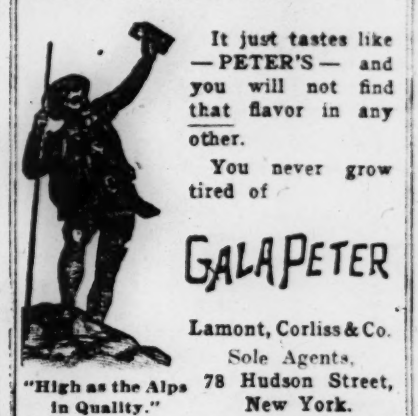
course of the negro, who when told by the missionary that in this life there were only two roads, one leading to death and the other to damnation, replied, "In dat case, dis nigger will hab to take to de wood."

PETER'S

THE ORIGINAL
Milk Chocolate

"The World's Favorite."

No other maker has caught the indescribable blend that makes PETER'S lead the world.



Lamont, Corliss & Co.
Sole Agents,
78 Hudson Street,
New York.

Afterwell to
24 Winter
is
recognized
as
Headquarters
for
Holiday
Gifts

EMBLEMS and SILVER

at

J. C. Derby Co.'s

CONCORD, N. H.

A Postal brings

a catalogue

A DOLLAR For You

if you send in the most acceptable photograph for the Boys' and Girls' Page of The Monitor among those received each week. This offer is to its young readers. For the second best photograph 50 cents will be paid.

The Monitor

Wants Pictures

of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. Blue prints are not available.

You Can Earn

More Money...

by writing a descriptive story of not over 200 words to go with the photograph submitted. In any case put a title on the picture. Write your name and address plainly, and enclose stamps if you wish photograph returned.

Forward to "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass., Falmouth and St. Paul Streets.

Gold Beads

are never out of fashion. Their simplicity, yet rich effect, make them of service for any occasion, and of use for a lifetime. Prices \$1.50 up.

SMITH PATTERSON CO.

Wholesale and Retail, 55 Summer St., Boston.

Leading Events in Athletic World

COACH SHORTER AND CAPTAIN VEEDER ARE PLEASED WITH SQUAD

Princeton Varsity Basketball Team Expects to Make One of the Best Showings This Season.

INTERCLASS GAMES

PRINCETON, N. J.—This season promises to be one of the most successful in the history of Princeton University basketball history. The season opened last Saturday with a victory over the strong Pratt Institute five, coach and captain being much pleased over the showing made. To the call for candidates 60 men reported, many more than in any previous year and showing that the sport is gaining in popularity here. These men are practicing each night under the direction of Coach Shorter and Captain Veeder. The team has been fortunate in being able to get the services of its last year's coach again this year. He is a good player himself and by playing on the second team now and then adds greatly to the speed of the practice games.

The policy this year has been light work for each man and every man to get a good trial. From now on the practices will be on a regular schedule. On Monday and Thursday nights a scrimmage and basket practice, on Tuesdays signal drill, and games on Wednesday and Saturday. A strict course of training is insisted on and each man on the squad is under the direction of Trainer Val Flood. In this way the men will not be handicapped by lack of endurance as has been the case in former years.

The material available this year is exceptionally good. With three of last year's regular men back and one substitute, it was hard to choose the men for the open positions. Captain Veeder and Warner fill their old positions as guards and form a strong defense. Hughes, last year's center, is back and playing a good game while White and Felt, the forwards, are sophomores who have shown up well. They are fast men and good shots and will balance up the team. Last year's team was rather weak in having forwards who were not fast enough for the guards. Carter was one of last year's first substitutes forwards; he and Heath, a sophomore, are being used to relieve White and Felt.

The schedule this year consists of 13 games, nine of them in Princeton. The team plays the Crescent Athletic Club today, then on Dec. 11 Manhattan College; Dec. 15, Orange A. C.; Dec. 18, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; Dec. 22, New York University at New York; Jan. 7, Columbia at New York; Jan. 12, C. C. at New York; Jan. 15, Columbia at Princeton; Jan. 19, Yale at New Haven; Feb. 15, Pennsylvania, and Feb. 22, Yale at Princeton. This will be a hard schedule and will keep them busy.

The victory Saturday over Pratt came as a surprise to many as the team has been keeping quiet, but working hard. Last year at the first of the season the five was rather badly beaten and this year the men intend to surprise some of the teams that come down prepared to repeat last year's showing. Although the team beat Yale twice last year, the season was not very satisfactory and starting this year with the advantages of having a good coach, a thing that was lacking the early part of last year, they should make this a record year for Princeton.

In order to encourage and develop material both for this year and next a series of intercollegiate basketball games has been gotten up. These prove very popular and afford an opportunity for men to get out and play who would not otherwise do so. Captain Veeder is an energetic and hard-working captain.

MICHIGAN HAS ONE OPEN DATE

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—After scheduling Minnesota, Pennsylvania, Syracuse, Ohio State, Case and Notre Dame, Michigan has one open date on her football schedule for next year. Chicago, Wisconsin and Dartmouth are possible candidates for this open day. So far as can be learned as yet, none of these three have been approached on the subject, but the probability is that Director Barthelme will not look elsewhere for Michigan's remaining opponent. All three have open dates coinciding with Michigan's vacancy.

Undergraduate sentiment is for scheduling one of the big conference teams, rather than an eastern team. The student body is inclined to think that even though Michigan conquers in the East, she fails really to establish her place in the football world. On the other hand, in defeating her western neighbors the effect is decisive and her position undisputed. It is thought that Coach Stagg of Chicago is not seriously opposed to the scheduling of a game between Michigan and Chicago.

BRIGHTON TO HAVE SOCCER TEAM

Plans were completed at a meeting of soccer football enthusiasts in Brighton Tuesday night for forming a team to take the place of the old Riverdale of Brighton. The new eleven will be known as the Brighton Rangers, and will be entered in the Williamson challenge cup-tie series.

ADOPTS SCHEDULE FOR THIS SEASON

Boston High School Basketball League Plays Opening Games in a Few Days—Good Program.

The games between Charlestown high and Brighton high, and Mechanic Arts and Boston Latin schools on Dec. 16, will open the series in the Boston High School Basketball League. The four teams in these two battles are in divisions X and Y, the former being made up of Dorchester, Charlestown, East Boston, Brighton and High School of Commerce, while Y division is composed of South Boston, Roxbury, Mechanic Arts, Boston Latin and West Roxbury. It will be decided later by the school committee whether or not the winners of these two divisions will meet in a championship contest after the regular season has closed.

The championship last season in X division was won by East Boston high, while the Y honors were taken by Boston Latin. Coach Frederick L. O'Brien of the East Boston high will have hard work before him to capture another championship, for the only veteran that is back is James Maguire.

Coleman Conley is the only veteran at Dorchester. Kennedy and La Roche are candidates for the team and ought to make regular positions, being on last year's second squad.

The largest squad in the history of the sport at Commercial high has reported as candidates this season. The captain will probably be either Edward Cunningham or Joseph Norton.

The chances of the Brighton team this season are good, as nearly all of last year's men are back. Frederick J. O'Brien, the newly appointed coach, called out the candidates for the first time Tuesday.

Joseph Redding is coaching the Charlestown team and also the South Boston high in the other division.

John Fish has been appointed temporary captain of Boston Latin until Captain Charles Withington catches up in his studies.

O'Donnell is coaching West Roxbury and Mechanic Arts teams, the former school reporting that Russell is their only veteran.

Peter Cannon and Ostergren, the two star players of last season's team, are back in school and improve the chances of Roxbury high under the coaching of Frederick L. O'Brien.

At a meeting Tuesday the league adopted the following schedule for the season:

X DIVISION.
Dec. 16, Charlestown at Brighton; 17, Boston Latin at East Boston; 21, East Boston at Dorchester; 22, Brighton at Commercial; 23, Charlestown at Brighton; 27, Commercial at Dorchester; 12, Charlestown at Dorchester; 14, Brighton at East Boston; 20, Charlestown at East Boston; 21, Commercial at Dorchester; 25, Brighton at Charlestown; 27, East Boston at Commercial; 28, Roxbury at South Boston.
Y DIVISION.
Dec. 16, Mechanic Arts at Boston Latin; 21, Boston Latin at West Roxbury; 22, West Roxbury at Mechanic Arts; 23, Charlestown at Brighton; 27, Commercial at Dorchester; 12, Charlestown at Dorchester; 14, Brighton at East Boston; 20, Charlestown at East Boston; 21, Commercial at Dorchester; 25, Brighton at Charlestown; 27, East Boston at Commercial; 28, Roxbury at South Boston.
Feb. 1, South Boston at Roxbury; 4, Mechanic Arts at West Roxbury; 8, West Roxbury at South Boston; 10, Boston Latin at Roxbury High; 15, Boston Latin at West Roxbury; 17, Roxbury High at Mechanic Arts; 23, West Roxbury at Roxbury High; 24, Mechanic Arts at South Boston.

TEAMS MAY MEET IN BASKETBALL

ANNAPOLIS, Md.—Annapolis and West Point will in all probability settle the question of basketball supremacy this season. Arrangements are under way to bring the teams together at West Point on Feb. 22. The naval academy's team is anxious to meet the West Point squad and it looks as though the authorities would sanction a game.

Earl Wilson will not play with the naval team. Wilson was the cleverest player in the academy and his loss will be a severe one, although Coach Lush believes there is excellent material in the squad this year.

MACHIE TO MANAGE TUFTS TEAM

MEDFORD—Elmer I. MacPhee of Winchester has been elected manager of the Tufts football team. He was chosen at the semi-annual meeting of the Tufts Athletic Association in the Goddard gymnasium. MacPhee has been first assistant manager and manager of the second team and was a member of last season's baseball squad. Robert M. Lowe of Rockport was chosen first assistant manager. Track Manager Walter F. Gray and Capt. Leslie Swartz were elected representatives to the New England Intercollegiate Athletic Association.

THOMAS AGAIN TO COACH PENN.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Roy Thomas, the Boston National League outfielder, has been engaged to coach the University of Pennsylvania baseball team for three more years.

SIGN FOR ANOTHER SEASON.
DETROIT, Mich.—Outfielder McIntyre and Catcher Beckendorf have signed with the Detroit American League Baseball Club for another season.

ROCHESTER TEAM BUYS BLAIR.
NEW YORK—The New York American league club has sold Catcher Blair to the Rochester team of the Eastern league.

Has Fine Field of Veterans From Which to Select Fast Varsity Basketball Team



CAPT. F. A. BRADY, 1910. Dartmouth varsity basketball team.

DARTMOUTH HAS MANY VETERANS

Ex-Captain Lang Assisting Captain Brady at Coaching and May Be Selected Permanently.

HANOVER, N. H.—The outlook for a strong basketball team at Dartmouth College this year is the most promising in some time, as there are among the candidates one captain, two ex-captains and two veterans of quality in Mullen and Ryan. This college has always stood well up among the leaders in this winter sport, and an even better standing than heretofore is expected in 1910.

The call for the candidates has been issued by Captain Brady and some 20 men are trying for positions on the team. Just now the squad is in charge of the captain, who is being assisted by ex-Captain Lang. It is expected that a coach will be named shortly, and Lang is being prominently mentioned for the position. Until the coach is named, these two men will have entire charge of the preliminary training.

The athletic board has approved the schedule, which consists of 10 games and includes the leading college teams of the country. The dates as given out are as follows:

Jan. 11, Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Hanover; 15, Cornell at Hanover; 22, Williams at Hanover; 29, Wesleyan at Hanover.
Feb. 12, Yale at Springfield; 19, Pennsylvania at Hanover; 21, Wesleyan at Middletown; 25, Syracuse at Hanover.
March 2, Williams at Williamstown; 3, Syracuse at Syracuse.
Of the candidates that have reported the following are the most promising:
J. H. Dingle '10, John Ryan '11, E. E. Mendenhall '12, C. E. Gibson '10, A. B. Richmond '12, B. A. Hoban '12, D. W. Jones '12, W. T. Jones '12, C. W. Orr '12, H. S. Pierce '11, R. E. Whitney '12, H. S. Harmon '12, J. E. McPherson '10, H. A. Mullen '11, J. J. Conroy '11, W. F. Kimball '11, W. F. Hart '11, B. S. McCarthy '11, and A. A. Ricker '10.

MANY AUTO RACES PLANNED IN WEST

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—The management of the Indianapolis motor speedway has announced that five automobile racing meets and one aviation meet will be held at the speedway next year. The schedule follows:

May 27, 28 and 30, automobile races.
July 1, 2 and 4, automobile and balloon races, the international balloon race to be held July 4.
July 25, aviation meet for foreign and American aviators.
Aug. 12 and 13, automobile races.
Twenty-four hour race to be held Aug. 13.
Sept. 3 and 5, automobile races.
Oct. 7 and 8, automobile races.

SHELLENS ASSISTANT MANAGER

PHILADELPHIA—P. L. Shellen has been elected assistant manager of the University of Pennsylvania football team for next year by the football committee, which is composed of J. W. Mims, William N. Morice, H. W. Scarlett, Captain Miller and Manager Cheston. Shellen is a sophomore in the arts department and a member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity. He is a brother of Richard Shellen, winner of the Rhodes scholarship. Shellen's home is in New London and he prepared for college at the Norwich Academy.

CYCLISTS STILL AHEAD OF RECORD

Work of Germain Wins Back Lost Lap for His Team and Forces the Riders to a New Mark.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, NEW YORK—Eleven miles ahead of the record and pedaling hard in the effort to gain a commanding lead, the nine leaders in the six-day race continue to circle the wooden saucer at the garden in a manner that indicates a new record at the end of the week.

Rutt, Clarke, Germain and Carapezza did most of the pace-making during Tuesday afternoon, and they set the others a terrific pace.

Germain continued his sprinting during the night. His wild dashes won him the favor of the crowd. It was he who started practically every sprint, but he was not always the leader when they slowed up. Each of his sprints brought fresh partners on the track.

Once Germain's great burst of speed met with the desired result. After several failures he succeeded in regaining one of the laps he had lost in the race. His success brought forth a tremendous roar of approval from the throng. Ten minutes later he made another try, but this time he lacked sufficient speed to steal a lap.

Shortly before 2 o'clock there was a 10-minute sprint, in which the Galvin-Keegan team lost one lap.

STANDING AT END OF 6TH HOUR.

M.	L.
Rutt and Stoll	1202 9
McFarland and Clark	1202 9
Lawson and Demaree	1202 9
Walthour and Collins	1202 9
Rout and Fugler	1202 9
Mitten and West	1202 9
Cameron and Krebs	1202 9
Halsford and Lawrence	1202 9
Pye and Behr	1202 9
Anderson and Vauion	1202 8
Galvin and Keegan	1202 8
Hill and Stoll	1202 8
Georget and Georget	1202 8
Germain and Carapezza	1202 5

WISCONSIN MAY MEET WASHINGTON

MADISON, Wis.—When it was announced that Manager Zednick of the University of Washington crews was trying to arrange for a race on Mendota lake, near Madison, Wis., between the crews of Washington, Wisconsin and "some eastern institution" there was conjecture about which eastern university might be meant.

It appears that Princeton is the one in the middle and far westerners would like to meet. How this is to be accomplished, in view of the recent statement from Princeton that intercollegiate rowing was not to be entered into in the immediate future, is not explained from Seattle.

Manager Zednick has heard from Wisconsin, however, and the terms of the answer given by the rowing folks are encouraging. The hint apparently was made by Washington that this regatta might replace the Poughkeepsie competition for Wisconsin.

The Wisconsin reply is in part: "Your letter proposing a double or triple regatta on Lake Mendota next spring is indeed interesting to us. If such a regatta could be financed Wisconsin would enter it most heartily."

"The writer has always thought that the distance was prohibitive in the matter of expense, but you do not seem to know what you think it would cost to bring the Washington crew to Madison? I am not at all sure what attitude would be here regarding this regatta as a substitute for Poughkeepsie."

"I do not believe that the addition of Princeton would lend enough interest to the race to justify almost doubling the expense."

CARNEGIE POOL OPENED TONIGHT

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The opening event of the Yale University swimming season in the new Carnegie pool will be a swimming carnival and exhibition meet between the teams of Princeton and Yale this evening.

In addition to the regular intercollegiate events, which are the 200-yard relay, 50-yard swim, 100-yard swim, fancy diving, 220-yard swim, plunge, the finals of 50 and 100-yard novice university championships and an obstacle race will be held. The 1907 intercollegiate water polo champions will play an exhibition game with the university team, who are the present holders of that title.

O. M. Reid, 1906 L., has donated some cups for the novice races.

There is a great need and opening for plungers on this year's swimming team and all those who have had any experience are being urged to report to Coach Swartz.

C. G. WILLIAMS FOR SECRETARY

CHICAGO—Charles G. Williams, treasurer of the Chicago National League club, may be the next secretary of the National League. So busy have been the magnates discussing the election of a president that the office of secretary practically has been overlooked. Williams has not come out as a candidate for the position, but it is said here that President Heydler favors him, and that he will be the first choice if Heydler is reelected.

NO BETTER CHRISTMAS

Present could a man ask for than one of our "Benjamin" Dress Waistcoats. Correct in style and the right price. Richardson's, 388 Washington St.

HARVARD AND YALE PRESIDENTS MEET TO TALK ATHLETICS

Revision of Present Football Rules Chief Topic—Walter Camp and Percy Haughton Present.

WILL ACT TOGETHER

Arthur T. Hadley, president of Yale University, and A. L. Lowell, president of Harvard, met at Mr. Lowell's home in Cambridge Tuesday afternoon in what was probably the first athletic conference ever held between presidents of these two universities. President Hadley was accompanied by Walter Camp, athletic adviser of Yale and the leading member of the football rules committee, while President Lowell had Head Coach Percy D. Haughton of the Harvard varsity football team associated with him as a Harvard representative.

The conference was the result of the demand on the part of both universities for a change in the present football rules and while this was the chief topic of discussion, the question of the future athletic relations of these two big colleges was considered in general. No information has been given out as to just what the result of the conference was and it is not likely that any statement will be made until definite action has been taken.

That Harvard and Yale will formulate some new football rules irrespective of what the rules committee or Intercollegiate Athletic Association do is certain. These colleges have never followed the others in the making of rules except when they believed in the changes proposed by those other bodies. They were the first to take up the present game, Mr. Camp being the father of it, and both agree that they are fully competent to make new rules that will not only preserve the game much as it is today, but will be of such a nature that the other colleges will be glad to accept them.

It is a notable fact that the presidents of both these universities believe that the game of football should not be abolished, at least not until every possible effort has been made to change the rules as to eliminate the present undesirable features, and both seem confident that such a change can be made.

Another question which is to be settled by these men is the date for the annual Thames regatta in June or July. Yale has moved her commencement exercises ahead a week and is desirous of having the annual crew races move forward the same, whereas Harvard is desirous of having them come at the same time as in former years. There is little question but what a satisfactory agreement will soon be reached between the two.

BROWN WILL NOT HAVE HOCKEY.
PROVIDENCE—Brown University will not be represented on the ice this season owing to the fact that the athletic association will not sanction a hockey team. Many students were interested in the formation of a team and were anxious to revive the sport, going so far as to elect Maxwell Krause manager and Lawrence S. Walker captain. It is expected that an independent seven will be formed and that some of the games already scheduled will be played.

AWARD BOSTON LATIN INSIGNIA

The following players have been awarded the Boston Latin school football letter: Ayer, Tate, O'Hare, Pendergast, Burnett, Madden, Hersey, Gorman, Logan, Temple, Halligan, Hanlon, Colby, Van Etten, Murray, Higgins, White and Sexton. The last named, although he never played in a game, was awarded the insignia for faithful attendance at practice for four years.

WAGNER AND CLARKE SIGN

PITTSBURG—The Pittsburgh ball club's terms for next year have been accepted by Hans Wagner and Frederick Clarke. This official announcement was made here when an attempt was made to bring forth the annual retirement story connecting the names of these stars.

MELICK ELECTED CAPTAIN

PRINCETON, N. J.—At a meeting of the men who represented Princeton in the annual intercollegiate cross-country run at Brookline, on Nov. 5, Ulysses Grant Melick, 1911, of Trenton, N. J., was elected captain of next year's cross-country team.

RATIONAL GOLF

By Jason Rogers.

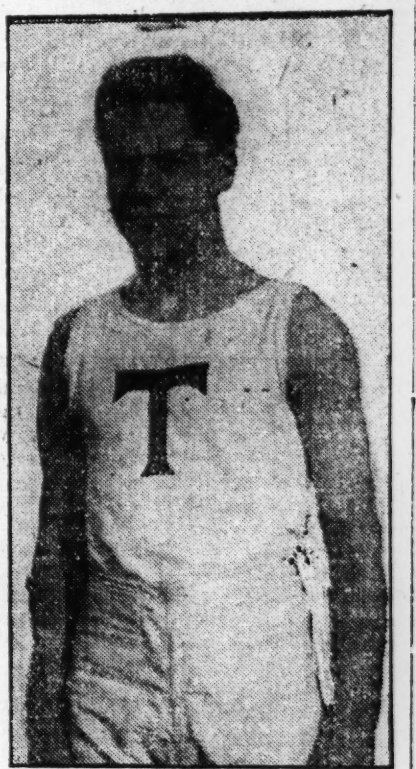
One of the most important shots in the game of golf is the short approach to the green. Some prefer to run the ball up with mid-iron or jigger, while others almost invariably depend upon the pitched mashie shot. In order to be prepared for any emergency the golfer should keep both kinds of shots under his command. Personally, I like the air line shot best for ordinary conditions, for there are so many less chances of the ball being swerved from its course. It is true that an occasional side kick may upset calculations, but not half as many times as with a shot depending on a longer roll along the ground.

If sure of getting your ball up cleanly every time, the pitched mashie shot is only a matter of calculation as to distance of carry, the effect of back spin and the distance it will roll when it comes to earth. It is the prettiest shot in the game to watch, to see the ball start away as if it was going to travel yards beyond the mark, and yet come to earth and stop as if it had a cord tied to it, and then gently trickle up close to the pin.

I well remember my first impressions of the shot when I watched Douglas and Travis in the first class game I ever saw played. Every time Travis hit the ball on his approach shot it seemed to me as if he was yards over the green.

WATKINS CHOSEN TECH CAPTAIN

H. G. Watkins '12 of Wakefield is the Technology varsity cross-country captain for next year. Watkins is now known at the institute as one of the fastest distance runners at the college. He had never donned a running suit until last spring but since that time his progress has been remarkable. At the spring meet he took both the mile and the two-mile events from H. H. Howland who



H. G. WATKINS, 1912. Technology cross country captain.

was then known as the fastest distance runner at the college and in the mile run in the New England intercollegiate meet finished second to Colbath of Bowdoin after a contest from the start. In the same meet he finished fourth in the two mile.

This year so far he has repeated his successes. In the fall handicap meet the two-mile went to him and in the mile he landed second place to Van Alstine '11 who held a handicap of 35 yards over him. He was the first man at the tape in the dual cross-country race between Harvard and Tech over the course from Highland station beating out Paul Withington of Harvard by over 400 yards, and in the intercollegiate run finished ninth out of 70 starters.

PECCAR DANCING COSTUMES

Isadora Duncan's dancing-class pupils, in Paris, go back and forth dressed in Grecian costume, with streaming hair, short skirts, socks, sandals and ample togas. They are the object of much attention and people wonder how it is they never have holes in their stockings. We know. They wear Holeproof Hose, guaranteed 6 months against holes, rips, and tearing. You can buy them at TAILBOTS', 305 Washington St., 6 pairs for \$1.50.

Give thought today to your Library

Plan your library on the Globe-Wernicke Unit System—to fit books you now have—to accommodate those you will have.

This G-W Bookcase, Mission style, quartered oak, only \$26.25. In other styles, as low as \$11.75.

Globe-Wernicke

Elastic Bookcases

are sold at uniform prices by 1500 authorized agencies, freight prepaid east of Mont. Wyo., Colo. and N. Mex., or shipped direct from factory.

See that the Globe-Wernicke trademark is on the inside of each unit you buy. It is our pledge of quality—your protection against inferiority—your assurance of being able to obtain duplicates at any future time.

Write Dept. M today for illustrated catalogue.

The Globe-Wernicke Co., Cincinnati, U. S. A.

Gift-Giving

Our display of Holiday Goods—things for Men and Boys—adds a splendid dash of color to the adornment of our Store just now.

It is most attractive and suggestive. You'll find the question of what to give him answered here for you a hundred times. A visit to our Store tells the story.

Browning King & Company

CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS,
409 TO 411 WASHINGTON ST.,
BOSTON.

Diaries and
Calendars

W.B.ClarkeCo
26&28 TremontSt

Picture Puzzles
and Trays

W.B.ClarkeCo
26&28 TremontSt

MAGAZINES W.B.ClarkeCo
Current Numbers
and Subscriptions 26&28 TremontSt

Causes of Radical Changes in Cities

(Continued from Page One.)

license—Fall River, Gloucester, Marlboro and New Bedford—have rarely voted no-license for more than a single year. Haverhill, which has gone no-license this year, he says, is in the midst of the first year of a new regime under a revised charter, and the majority for no-license was not quite expected by all.

"The gain in Brockton," Mr. Noon said, "is quite significant, for in that city there has been the only successful fight in this state against interstate express liquor sales, and the traffic has been defeated on every hand by the city government, the city solicitor taking a prominent part. The increased no-license majority shows that the people uphold that government."

Mr. Noon stated further that the change from no-license to license in Marlboro is attributed to the attitude of the citizens toward law enforcement of the liquor traffic by the town authorities.

During the past year, Mr. Noon explained, the authorities have enforced the interstate law governing the liquor express business with much laxity and many voters have concluded that it is better for the town to have license and have the liquor brought into the town legally.

The new national law prohibiting interstate traffic in liquor except under the strictest restrictions, which goes into effect the 1st of January, 1910, is thought by Mr. Noon to have had considerable to do with the results of the elections thus far, since it is evidently the last chance breweries and wholesale liquor sellers will have to ship their products across state lines to no-license communities without incurring heavy penalties.

"The recent election shows a reaction which inevitably comes after a strong no-license sentiment such as has prevailed in eastern Massachusetts during the past few years," said Mr. Noon. "The no-license forces are more vigorous than ever and look for good results in future."

Fall River and Haverhill have a two-year majority term and the contests there were over minor offices.

Of the 12 mayors chosen, seven are Democrats, two of them, however, running without that designation. They are Mayor O'Connell of Fitchburg, who appeared on the ballot as an Independent, and Charles S. Ashley of New Bedford, who was designated as Citizen. It means a gain of four for the Democracy.

The cities shifting from Republican to Democratic were Brockton, Marlboro, Springfield and New Bedford, while those which had Democratic mayors re-elected them where they were candidates, in Pittsfield and Quincy.

BROCKTON—William H. Clifford, Independent and Democrat, was elected mayor of the city over C. Chester Eaton, Republican, by a plurality of 212. It is the first overturn to Democracy since 1897.

The city, as was expected, is again in the no-license column. With the exception of 1898, there has been no vote in

Result of Municipal Elections

License Vote of Fourteen Cities.

	1909.	1908.	Yea.	No.	Yea.	No.
Brockton	No.	No.	3646	5488	3935	5301
Fall River	Yes.	No.	8316	6158	6995	7418
Fitchburg	Yes.	Yes.	2749	2467	2761	2214
Gloucester	Yes.	No.	2161	1945	1942	2147
Haverhill	No.	Yes.	3296	3706	3816	3390
Lawrence	Yes.	Yes.	6139	3292	5931	3788
Marlboro	Yes.	No.	1833	1367	1364	1064
New Bedford	Yes.	No.	5735	3394	4946	5152
Northampton	Yes.	Yes.	1490	1312	1544	1322
Pittsfield	Yes.	Yes.	2775	2357	2630	2371
Quincy	No.	No.	1199	3262	1282	3470
Springfield	Yes.	Yes.	6138	4054	7349	5060
Taunton	Yes.	Yes.	2799	2527	3065	2893
Waltham	No.	No.	1603	2905	1494	2759

favor of license for 15 years. The people have become quite settled in their views that no-license is for the best interest of the city. The vote in 1898 gave a majority of but 13 in favor of license; the following year there was a majority of 2132 against it, and it has varied from 1500 to 2000 ever since. This year the majority against it is 1844.

FALL RIVER—There was no mayoral contest this year, and the chief feature was the reversal of the city's vote on license, only one ward voting "no." The Democrats gained two aldermen-at-large in wards 3 and 5, and lost in ward 1. On the other hand, Republican candidates for school committee were elected by large majorities.

The people of this city today are busily engaged in analyzing the vote on the license question to discover why it has changed from a "no" majority of 423 last year to one of 2148 in favor at this time. The city is quite cosmopolitan and has a large foreign vote and this in part accounts for the situation. The action of the foreigners under no-license in a manner reacts on the rest of the people.

There seems to be quite a little feeling of dissatisfaction among many people as to the effect no-license has had upon the city. Conditions have grown out of it, such as the nuisance "across the line" at Tiverton, that have caused many to think that the city is better under license than without it.

FITCHBURG—Mayor M. Fred O'Connell was re-elected with a plurality of 159. Last year he had 130 plurality. Mayor O'Connell's party ticket elected four of the six aldermen. In the aldermen there are three new men.

GLOUCESTER—Mayor Henry H. Parsons was re-elected for a third term by a vote of 2387 to 1807 for his opponent, ex-Mayor George E. McDonald. Two members of the old board of aldermen, Isaac Patch and George E. Merchant, were re-elected, and the other two members—elect are C. Homer Barrett and Edwin C. McIntire.

The license question, which was one of the most stubbornly contested fights in the election, was emphatically an advertising campaign, both sides using the

columns of the local press and other literature in presenting their claims, while both sides held rallies.

The city went "no" last year after 11 years of license. Some of the factors which resulted in a "no" vote last year were missing this year, notably the dissatisfaction with the action of the license commissioners in locating two saloons near the railroad station in the face of strong opposition. The argument that the city needed the license money was offset by the "no" supporters with the fact that the city debt had been decreased more last year than in any previous year.

HAVERHILL—The commission government of this city, after one year's trial, during which many innovations were instituted, was indorsed by a decisive election of two of the members, Joseph W. Bean and Ubert A. Killam.

The victory for no-license came as a complete surprise to the people of Haverhill, even the no-license people having no hope that they would win except possibly by a very small majority. The victory is regarded throughout the city as an eleventh hour one, due to several causes that became operative just before the election.

The voters had rather lost confidence in the license commissioners, through easy-going methods in conducting their official duties. Last Sunday two large rallies were held in city hall, at which many persons were turned away for lack of room.

Guy Ham of Boston spoke eloquently, and the local workers brought up local issues and spoke to such effect that public opinion was surprisingly affected at the last moment and the vote for no-license resulted.

LAWRENCE—Mayor William P. White, Republican, was re-elected by a greatly reduced plurality compared with last year. He won then by 2543 and this year by 498. Democratic aldermen were elected in all wards but Ward 6, where William Moss, Jr., Republican, won by a small majority. Patrick Lyons, Democrat, was elected superintendent of streets in a triangular contest, defeating Chester E. Hudson, Republican, and Paul Hamagan, Independent.

MARLBORO—John J. Shaughnessy,

Democrat and Citizens candidate, was elected. The reelection of Mayor Henry Parsons, Republican, was prevented by Theodore Temple, who succeeded in carrying wards 2 and 7. The turning over of the city to license is said to have been caused by the activity of the interstate express.

Although license carried the city by a plurality of 2088, this margin is smaller than last year's and advocates of no-license are much encouraged at the showing. The main cause of such gratification is the fact that the largest number of votes was cast yesterday that has been polled in the history of local municipal elections. This is regarded as evidence that increased interest is taken in the movement for no-license.

NEW BEDFORD—Charles S. Ashley was elected for the thirteenth time as the candidate of the Citizens party ticket, defeating ex-Mayor Thomas Thompson. Mayor Ashley carried with him three aldermen and 15 councilmen. The city turned from no-license to license by a majority of about 3000.

The vote for license is regarded here as a return to the normal sentiment of this cosmopolitan manufacturing city, attributable to dissatisfaction with existing conditions and the preference of the majority of voters for the open saloon. Last year the no-license vote was the result of peculiar conditions, including a desire to rebuke the liquor interests for interfering in the city's political affairs. The return to license is regarded as a natural expression of the will of the majority of New Bedford voters, who believe that the liquor traffic can best be governed under the license system.

QUINCY—Mayor William T. Shea, Democrat, was re-elected by a plurality of 914, defeating Walter F. Nichols, Republican. The Republicans elected their candidates for councilman-at-large, school committee-at-large and ward councilmen, except those in ward 4 and one in ward 3.

Quincy went no-license by a plurality of 2143, and has been no-license for the past 22 years, a tribute to the zeal of Henry Faxon. The plurality of Mayor Shea was 914, the largest plurality ever given a third-term candidate. The city also voted to accept the firemen's pension act, by a majority of 841. There was quite a spirited contest over councilman-at-large. Councilmen Gilson and Hadlock, who were defeated for the nomination at the caucuses, ran on nomination papers, but failed of election.

SPRINGFIELD—Mayor William E. Sanderson was defeated for a fourth term by Edward H. Lathrop, Democrat, overturning the ordinary Republican plurality of about 1500. Alderman Chamberlain, Republican, was re-elected in a three-cornered contest with A. R. Greene, Democrat, and F. E. Stacy, Independent. The referendum extending the terms of the mayor and the city treasurer to two years, to take effect after the next city election, were adopted by large majorities.

The license advocates have maintained for some time that liquor could be secured here with as great ease as when legally sold, and that the town was losing the benefit of the license fees. This is said to be the main reason for the change from "no" to "yes." The campaign has been an exciting one in every particular.

WALTHAM, Mass.—Mayor Edward A. Walker, Republican, was re-elected for a third term yesterday. He defeated Representative Patrick J. Duane, Democrat, by a vote of 2387 to 2288, a majority of 99. For the tenth consecutive year the city voted for no-license. The majority of 1302 was the largest ever recorded in Waltham. In ward 1 Patrick J. Dowd, Democrat, defeated Charles N. Broderick, Republican, 400 to 384, for ward alderman. His election increases the number of Democratic members of the board to five.

The voting was the closest in the city for years. The Democrats had a strong organization in every ward and worked in harmony with the city committee. A large party vote was polled. The Republicans were equally active with automobiles and carriages. Patrick J. Duane, the defeated Democratic candidate for mayor, has been elected four times as representative in a Republican stronghold and has a large personal following. On the other hand, Mayor Walker's term of two years has been characterized as conservative and impartial. Mr. Duane's contention in regard to unjust and unequal taxation interested many voters and was one of the principal causes of the closeness of the vote.

Patrick J. Dowd's victory was largely due to personal popularity. In ward 2 Grafton E. Kerwin, an independent candidate for alderman, was defeated by 19 votes.

NORTHAMPTON—Calvin Coolidge, Republican, defeated the Democratic candidate for mayor, Harry E. Bicknell, by a majority of 187 votes. The Republicans will have four of the seven aldermen and 15 of the 21 councilmen in the city council of 1910.

PITTSFIELD—Mayor William H. MacInnis, Democrat, was re-elected mayor of Pittsfield for the third term today by a majority of 442 over Harry D. Sisson. Democrats elected five out of seven aldermen and four out of eight councilmen.

TAUNTON—Judge William Woods, nominee of the Citizens' caucus under the new charter, was elected over Mayor Edgar L. Crossman, who was seeking his third term, by 31 votes.

CHRISTMAS CARDS W.B. Clarke Co 26 & 28 Tremont St.

RIVER AND HARBOR CONGRESS STARTED IN CAPITAL TODAY

WASHINGTON—The sixth annual convention of the national rivers and harbors congress, which opened here today, promises to be the largest assemblage of representative men interested in the development of waterways ever held in this country. The convention will declare for a broad and comprehensive policy of waterway development.

In a judicial speech opening the convention President Taft took a position of vantage on the fence regarding the organization's platform for a bond issue for waterways improvements.

He announced himself in favor of securing a declaration from Congress for improvements of the Mississippi, Missouri and Ohio rivers as outlined by the army engineers, and the beginning of work on the projects with appropriations from the current national revenue, leaving the question of a bond issue for a later time.

All projects which have the sanction of the army engineers, and some which are in the formative period, have representatives already on the ground.

President Randall opened the convention with a review of the waterway situation in the United States.

President Taft addressed the convention on the needs of waterways.

President J. E. Ransdell of the national rivers and harbors congress, outlining the work before the convention spoke in part as follows:

"We must make the people who elect the congressmen and the state legislatures understand that water transportation is much cheaper than rail for heavy, low class, bulky articles.

"We must make them understand that a well improved system of canals and rivers with standard depths along our seaboard and interior would furnish admirable facilities for moving freight and prevent the congestion which caused such heavy losses three years ago and threatens to recur.

"We must teach them that most of the terminals on the watercourses are owned by one or more railroads and used for selfish interest with scant regard for the public welfare.

"This situation will be changed as soon as the people demand it. It is the duty of the friends of waterways to see that the demand is made immediately and strongly. We must insure a comprehensive policy of improvement of the nation's waterways by annual appropriation of \$50,000,000 secured by an authorized bond issue of \$50,000,000 a year to be used only when the current revenues are not available. This is a financial program fully warranted by the magnitude of the interests involved.

"Let us protect our waterways from improper rail competition, with state and national laws to the end that this great natural resource may be used to assist in solving our transportation problems, the simplifying of which means increased growth and prosperity to every community in the nation. Those are the tasks before us."

President Ransdell declared that the railroad interests of the nation have treated the improvement of waterways with indifference and silence and he said he thought their position would strengthen the advocates of government ownership of the railroads, although he said he wished to go on record against government ownership of rail lines.

The address of Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, was largely an exhaustive resume of the development and maintenance of inland waterways of the German empire under the direction of the minister of public works. The count told the congress that he could not attempt to draw any lessons for the United States because of the wide variance of conditions existing in the two nations.

"It is interesting to point to the fact," declared the count, "that the number of vessels for inland navigation exceed the seagoing German vessels sixfold, and that their net tonnage is one and one half times greater and amounts to one third of the net tonnage of all the British seagoing ships registered by Lloyds in 1902."

"When one considers that the railways, in spite of the active inland navigation, have attained a favorable development, and that they are the most profitable in Prussia, where inland navigation is best developed, it is evident that a harmonious cooperation of waterways and railways is also profitable to the latter."

HAWAIIAN JUDGE RESIGNS HIS POST

HONOLULU—George Woodruff, United States district judge for the territory of Hawaii, today cabled his resignation to President Taft, saying that he had accepted a position with the Pocomantas Coal and Coke Company of West Virginia.

It is understood that the Hawaii Bar Association will indorse Alexander G. M. Robertson, a local lawyer, for the place made vacant by the resignation.

TRI-CITY ALUMNAE ORGANIZE. DAVENPORT, Ia.—An organization of the alumnae of the several women's colleges of the country and a branch of the National Association of the Alumnae of American Colleges has been formed in the three cities of Davenport, Ia., and Rock Island and Moline, Ill.

Second-Hand Books Bought W.B. Clarke Co 26 & 28 Tremont St.

Mason & Hamlin

The STRADIVARIUS of PLANOS

A few days ago the papers reported the sale of a Stradivarius violin for \$15,000.

The extraordinary value of these famous violins is due to the fact that they are the finest that have ever been produced, and their tone quality does not deteriorate with age.

The Mason & Hamlin is the Stradivarius of Planos.

1st. Because the world's authorities, both musical and scientific, proclaim it the finest piano the world has ever seen, and

2nd. Because the Mason & Hamlin System of Construction makes its tone quality permanent like that of a violin.

Whether an intending purchaser or not you are cordially invited to examine these pianos at our warerooms.

Catalogue Mailed on Application Old Pianos Taken in Exchange

MASON & HAMLIN CO.

Mason & Hamlin Bldg.
313 Fifth Ave.
NEW YORK

Mason & Hamlin Bldg.
492 Boylston St.
BOSTON

In Golden California

are many quaint bits of oriental life. On the way is that world-wonder, the

Grand Canyon of Arizona—

a mile deep, miles wide, painted in rainbow hues. A Pullman takes you to the rim, where stands El Tovar Hotel, like a country club—Fred Harvey management.

The California Limited

between Chicago—Kansas City and Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco. You will enjoy the Fred Harvey dining car service. This is the only Southern California train, via any line, exclusively for first-class travel. All others carry tourist sleepers and second-class passengers.

Let me give you our de luxe California Limited and Grand Canyon booklets. S. W. Manning, Gen. Agt. A. T. & S. F. Ry. 332 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

Established 1859.

50 Winter Street

Useful Holiday Gifts

Headquarters for

Kid Gloves..... 1.00 to 3.50	Black Petticoats..... 1.00 to 3.00
Fur lined Gloves..... 3.00 to 5.00	Sweaters..... 3.00 to 5.00
Fleece lined Gloves..... 1.25 to 1.75	Mink Muffs..... 16.50 to 75.00
Woolen Gloves..... 25c to 50c	Mink Collars..... 18.50 to 100.00
Silk Gloves..... 75c to 1.50	Marten Muffs..... 13.50 to 35.00
Neckwear..... 25c to 2.00	Marten Collars..... 13.50 to 40.00
Marabout Feather Boas..... 5.00 to 15.00	Black Fox Muffs..... 13.50 to 40.00
" " Muffs..... 10.00 to 13.50	Leather Bags..... 98c to 9.00
Ostrich Feather Boas..... 15.00 to 22.50	Holiday Jewelry (in boxes)..... 25c upward
Handkerchiefs..... 8 1/2c to 4.00	Hat Pins..... 25c to 1.50
Duchess Handkerchiefs..... 2.00 to 5.00	Hosiery..... 25c to 1.50
Lingerie Waists..... 2.00 to 10.00	Aprons..... 25c to 1.25
Silk Waists..... 3.00 to 10.00	
Silk Petticoats..... 4.00 to 5.00	

PROMPT ATTENTION TO MAIL ORDERS.

AN INEXPENSIVE BUT USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFT

The Victoria Fountain Pen

Ordinary Pens Can Be Used. No separate filler required. Does not blot. Does not leak. Guaranteed.

including 1 dozen writing pens, neatly put up in a box, for \$1.00 prepaid. Money refunded if unsatisfactory. Attractive proposition to dealers. Write us: BRADSHAW PEN CO., Cambridge Bldg., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Importers of Writing and Fountain Pens.

A \$100 Typewriter for 17 Cents a Day!

Please read the headline over again. Then its tremendous significance will dawn upon you.

An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the \$100 machine—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of business history—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter that is equipped with scores of such conveniences as "The Balance Shift," "The Ruling Device," "The Double Release," "The Locomotive Base," "The Automatic Spacer," "The Automatic Tabulator," "The Disappearing Indicator," "The Adjustable Paper Fingers," "The Scientific Condensed Keyboard"—all yours for 17 Cents a Day!

We announced this new sales plan recently, just to feel the pulse of the people. Simply a small cash payment—then 17 cents a day. That is the plan in a nutshell.

The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded.

The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations.

The majority of inquiries has come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition.

An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

A startling confirmation of our belief that the Era of Universal Typewriting is at hand.

A Quarter of a Million People are Making Money with The OLIVER Typewriter.

The Standard Visible Writer

The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker, right from the word "go." So easy to run that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Earn as you learn. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all above that is yours.

Wherever you are, there's work to be done and money to be made by using the Oliver. The business world is calling for Oliver operators. There are not enough to supply the demand. Their salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers.

"An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home!" That is our battle cry today. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home. The simplicity and strength of the Oliver make it for family use. It is becoming an important factor in the home training of young people. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. Will you close the door of your home or office on this remarkable Oliver opportunity? Write for further details of our easy plan and a free copy of the new Oliver catalog. Address The Oliver Typewriter Company 47-55 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Comforts at Moderate Prices

Examine this Rocker carefully. Note the heavy quartered oak frame, the reinforced construction, the fine finish and then try it. The comfort is complete. Its high back gives a support to head and shoulders.

Dimensions: Seat 21 in x 22 in, back, height 41 in. The cushion and seat is made of the best Spanish leather. Price

\$32.00

We pay freight to any point in New England on purchases of \$5.00 and over.

A. McArthur Co.
111-117 Washington St.
at Adams Square

Stoutly built rockers on true Arts and Crafts lines. Thoroughly bolted and braced. And what's more, very comfortable. Seats and backs are upholstered in red or green patterned leather. Quantity is limited.

\$6.49 Mission Rocker, \$4.49

This is a Boston store in size and methods, with Cambridge low rent prices. Over 900 rent is reckoned in cents per square yard, not dollars per square inch. Terms of payment adjusted to suit your satisfaction.

C.B. Moller Inc.
Lafayette Sq. Junction Mass. Ave. and Main Street Cambridge

News in Brief Gathered Today from Towns and Cities in Massachusetts

NEWTON.

The Newton Center Improvement Association will revive an old custom by holding "village night" this evening in Bray hall.

Mother Goose for the children will be one of the features of a Poinsettia bazaar today, in Central church.

The annual fair of the ladies of the Newton Methodist church will be held today.

There will be a reading tonight of "Enoch Arden," by the Rev. John Matteson, with the musical accompaniment rendered by Henry D. Wyeth at Players hall, West Newton.

CAMBRIDGE.

The members of the Rindge M. T. S. football team, the winners of the championship of the Intercollegiate Athletic League, will be given a complimentary dinner at the City Club Dec. 11 by the Rindge Alumni Association.

A meeting of the Mens Club of the North Avenue Baptist church is to be held in the church this evening. Three prominent speakers have been engaged.

At the public entertainment of the Y. W. C. A. in Gymnasium hall Thursday evening, S. Walter Foss will give readings from his own works.

WAKEFIELD.

At the annual meeting of H. M. Warren post 12, G. A. R., Charles F. Harts-horne was re-elected commander and other officers chosen as follows: Senior vice-commander, William D. Deadman; junior vice-commander, Charles B. Sturt; quartermaster, Needham C. Hunter; chaplain, the Rev. Charles H. Hickok.

The Young Ladies Debating Society of the high school will discuss the relative value of civil service examinations and party appointments tonight, the debaters being the Misses Frances Jackson, Molly Bridge, Ethel Crandall and Addie Hall.

WALTHAM.

George M. Boynton has been elected commander of Post 29, G. A. R.

The Waltham Veteran Firemen have elected Frank E. Stanley as president and re-elected as foreman, Bernard Harris.

PROMINENT MASONS VISIT BOSTON TODAY

(Continued from Page One.)

possible that it will go over for a few weeks.

Masonic brethren from all sections of the state are extending congratulations to Charles Dana Burrage of Needham who has been selected for most excellent grand high priest of the grand royal arch chapter of Massachusetts, Mr. Burrage succeeds Most Excellent Baalis Sanford in the chair and was chosen by a unanimous vote. He has occupied the position second in rank to Most Excellent Baalis Sanford for the past two years.

The concluding session of the grand convocation of the grand royal arch chapter was held Tuesday evening and this was the third session of the day held at Masonic Temple.

According to the returns as read there are in the 76 chapters of the state 21,460 members, a net gain in the year of 645.

Past Grand High Priest Hunt of the committee designated to report on the relations of the grand chapter to the Masonic home, recommended that \$1000 be donated by the grand body toward the equipment of the home at the discretion of the grand high priest. The report was accepted by a rising vote.

The election was presided over by Past Grand High Priest Hunt, who later conducted the installation, assisted by Joseph T. Paul as grand captain of the host. The officers, elective and appointive, are:

Charles Dana Burrage, Needham, M. E. G. H. P.; Warren P. Dudley, Cambridge, R. E. D. G. H. P.; George O. Sheldon, Wakefield, R. E. G. K.; Frederick H. Scott, Westfield, R. E. G. S.; Eugene A. Holton, Boston, R. E. G. T.; J. Gilman Waite, Medford, R. E. G. T.; Frank F. Cook, Winthrop, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. first district; Charles H. Preston, Danvers, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. second district; Lewis M. Withersell, Taunton, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. third district; Clifford B. Arnold, Whitinsville, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. fourth district; Edward J. Reece, Greenfield, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. fifth district; Robert W. Browning, Concord Junction, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. sixth district; Eben H. Cain, Hingham, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. seventh district; David T. Montague, Somerville, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. eighth district; Albert H. Martin, Franklin, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. ninth district; John A. De Camp, Williamstown, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. tenth district; Charles W. Godfrey, Fitchburg, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. eleventh district; William F. Swain, Nantucket, R. E. D. D. G. H. P. twelfth district; the Rev. Perry Bush, D.D., of Chelsea, and the Rev. Paul Sterling of Melrose, G. C.; Edward P. Hatch, Newtonville, G. C. of H.; Lorenzo L. Green of Medford, and Charles L. Delano of Worcester, G. L.; John B. Washburn, Plymouth, G. P. S.; Edward O. Burton, Clinton, G. R. A. C.; Edward J. Ellis, Hyde Park, G. M. third V.; Benjamin W. Clements, Lowell, G. M. second V.; Frederick L. Lord, Everett, G. M. first V.; Charles W. Bemis of Foxboro, and Edward N. West of East Bridgewater, G. S.; John T. Kimball, Boston, G. Tyler.

Rt. Ex. Henry Endicott and Rt. Ex. Daniel W. Lawrence were chosen trustees of the funds.

MELROSE.

City Treasurer William F. Lavender has prepared a table showing the loans made by the city since 1905 and the rates of interest paid on each loan. In 1905 the rates varied from 3 to 5 per cent. In 1908 the rate went as high as 6 1/10 per cent then dropping down to 3 1/2 per cent and the past year the rate varied from 3 1/5 to 4 per cent.

City Engineer George O. W. Servis is listing public buildings, hydrants and standpipes through which water passes and will ask the city government to order water meters installed at each.

The Highlands Congregational and Unitarian churches opened fairs Tuesday evening.

NORTH EASTON.

The Swedish Congregational church has chosen the following officers: President, Elias Anderson; vice-president, Berger Johnson; secretary, Andrew Nyquist; treasurer, Edward Abrahamson.

The Baraca and Philathea classes of the Easton Congregational church are to entertain the Porter church classes of Brockton at a social on Friday evening.

The Womens Alliance of the Methodist church will hold a supper and entertainment in the church this evening.

STOUGHTON.

The Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church held a meeting Tuesday with Mrs. W. E. Maltby. The speaker was Miss Alice Witherby of Boston.

The Congregational chorus of 25 voices will render the oratorio "Emmanuel" on Dec. 19.

The next meeting of the Fortnightly Club will be held Dec. 15.

ANDOVER.

The annual reception of the faculty of Abbot Academy took place last evening. In the absence of the principal, Miss Means, in Europe, the guests were welcomed by Miss Kelsey. A large number were present, including many from the faculty of Phillips Academy. The Abbot seniors made a graceful and attractive corps of ushers.

READING.

Past Division President Flora Staples Whitney of Worcester assisted by Auxiliary 13 of Wakefield, will institute a new auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans here this evening.

The Shakespeare class of the Womens Club will meet with Mrs. Willard Roberts of 99 Summer street, Thursday morning.

MEDFORD.

The West Medford Congregational church has instituted a new plan in receiving pledges towards raising the church debt. The pledges will be collected next Sunday.

The members of the Medford Club are planning a dramatic evening for the latter part of the month.

MALDEN.

The second ladies' night of the season was given at the Kernwood Club Tuesday evening.

At the meeting of the Old and New Club this afternoon Prof. Henry Lawrence Southwick will give recitations from "The Cardinal King."

HYDE PARK.

The annual holiday sale by the Womens Guild of Christ Episcopal church in the parish house will close this evening.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Clarendon Hills Congregational church is holding a sale today.

SPANISH WAR MEN SELECT OFFICERS

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Corp. Charles F. Parker camp 39, Spanish War Veterans of Wakefield, at its annual election Tuesday evening, elected Stephen E. Ryder as commander succeeding William A. Haley. Commander Ryder is the apothecary sergeant of the Massachusetts naval brigade and prominent in military circles.

Senior Vice-Commander Charles W. Parker was in line for the office, but withdrew on account of his duties as assistant adjutant-general of National Commander Edward J. Gihon. The other officers elected are: Junior vice-commander, Thomas M. Cooke; officer of the day, J. Fred Roman; officer of the guard, A. L. Goodwin; chaplain, Charles E. Walton; national delegate, Gen. G. A. Goodale, U. S. A., retired.

COAL AND STEEL FORCES PLEASED

PITTSBURG, Pa.—The steel, coal and business men generally of the Pittsburgh district are highly pleased with the tenor of President Taft's first message, and to a man they predict continued prosperity as a result of his conservatism. They seem to believe that in President Taft the country has found an executive who is prepared to find a happy level between the radicalism of Mr. Roosevelt and the extreme conservatism of other leaders.

LEADER OF STRIKE WILL START EAST

MINNEAPOLIS—President Hawley of the Switchmen Union of North America, will leave tonight for the East. It is reported he will meet President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor at Cincinnati, Friday.

Christmas Gift Buyers Will Be Interested in this Remarkable Display and Sale of High Class Fur Coats and Fur Sets For Women, Misses and Children

With a greatly increased floor space this year we are showing the most extensive and finest collection of Fur Coats, Gloves and Sets at most attractive prices, many of which are much below the actual values

In addition to the other strong values in this sale we are able to offer large purchases from two prominent New York manufacturers of high-grade pony coats at about 1-3 to 1-2 less than the regular prices of such high-class coats.



Nearly all of our fur coats and fur pieces are made up in our own Boston factories by skilled and experienced furriers. This insures workmanship, finish and style that are the best and that we can absolutely guarantee.

Women's Pony Coats—Natural pony coats, 42 inches; large, finely marked Russian pony skins, shawl collar and cuffs of beaver. Price 125.00

Fur Opera Wrap—Tan broadcloth opera cape, white fox collar, Australian coney lined. Price 250.00

Fur Opera Wraps—White and gold brocade satin or pink and gold brocade satin cape, Australian coney lined, Alaska fox collar and trimming. Price 400.00

Women's Fur Lined Coats—Gray and white squirrel lined coats, lynx collar. Priced 60.00

125.00 Coats—Australian seal coats, 50 inches long. Special at 97.50

50.00 to 60.00 Coats—Australian seal coats of good quality skins. Special 42.50

200.00 Coney Coats—White Australian coney coats, shawl collar and cuffs of same, trimmed, braid, fancy buttons. Special at 135.00

100.00 to 150.00 Fur Coats—Caracul Coats, 40 inches long, brocade satin linings. Special at 62.50

Women's 75.00 Coats—Marmot Coats, made 50 inches long. Special 62.50

75.00 Pony Coats—Russian Pony Coats, 50 inches long. Special at 47.50

85.00 Pony Coats—Russian Pony Coats, 50 inches long, brocade satin lining. Special at 65.00

125.00 Pony Coats—Russian Pony Coats, 52 inches long, extra fine skins, beautifully lined with brocade. Special at 75.00

175.00 Pony Coats—Russian Pony Coats, extra fine skins, all brocade satin linings. Special at 100.00

400.00 Seal Coats—Hudson Seal Coat, 60 inches long, Paquin model, collar and trimming of pointed fox, brocade satin lining. Special at 275.00

Other special values in Hudson Seal Coats 150.00 to 400.00

Men's 85.00 Coats—Natural muskrat lined coats, with collar of natural otter. Special at 55.00

110.00 Seal Coats—Australian Seal, 40 to 50 inches long. Special at 85.00

160.00 and 165.50 Coats—Blended Siberian squirrel coats, fine satin lining. Special at 125.00

Women's Seal Coats—Hudson seal coat, imported Paquin model, finest skin, fancy lining, coat extra long. Price 375.00

Women's Fur Lined Coats—Brown coney lined coats, blended Siberian squirrel collar, black, blue and brown cloth shell. Priced at 35.00

Women's Fur Lined Coats—Susilky lined coats, blended squirrel collar, black, blue and brown cloth shell. Priced at 19.50

Women's Caracul Coats—Made of finest skins, 52 inches long. Priced 100.00 to 400.00

350.00 Seal Coat—Imported Sherwood model of Hudson Seal, 54 inches long, large natural blue opossum shawl collar, fancy lining. Special at 275.00

125.00 Coney Coats—White Australian coney cape, white fox collar, full length, 120-inch sweep. Special at 97.50

125.00 Fur Coats—Blended squirrel coats, finest quality skins, brocade satin lining. Special at 95.00

250.00 Seal Coats—Imported Francis model, 3/4 length, trimmed with jet and satin ribbon, tan moire lining. Special 175.00

Women's Fur Sets and Fur Pieces

American Sable Sets—6-Stripe natural American sable rug muff, trimmed with heads, tails and paws. Priced at 125.00

Eastern Mink Set—20-Inch barrel shape, 10-stripe muff, trimmed with heads, tails and paws, 6-stripe fancy scarf, tails and paws in back, and heads, tails and paws in front. Priced at 850.00

Mink Pelerines—5-stripes, fancy model, trimmed heads and tails. Price 200.00

Mink Pelerines—3-stripe mink pelerine, trimmed tails and paws in back and paddle ends in front, trimmed tails. Price 225.00

Mink Scarfs—Fancy double fur mink scarf, skins crossed in back, trimmed heads, tails and paws. Price 200.00

75.00 Fur Set—Made of American sable, 5-stripe natural pillow muff, 2-stripe plain or fancy shawl collar, with head and two tails in front and tails and paw in back. Special at 52.50

Pointed Fox Scarfs 45.00 to 150.00

Pointed Fox Muffs 50.00 to 125.00

Pointed Lynx Scarfs 75.00 to 200.00

Muffs to Match 75.00 upwards

Black Lynx Shawls 40.00 to 75.00

Black Lynx Muffs 50.00 to 150.00

Rug Muffs—Fancy rug muff of mink, trimmed heads, tails and paws, fancy shirred lining. Price 200.00

Rug Muffs—Dark Eastern mink rug muff, trimmed tails and paws, 8 stripes, shirred lining. Price 175.00

Crescent Muffs—Large crescent shape, Eastern mink muff, 9 stripes, beautifully lined. Price 250.00

Other Mink Muffs from 25.00 upwards.

Mink Scarfs—Fancy model in mink scarf, trimmed heads, tails and whole skins. Price 200.00

A large variety of mink scarfs from 21.50 to 250.00.

Pillow Muffs—8-stripe pillow muff, dark eastern mink. Price 150.00

Misses' and Children's Fur Sets

MISSSES' MINK SETS—Natural River Mink Sets, consisting of pillow muff and throw scarf. Price 6.00

MISSSES' OPOSSUM SETS—Natural Australian Opossum Sets, price 7.50

MISSSES' KENMER SETS—Consisting of shaped collar and rug muff. Price 18.00

MISSSES' MARMOT SETS—Throw scarf and large pillow muff. Price 12.50

MISSSES' BLUE WOLF SETS—Throw scarf and pillow muff. Price 15.00

MISSSES' FUR SETS—Blue and white moufflon sets. Price 12.00

MISSSES' BEAVER SETS—Beaver Scarf and Pillow muff. Price 18.50

CHILDREN'S FOX SETS—Iceland Fox sets, scarf and pillow muff. Prices 12.50 and 15.00

CHILDREN'S ANGORA SETS—Consisting of pillow muff and fitted scarf. Value 1.25. Special 85c

CHILDREN'S FUR SETS—Imitation ermine sets, collar and pillow muff, trimmed with angora. Price 2.25

CHILDREN'S WOOL SETS—Lamb's wool sets, trimmed with angora. Price 2.00

CHILDREN'S MOUFFLON SETS—In white, or blue, consisting of pillow muff and scarf. Price 5.50

CHILDREN'S FUR SETS—Imitation ermine set, muff with pocket book and shaped scarf. Price 1.50

CHILDREN'S WOOL SETS—All lambs' wool sets 1.25

CHILDREN'S SQUIRREL SETS—Gray and white squirrel sets, throw scarf and pillow muff. Price 5.00

CHILDREN'S SETS—Imitation chinchilla sets, pillow muff and throw 6.50



Jordan Marsh Company

Washington Statesmen Praise President Taft's Message

MESSAGE REGARDED AS PROGRESSIVE BUT LACKING RADICALISM

WASHINGTON—The first message of President William Howard Taft, read at the session of both houses of Congress on Tuesday is generally received throughout the world as satisfactory; progressive without being radical, although some parts of it are looked upon as smack of a Rooseveltian flavor.

The actual reading of the document occupied the greater part of the session Tuesday, and the Senate and House both adjourned till Friday. If the various committees do not provide something for the Congress to do on that day both branches will adjourn to Monday.

The message was delivered to the Senate and House by Chief Executive Clerk Latta. Printed copies were distributed to the members of both houses and the reading was consummated by clerks in relays. It comprised in the vicinity of 17,000 words. The reading began at 12:12 p. m.

Previous to the delivery of the paper, scores of bills were deposited in the basket provided for the purpose in front of the desk of the president of the Senate and of the speaker of the House. These will be taken up in order, referred to committees and go their respective ways to defeat, victory or oblivion.

General surprise is expressed that the President should be so insistent upon the passage of a postal savings bank law and that he has demanded it in redemption of the party pledge, with the knowledge that when that pledge was given by the Republican national convention in the summer of 1908, the national monetary commission was practically unorganized. It had not then made the recommendation it so strongly urges now, that the whole subject lie over and be considered by the commission along with other schemes of monetary reform.

Congress is growing under its breath over the recommendation of a law requiring a return of campaign contributions. It believes the President could have afforded to let that subject alone, on the theory that it will be pressed hard enough by some zealous advocates without the necessity of a word from the administration. In the view of many senators such a system will simply cause a lot of false reports, and embarrass the campaign committees of both parties without advancing the cause of political morality one inch.

The President's desire that Congress let the sugar trust alone for the present is well received even by some of the enemies of that august institution. Senator Clay of Georgia, for example, who would hit a sugar trust head every time he sees it, states that the place to investigate the sugar trust is the court and not the Congress.

The President omitted from his message, after having written them in, the important paragraphs relative to conservation of natural resources and amendments to the interstate commerce and Sherman law. His reason is that he thinks these subjects too great to be buried in the depths of a long message. In consequence, he expects to send special messages containing his recommendations on these points within a short time.

Some disappointment is shown that the President has not asked for an extension of time for the operation of the maximum and minimum provisions of the tariff law.

It is a matter of quiet comment at the Capitol that President Taft has gone back to the "old style of message," which presents also an historical review of the recent accomplishments of the government in its relations to foreign countries.

Following are some pertinent statements on the message:

SENATOR DICK (Rep., O.)—A good message.

REPRESENTATIVE BURKE (Rep., Penn.)—It's an able document.

REPRESENTATIVE AIKEN (Dem., S. C.)—It's a very pretty essay; that's all.

SENATOR McCUMBER (Rep., N. D.)

What Other Editors Are Saying

THE press of the United States comments on the President's message to Congress in part as follows:

NEW YORK TIMES—Mr. Taft reviews in calm phrases that read almost like a speech from the throne our foreign relations. There is peace everywhere, save that in Nicaragua we have yet to deal with the troublesome Zelaya, as to whom our course of procedure is yet to be determined. Then the President proceeds to take up in the same spirit our domestic concerns.

NEW YORK PRESS—In President Taft's message to Congress there is nothing sensational. We feel quite sure that the American people have not wished for sensationalism in this matter. There is, however, every indication of the trained, thoughtful workman who goes into his subjects thoroughly.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE—President Taft's message both in compass and in character resembles the old-fashioned presidential messages more than those to which the nation has been accustomed in recent years. The return to the old type is accomplished by reserving for discussion in special messages his views concerning the most important economic and political topics.

SPRINGFIELD (MASS.) UNION—One misses the spirit of the Roosevelt messages of other years—those ringing utterances of the crusader, hurling defiance at privilege and teeming with vivid word pictures; bearing the odor of battle smoke, the reverberant rhythm of hoofbeats and clash of cavalry steel in full action. Those who looked to the present message to reflect the tense feeling of industrial and political conflict are doomed to disappointment.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) JOURNAL—On the whole, the message will strike the impartial reader as a routine document, and a rather unusually dull one at that.

NEW YORK HERALD—President Taft's judicial temperament, and the absence of all sensationalism from the message transmitted to Congress evidently inspired business men and investors with confidence that he will not

It is a concise message and a good one. REPRESENTATIVE PARSONS (Rep., N. Y.)—I think it is a very able message. REPRESENTATIVE JAMES (Dem., Ky.)—Distinctly and thoroughly a disappointment.

REPRESENTATIVE McKINLEY (Rep., Cal.)—I am very much pleased with the message. It is a fine document. TULLIO LARRINAGA, delegate from Porto Rico—I am disappointed over the message. The President did not say a word about our island.

SENATOR BROWN (Rep., Neb.)—I like his refusal to agree to the postponement of action for the creation of postal savings banks.

REPRESENTATIVE CHAMP CLARK (Dem., Mo.), minority leader—There are some excellent recommendations in the President's message, notably that in favor of economy. I am certain that the Democrats will back him up in all his efforts to reduce expenditures to an economical basis.

SPEAKER CANNON (Rep., Ill.)—"A good message, one that bespeaks the calmness and care with which President Taft intends to approach great public questions."

REPRESENTATIVE PAYNE (Rep., N. Y.)—"It is a fine message. It outlines a portion of the legislative program which will not prove too difficult of fulfillment."

REPRESENTATIVE TAWNEY (Rep., Minn.)—"I regard the President's message as a very able document. I am immensely pleased with the entire message."

REPRESENTATIVE BOUTELL (Rep., Ill.)—"This message is one of the most sane, conservative and intelligent that has been sent to Congress in years."

REPRESENTATIVE FITZGERALD (Dem., N. Y.)—"The President's message is as consistent as its opening sentence."

indulge in the "trust-busting" talk and attacks on "swollen fortunes" for which his predecessor was distinguished.

NEW HAVEN (Conn.) EVENING LEADER—There is nothing "alarming" in the message, using the Wall street phrase. It is sound and sensible and rings true and clear.

CONCORD (N. H.) MONITOR—The message as it stands is calm, clear, candid and reasonably concise. Its keynote is the necessity for and the possibility of greater economy in government expenditures and greater efficiency in government service. This policy as a whole will meet popular approval, though its application in individual cases, such as the lack of recommendation for a White Mountain forest reserve, may seem unwise to the sections immediately interested.

SPRINGFIELD (Mass.) DAILY REPUBLICAN—President Taft's first annual message to Congress, after what has lately gone before on similar occasions, is as soothing as the prayer of the bishop following the violently eruptive sermon of the evangelist.

NEW YORK AMERICAN—The President has been faithful to the pledge of his party in urging upon Congress the need of postal savings banks.

WORCESTER (Mass.) TELEGRAM—President Taft's first message to Congress in regular session is a conservative paper from a careful executive. He would have the tariff left as it has been amended in special session. That means that the President does not favor Congress taking account of the clamor.

FEDERAL APPEAL PROVES SUCCESS

Government Proves Worth of the New Law Permitting It to Take Pleas From Subordinate Tribunals.

WASHINGTON—The federal law, now two years old, permitting the government to take appeals from the subordinate federal courts in criminal cases, has already proven its worth. In the two years referred to, the government has appealed 13 criminal cases from the lower courts to the supreme court of the United States and has won in 11 of them.

Almost from the foundation of the government, the defendants in criminal cases have had the right to appeal, but the government has not, this right being denied it on the old ground that a man should not be placed in jeopardy criminally twice. Experience, however, proved the unwisdom of this procedure, and now the government has the same right of appeal as the person it is suing.

The statute of 1907 was drafted by Senator Nelson of Minnesota and it was the outcome of a sharp message to Congress by President Roosevelt, in which he complained bitterly about the decision of Judge Humphrey of the federal district court in Chicago, who threw the government's cases against the beef trust out of court, ending that litigation in the face of what the President thought was a strong case on the government's side.

FOREIGN SERVICE SHIFT IMMINENT

WASHINGTON—President Taft will send to the Senate soon nominations for several important diplomatic appointments. Among them will be that of Robert Bacon of New York, to be ambassador to France; Richard C. Kerens of St. Louis, to be ambassador to Austria-Hungary; Henry Lane Wilson of Washington state, now minister to Belgium, to be ambassador to Mexico; William J. Calhoun of Illinois, to be minister to China; and Charles Page Bryan, now minister to Portugal, to be minister to Belgium. The resignation of David E. Thompson of Nebraska as ambassador to Mexico was accepted on Dec. 1 last. His successor, Mr. Wilson, will not reach his new post until about March 1.

THIRTY MILLIONS FOR WATER. WASHINGTON—Provision for a \$30,000,000 revolving fund to be used in the completion of government irrigating projects is made in a bill introduced by Senator Borah.

CONSUL AT SHANGHAI SAYS CHINA'S SCHOOL SYSTEM IS GROWING

WASHINGTON—China has adopted an elaborate scheme of education modeled on that of Japan, according to a report to the department of commerce and labor by Vice-Consul-General Dorsey of Shanghai. He says that when it is carried out in its entirety China will have an educational system on modern lines and with a western curriculum, which will compare favorably with that of any other country.

Mr. Dorsey says schools of all grades will be established in every province, and these will be modern and up to date. A commendable start has already been made. Schools and colleges have been opened in many places in substantial buildings of western style of architecture. The one great obstacle the government is encountering in carrying out its new educational scheme is the lack of qualified teachers. This has seriously crippled many of the schools in their initial stage.

Introduction of a modern educational system will mean that hosts of pupils in China will be brought to use crayons and other school supplies. But China intends to manufacture all her own school supplies—that is, the Chinese themselves will do it and not leave it to foreigners. Inquiries regarding the prospects for American school supplies in China have been made of the bureau of manufactures, but that country offers little to hope for in the future, though Mr. Dorsey says there ought to be considerable trade in that line at present.

It appears from Mr. Dorsey that the schools of China are of three classes—the old-style schools, the mission schools, and the schools of the new educational system. The old-style schools date back to the time of Confucius or earlier, and are found throughout the empire. Their number is beyond computation, and every village or hamlet has one or more. It is in them that the most of the youth are taught, chiefly to write, to memorize the classics, to prepare essays, and compose poetry.

The number of mission schools is large and increasing. They range from primary day schools up to colleges and universities and are in all parts of China.

PITTSBURGH CENSUS CHIEF. WASHINGTON—It is said that it will have been practically decided that Prof. A. H. Willett of Pittsburgh, a Yale graduate, will be named census supervisor for the Pittsburgh district.

PRESIDENT PRESENTS FORMER DIPLOMAT RED CROSS MEDAL

WASHINGTON—President Taft was reelected president of the American Red Cross and presided for a time Tuesday over the fifth annual meeting of the association. He expressed the hope that some one some day might present the Red Cross with an endowment fund of \$5,000,000 to place its work on a more permanent basis.

He also presented a gold medal voted by the Red Cross to Lloyd C. Griscom, former ambassador to Italy, for his work during the recent earthquake in southern Italy, and silver medals to Miss Katharine B. Davis and Samuel L. Parrish, who helped in the Italian relief work.

Among the other officers reelected were: Vice-president, Robert W. DeForest; treasurer, Beckman Winthrop; solicitor, Henry M. Hoyt.

President Taft Tuesday night attended the reception to the delegates at the home of Miss Mabel Boardman.

Those recommended for gold medals for service in connection with the Italian earthquake relief were former Minister Lloyd C. Griscom, W. Bayard Cutting, Jr., Lieutenant-Commander R. R. Belknap, U. S. N., Silver medals were suggested for the same work for Miss Katharine B. Davis, Harry Bowdoin, Charles King Wood, H. Nelson Gay, Samuel L. Parrish, William Hooper, Winthrop Chandler, William Earle Dodge, Jr., George P. Page, Lieut. Allen Buchanan, U. S. N.; Ensign J. W. Wilcox, U. S. N., and John Elliott.

For services in connection with the Turkish-American relief, silver medals were recommended for Dr. Bie Ravndal,

AMERICAN FOREST EXPORTS AMOUNT TO NINETY MILLIONS

WASHINGTON—Forests of the United States contributed \$90,000,000 to the exports of the country during the fiscal year 1908, an increase of twentyfold since 1851. Imports of forest products—chiefly India rubber and other gums from the tropics and lumber from Canada—have increased even more rapidly than the exports. The imports increased from \$1,333,333 in 1851 to \$122,000,000 in 1907, from which high mark they fell off in 1908 to approximately \$98,000,000.

A bulletin just issued by the department of agriculture, which covers a period of 58 years, says that during the first five years of this period, 1851-55,

our exports of forest products amounted to only 24 cents per capita and our imports were less than 9 cents, whereas in 1908 the corresponding figures were \$1.04 per capita for exports and \$1.12 for imports.

It is interesting, says the bulletin, to note the rapid increase in imports of wood pulp. In 1880 only \$5000 worth was imported; by 1890 this value had increased to \$1,800,000; by 1900 to \$2,400,000; and in 1908 wood pulp to the value of \$7,000,000 was imported. During the past 10 years the import price has increased from \$20 per long ton to nearly \$31.

STRICT NICARAGUA CENSORSHIP KEPT

People of Republic Are Reported to Be Ignorant of Attitude of United States Government.

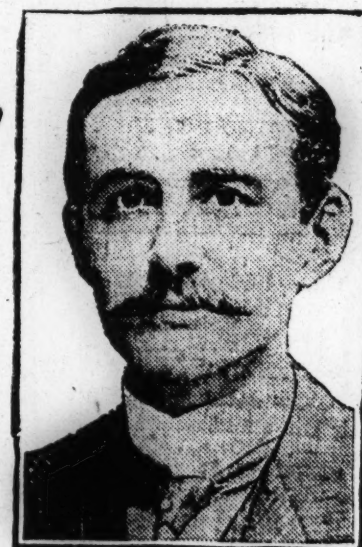
PANAMA—Passengers arriving here from Nicaragua state that the people in that republic are kept in ignorance of what is happening throughout the country. So strict is the censorship maintained by President Zelaya that residents of the western part of Nicaragua have not learned of the breaking off of diplomatic relations between the United States and Nicaragua.

General Toledo is besieged at Greytown, which is surrounded on land and sea by the insurgents. General Vasquez, commander of the government forces at the last battle near Rama, was court-martialed because of the defeat suffered by the government troops.

PLANS TO TRAIN FARMERS' WIVES

WASHINGTON—"There is just as much need that a woman should be taught how to cook and sew, make her own hats and darn her husband's socks, if she has a husband, or expects to get one, as there is to teach a man how to farm," said Senator Smoot in announcing that he would introduce a bill making appropriations of \$10,000 each to agricultural colleges, to be used in the teaching of domestic craft.

INSURGENTS PLAN CAMPAIGN. WASHINGTON—The House insurgents will have a round up Saturday night to discuss ways and means to force the postal savings bank to a passage. Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas will lead the fight.



THE HON. LLOYD GRISCOM. Former American ambassador to Italy who did splendid service at the Messina earthquake.

consul-general to Beirut; Dr. F. D. Shepherd, the Rev. Stephen Van R. Trowbridge, Dr. Harry P. Dorman, E. L. Freyer and Miss Anna Davis. A silver medal was also recommended for Philip C. Hanna, consul-general to Monterey, Mex., for his services in connection with furnishing relief for flood sufferers there. Delegates from Panama, California, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, New Jersey, South Carolina, Vermont, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and Ohio attended.

RUSSIA IS STUDYING AMERICAN WAYS OF HELPING SETTLERS

WASHINGTON—It is stated here that Russia, confronted with the great task of directing and supervising the migration of its people to Siberia, is turning to the United States for information as to how such a movement may best be handled in the interest of both the people and the government.

Representatives of the Russian Zemtov have been in Washington recently, studying the land laws, homestead system and mineral and mining statutes, and in general looking into the whole process of administering the public lands.

Beyond this, they are endeavoring to learn the method by which the department of agriculture aids settlers in new countries. They have taken deep interest in the activities of the reclamation service, the forest bureau and the geological survey.

Siberia, it is explained by the Russian agents, is a sadly misunderstood country. It is not a desert, but a great region, vast areas of which are wonderfully fertile.

Russia is anxious to develop Siberia, because the country needs development, and also because its development will keep millions under the Russian flag who sooner or later must otherwise become aliens.

Beyond all this there is the land problem in European Russia. The peasants, like the peasants of every other country, yearn for a share in the soil. Hence the desire to know as much as possible about the genesis, development and results of the homestead laws of this country.

It is not impossible that a system of land laws will be established in Siberia closely modeled after the land code of the United States.

The American system of surveying and establishing title to lands was one of the matters in which the Russian visitors were most deeply interested, because this has presented one of the most difficult problems in Siberia. Maps of all the states, detailed explanations of the surveying system and the laws under which the surveys are made.

POSTOFFICE FOR GREENFIELD. WASHINGTON—Representative Lawrence has introduced a bill for a public building at Greenfield, Mass., to cost \$100,000 to have 40 feet of space all around it.

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

On Thursday, December the 9th.

LADIES' HOUSE GOWNS. In Both Stores

Silk Negligees, lace trimmed . . . 11.50 and 15.00
Albatross House Gowns . . . 7.50 and 12.50
Ripple Eiderdown Lounging Robes . . . 3.75 and 5.00

WAIST PATTERNS In Both Stores

Hand-embroidered Batiste with Irish lace. 2.75, 3.75, 4.25 and 6.75
Hand-embroidery on sheer French Batiste. 3.75 and 6.75
Hand-embroidered Batiste with crochet lace. 6.75 and 10.50

UMBRELLAS. In Both Stores

Extra quality Silk Umbrellas for Men and Women. 26 and 28 inch. 12.50 to 16.50
Fine quality Silk Umbrellas. Handles of Ivory, Pearl, Silver, Gun Metal, Mission Wood, Sterling Silver Trimmed, Buck Horn, Cape Horn, Pimento, Figwood, etc. 26 and 28 inch. 2.85, 3.85, 4.85 and 6.00

Umbrellas covered with extra quality tape-edge, piece-dyed mixed fabrics. Handles of Gun Metal, Cape Horn and Stag Horn, with gold and silver caps, Long Mission Wood, with Sterling Silver trimmings, Plain Mission Wood, etc. 26 and 28 inches. 1.85

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

Christmas Numbers W.B. Clarke Co. Children's Books W.B. Clarke Co. English Magazines 26 & 28 Tremont St. in Great Variety 26 & 28 Tremont St.

THE Old Colony Trust Company, although it has opened its new building on Court Street, has never had any intention of closing its

Temple Place Branch

because this bank, in the heart of the shopping district, serving nearly half of the company's 20,000 depositors and box renters, has become practically a necessity, used by over 2000 customers a day.

Old Colony Trust Co

Court Street

52 Temple Place

If It's at Morse's It's Correct.
If It's Correct It's at Morse's.



Service Overcoats.

Weather Man says colder—We say buy a convertible collar coat—One of ours if you want the right thing. Many styles to choose from—Splendid showing at \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30 and \$35.

At this store select gifts for man or boy

We've prepared larger and better stocks from which to choose—Every article we offer has some lasting value and will make a most acceptable gift. You can spend less than \$1 and more than \$100 here and be sure to get just what men want—Something they can use. Greatest lines of neckwear, gloves, sweaters and other fixings in Boston. Slippers, shoes, caps, hats—Everything men and boys wear.

Adams Square

Day's News in New York and Its Environs

TELEPHONE'S VALUE
FIRST APPRECIATED
BY THEODORE N. VAIL

President of Big Company
Started His Career as a
Telegraph Operator on the
Railroad.

NEW YORK—Theodore N. Vail, head of the new enormous telephone-telegraph amalgamation, started his career as a telegraph operator on the Union Pacific railroad. His parents were quakers in Ohio. They moved east and tried to make a professional man of him, but he preferred telegraphy. Since then his business has been to carry messages for people.

"It is knowing one thing and knowing it well that brings success," says Mr. Vail.

"A young man must know more than most other persons do in his particular line, if he wants to succeed. He must also know how to do things—how to use his knowledge." The following story is told of him:

After his first telegraphic experience Mr. Vail worked in a mail car between Omaha, Neb., and Ogden, Utah, for six years. At about this time Dr. Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone. It became a dime museum exhibit and was considered very wonderful, but no one could see what good it would do.

Young Vail soon became interested, having been promoted to the mail service department at Washington, where he met Dr. Bell. At that time it was thought necessary to string a wire between two stations for telephone purposes. "Why not have a telephone exchange?" asked Vail. "Do not sell your telephones. Let the company keep them and lease them out. You cannot make much money by selling the machines, but you can make money by selling what the machines can do for the public."

This idea won for him a place as manager of the first telephone company in the country, after which he built up by slow stages the National Bell Telephone Company, which finally became the American Telephone & Telegraph Company.

"Keep the telegraph and telephone together," he used to say. "The day will come when we can send telegraph messages over the telephone wires."

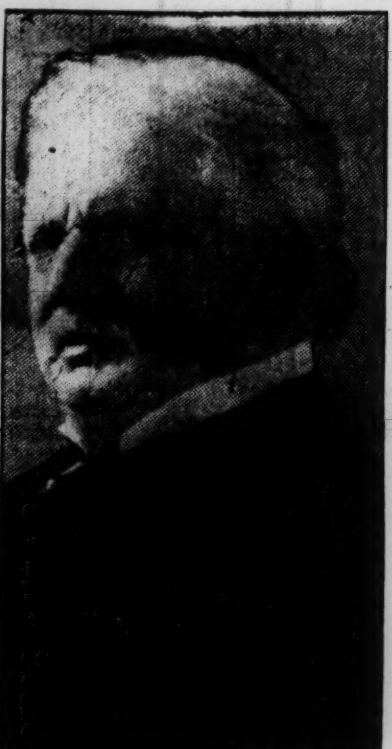
That day has come for today four telegraph messages can be sent over a single wire which is also carrying a telephonic message.

The other day the biggest dream of Mr. Vail was realized in this city, when the deal was consummated whereby a telephone and telegraph and cable company passed into one control.

W. C. Brown, recently elected president of the New York Central system, is also a graduated telegraph operator. He began to earn a living at the age of 16 by working engines on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. He afterwards learned to telegraph, which placed him at the foot of the ladder which he climbed to his present position. Marvin Hughitt, former president of the Chicago & Northwestern system, was an operator, as was Milton H. Smith of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, Sir William Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific, Thomas Emerson of the Atlantic Coast Line, W. A. Gardner of the Chicago & Northwestern and I. G. Raven of the Illinois Central.

The Second Avenue Baptist church of this city is nothing if not a cosmopolitan organization. In addition to its regular pastor it supports a staff of six assistant pastors, each of a different nationality. Each of these has a congregation of his own people that attend the church regularly. The nationalities represented are: Poles, Italians, Hungarians, Bohemians, Greeks and Chinese. Many prominent

Telegraph and Telephone
Official Accredited With
Amalgamating Companies



THEODORE N. VAIL.
Expert on transferring of messages who
has accomplished plan of using one
wire for both services.

EAST-BOUND TRAIN
RECORD IS BROKEN

NEW YORK—All eastbound records between New York and Chicago on the New York Central railroad for trains carrying passengers were broken Tuesday by the special carrying Samuel Newhouse of Salt Lake City here in his hurried trip to catch a steamer for Europe.

The special reached the Grand Central station here at 3:19 p. m. The exact running time between Chicago and New York was 17 hours and 46 minutes, thus lowering the east-bound record by 14 minutes.

This record was made in spite of the fact that 48 minutes were lost by the disabling of an engine at Hudson, N. Y. Had this mishap not occurred the train would probably have made the run in approximately 10 or 15 minutes under 17 hours.

DEMOCRATS LIKE
HUGHES PROJECTS

NEW YORK—The Democratic League, said John K. Sague, mayor of Poughkeepsie, stands squarely in favor of direct primaries and the public service commission, even if they are projects of a Republican Governor, at the dinner given by 20 members of the Manhattan Club for the executive committee of the league, which was born at the Saratoga conference of Democrats last summer.

Thomas M. Osborne, chairman of the league executive committee, declared that he wanted no dickering with machine politicians. A "decent" and "efficient" Democratic organization throughout the state would, he thought, turn the tide of victory to the Democrats in 1910, and be only the forerunner of a Democratic victory in the nation in 1912.

New Yorkers attend the English services at this church.

The contract for the big steel cantilever bridges and viaduct of the New York connecting railroad, which is to afford a direct route for traffic between Boston and the South, will be given out shortly, the New York, New Haven & Hartford and Pennsylvania railroads having just come to a final agreement as to their respective shares in the undertaking. The undertaking will require three years to accomplish at an estimated cost of from \$16,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

A NEW WIRELESS
SYSTEM INVENTED

Joseph Brearley of Trenton, N. J., Has Plan for Sending Messages Overland Across Continent.

TRENTON, N. J.—Joseph Brearley, a young man of this city, has aroused much interest here by the announcement that he has completed a system by which wireless messages can be received over land for long distances as well as on the sea. Several Princeton experts have examined his plans and system, and support his statements, although they refuse to give out the details because of their promise to the youth not to mention the matter until he secures several patents he seeks.

When interviewed by a reporter Mr. Brearley would not say much about his feat, but declared that he believed he had discovered a method by which wireless messages could be successfully carried inland from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast.

"Within two weeks," he said, "I expect to be able to show the world something marvelous, but until I can produce sufficient proofs to make the most skeptical believe I do not intend to make my discoveries known."

INDICT DISPLACED
PHENIX PRESIDENT

NEW YORK—The grand jury this afternoon handed up to Judge Foster in the court of general sessions an indictment charging grand larceny in the first degree against George Preston Sheldon, recently deposed as president of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Company. The revelation of conditions is to be followed by a complete state examination of all other insurance companies, according to Assistant Superintendent Fowler of the state insurance department.

The insurance department does not believe that the company's risks to the public are involved, and that the entire loss can be balanced by crossing off \$1,000,000 of the company's \$3,000,000 surplus.

Henry Evans, president of the Continental Insurance Company, who has been elected chairman of the executive committee of the Phoenix company, declares his belief that the company's capital of \$1,500,000 is intact and that there will be a net surplus of about \$500,000.

SUGAR TRUST MAN
AIDS PROSECUTION

NEW YORK—Testimony on Tuesday at the trial of six former employees of the American Sugar Refining Company, charged with defrauding the government by underweighting, showed that W. B. Thomas, president of the company, had made an effort to assist the prosecution by calling at least one witness to his office and instructing him to tell all he knew concerning the alleged frauds.

John H. Thompson, who had charge of the sugar import business in the main office of the company, swore that Mr. Thomas had given him such instructions in the presence of a representative from the attorney-general's office.

PRICES OF POLAR
FURS HAVE RISEN

Officers Who Serve on Bering Sea Revenue Cutters Have This Season Brought Back Only a Few.

NEW YORK—The prices of polar furs have gone way up, says the Washington correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle. Every year it is the custom for officers who serve on the United States revenue cutters in Bering sea to bring home with them large quantities of white fox and polar bear skins. The crop this year was small, owing to the fact that the natives charged three or four times their usual prices. There was a great scarcity of bears and foxes in the polar regions patrolled last spring by the revenue cutters.

Officers have had to pay \$4 each for white fox skins of a kind that would retail at the shops of wholesale furriers at \$25 and \$30. A monster polar bear skin was delivered here at a cost of \$20. The same skin mounted would be worth \$200 or \$250 at a New York store. A naval officer has a magnificent specimen of polar bear skin mounted in perfect shape. He got it from an Eskimo in exchange for a pair of overalls and a dozen 20-cent cans of condensed milk.

NEW YORK ROAD
PETITION HEARD

ALBANY, N. Y.—Arguments were heard Tuesday by the public service commission on the petition of the Buffalo, Rochester & Eastern Railroad Company for a rehearing of its application for authority to construct a double track railroad from Buffalo to Troy. The commission must pass upon this proceeding before the company can go to the appellate division for a review of its case, should it desire to take that step.

The new road is opposed by the New York Central Railroad Company on the ground that to a great extent it would parallel the Central's lines and that the business is not sufficient to maintain it. The proposed route would cost about \$85,000,000 to build.

NEW YORKERS ASK
TO BUY RAILWAYS

NEW YORK—Controller Metz has been assured by large stockholders of the various subsidiary companies controlled by the bankrupt Metropolitan Street Railway Company that if the city will give a valid title to the companies advertised for sale on account of arrears of special franchise taxes, the stockholders will furnish the tax money, take over the properties and operate them independently.

Their attitude, with the sole exception of the Second Avenue Company, is making Controller Metz insistent about exacting payment of the arrears. The sale is advertised to go on tomorrow.

MR. MACVEAGH LEAVES CAPITAL.
WASHINGTON—Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh has left Washington for Boston and New York.

Speaks for Clean Journalism

University of Michigan Regent Approves The Christian Science Monitor.

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—In his address on "Some General Newspaper Ideas," delivered before a large audience composed of members of the class in newspaper writing and others at the University of Michigan, Chase Salmon Osborn, regent of the university, well known as an author, proprietor of the Saginaw (Mich.) Courier Herald, and candidate for governor of the state on the Republican ticket, took occasion to speak approvingly of The Christian Science Monitor.

Regent Osborn declared this to be an ideal newspaper of today—a newspaper that a man might feel safe in bringing home and placing upon his library table within reach of his family.

He predicted that eventually all newspapers would follow the policy of The Christian Science Monitor in placing an editorial taboo upon news matter of unsavory character.

STRIKE NOT LIKELY
ON EASTERN ROADS
OVER NEW DEMAND

NEW YORK—That the possibility of a strike on the part of the thousands of eastern members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors is very remote, is the assertion made today by James Murdock, fifth vice-president of the trainmen.

The employees of 32 of the railroads in the East will, on Jan. 3, make a demand upon their respective railroad managers, for an increase in wages and a concession as to hours. These demands will be made by the men as employees of the roads and not as members of the Brotherhood of Trainmen or the Brotherhood of Conductors.

"The two brotherhoods," declares Mr. Murdock, "can take no official cognizance of the demands, under their constitutions, until the members make a request for such action. If the managers and their employees can agree there will be no official action on the part of the brotherhoods. If an agreement cannot be reached, the employees of the roads will then lay the matter before their respective brotherhoods for action."

"Talk of a strike at this time is foolish," said Mr. Murdock. "I am not here at this time to confer with the managers, as has been stated, because the men have not made their demands and I have not been called officially into the matter."

George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading, held a conference late Tuesday with several railroad presidents at the Central railroad building, to discuss informally the demands that are to be made by the trainmen and the conductors. Neither Mr. Baer, nor President W. H. Truesdale of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, who was present, would discuss the situation.

This movement, it is declared, has no relation to the switchmen's strike in the Northwest, inasmuch as the switchmen's organization in that territory is a rival of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen in so far as the last-mentioned organization represents the switchmen on the roads to which it has extended.

The latest movement will affect all of the roads east of Chicago and north of the line of the Chesapeake & Ohio. The program was mapped out at the meeting of the general committee of the two railway organizations in Boston on Oct. 19, but has been kept strictly secret up to this time.

FARMING SPECIAL
STARTS ON TOUR

New York Tillers of Soil Will Be Told How to Care for Fruit Trees by Lecturers Speaking From Train.

ITHACA, N. Y.—The "agricultural special" of the Cornell University college of agriculture started on its itinerary this week with the experts of the department, who are to tour the northern part of New York state, returning the latter part of the week.

The train has two cars for the exhibition of fruit and one for the accommodation of the representatives of the farmers along the route.

The exhibit of fruit will be that which was in the recent display at the agricultural college. The purpose of the train is to show the farmers of the state what good fruit is and the best methods of raising it and protecting it from the attacks of numerous pests. The train is placed at the disposal of the college by the New York Central railroad and is in charge of Professor Wilson.

NEW YORK FOREST
LEAGUE TO MEET

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Tomorrow and Friday the forty-fifth annual meeting of the New York State Fish, Game and Forest League will be held in this city in the University block. More than 400 visitors, including delegates from 80 clubs, state game protectors, representatives of sporting magazines from all parts of the state, will be here. One of the most important things for which the sportsmen will ask this year will be that of making the state game laws more general.

Now different laws and restrictions are in force in part of the state, while in other parts wholly different laws prevail. The sportsmen demand a law that will cover and apply to the state at large.

At the Railway Terminals

President Tuttle of the Boston & Maine road left today on a special train for Portland in the interests of his company.

The Boston & Albany furnished the largest single theatrical special train of the season today for the Jolly Bachelors Company, en route east from Albany. The train consisted of four scenery cars, two wide vestibules and a parlor-car.

The Boston & Albany road has a large force of painters provided with a cargo train at work painting all bridges west of the Boston yard.

Griffin Fur Coats



Men's Fur Lined, from
\$32.50 up.
Special selection \$50, \$60
and \$75.

Men's Fur Outside, from
\$15.00 up.
Special selections from
\$25 to \$75.

Women's Fur Lined, from
\$50.00 up.
Our \$50, \$60 and \$75
Women's Fur Lined Coats
are the same materials as
our Men's Coats, combin-
ing style and service.

Women's Fur Outside
from \$25.00 up.

In Black and Natural
Russian Pony, Russian
Marmot, Caracule, Hudson
and Near Seal, Persian
Lamb, Sable Squirrel, Sa-
ble Musk Rat, Mink, Ra-
coon and Walrus.



SPECIAL

Natural Musk Rat
lining; Natural Otter
or Persian Lamb col-
lars; broadcloth shell.

\$50

SPECIAL

Neck Pieces, Scarfs and
Muffs in all the fashionable
furs at reliable prices.

Fur Caps

\$50

and Gloves

SPECIAL

Black Russian Pony,
handsomely marked;
50 in. long; broad-
cloth lining.

\$50

GEO. L. GRIFFIN & SON

The Largest Fur Coat House in New England.

404 Washington Street, Boston

IMPERIAL VALLEY
CALIFORNIAAN OPPORTUNITY
TO COLLECT FROM

Old Mother Earth

THE INTEREST ON A GOOD INVESTMENT

Oranges grown under favorable conditions of fertile soil, abundant water and a warm climate should return the original investment every year after they reach full bearing.

The Imperial Valley in the extreme southeastern corner of California affords conditions which produce the highest quality of fruit, and which in addition ripens it so early that it can be marketed with practically no competition.

You can obtain 2½, 5 or 10 acres of oranges in a choice portion of the Valley, pay for it in installments during the six years of growth and without leaving your present occupation, own a grove which will pay you a fine income thereafter.

Ask for full particulars.

JOSEPH R. LOFTUS CO., Inc.,

Member L. A. Realty Board and Chamber of Commerce,

128 W. SIXTH ST.

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

Every Department is complete and contains various articles suitable for Holiday Gifts. Silks and Dress Goods in all the leading shades. An extensive assortment of dress lengths, black and colors.

Wash Fabrics.—Silk and Cotton, Percale, Gingham and Seersucker, in waist and dress lengths, neatly packed in boxes for presentation.

23rd Street

New York

34th Street

From Japan

Papier
Mache

Most beautifully decorated things in practically indestructible quality, and so finely done by our artistic friends the Japanese that the serving and card trays we show are as attractive on the walls as some pictures would be.

Walter M. Hatch & Co.

43-45 Summer Street

Please mention The Monitor. We refer to it.

Reid Publishing Co.

(EZRA W. REID, President.)

BOSTON

30 Huntington Avenue

BOSTON, MASS.

Room 219.

PATRONS ARE REQUESTED

TO INSPECT OUR

EXTENSIVE LINE OF

CHRISTMAS CARDS, BOOKS AND BOOKLETS

Finely Bound Books W.B. Clarke Co. Special Gift Boxes W.B. Clarke Co.

FOR GIFTS 26 & 28 Tremont St. Stationery to Order 26 & 28 Tremont St.

Great Times In Our Children's Department

WATCHES AND BARGAINS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

Until Christmas we shall give with each sale of \$5.00 or more in our Children's Department a guaranteed watch—warranted for a year. See them in children's window on Boylston St.

Boys' Reefers Sizes 9 to 17
We have eight styles in snappy patterns of the stylish long cut, double-breasted box reefers, all made in the best manner. Special values \$5

The New Military Overcoat
For Boys 9 to 17—we have a large assortment of this new and popular Overcoat at

\$6.50, \$8 and \$10

Boys' Overcoats, all sizes—a variety unsurpassed—a stock of twelve hundred garments for your selection at

\$5, \$6.50, \$8

\$10, \$12

Sailor Suits

3 to 10 years.

135 Serge Suits, in blues and browns, also choice mixtures. Good value at \$6.50, now..... \$5

Russian Suits

Ages 3 to 7 years.

In novelties for the small boys you will always find our stock complete with stylish and artistic designs at most reasonable prices,

\$5, \$6.50 and \$8

Russian Overcoats

For the little chaps, ages 3 to 8 years, 400 of these garments, some double and others single-breasted, some with straight military collars and others with turn-down collars,

\$5, \$6.50, \$8, \$10

Extra values in Boys' finer Suits, 8 to 17 years—300 choicest worsteds and Scotch tweed suits, \$12 and \$10 qualities, now priced... \$8

Many broken lots of School Suits, \$6, \$7 and \$8 qualities, at..... \$5

Boys' Bloomer Trousers, 5 to 17 years, left from our suits. 59c Price..... 59c

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS—TAKE ELEVATOR TO BOYLSTON OR ESSEX

The Continental Clothing House 651-657 Washington St. Boylston
Boston's Greatest Clothing Store



THE LIBRARY ALCOVE

By SAM WALTER FOSS.

THE books of a public library should be selected by the public. The librarian should be the purchasing agent for buying the books that a well-informed public sentiment demands. The librarian is largely helped in his selections by catalogues, lists, indexes, and the literary reviews. But the literary reviews have but little to say about books on sanitary plumbing. The indexes express no judgment about works on pork-packing, and none of the compilers of these indexes take any interest in the subject of brick-laying. It is probable too that the librarian is himself personally indifferent about these subjects. He does not know and must depend upon his public to tell him.

So he must not surround himself with a kitchen cabinet of literary experts "sickened" over with the pale cast of thought. His doors should be open to house-painters, carpenters, clerks, bookkeepers, dressmakers, accountants, surveyors, engineers, milliners, barbers, undertakers, florists, cobblers and laborers of all kinds. He should buy the books these men want him to buy to help them in their daily work. A man can even make money raising poultry if he reads and needs the right kind of poultry books. The librarian should help such a man to get on in the world by buying the poultry books for him that would give him the necessary instruction. The painter should come to the library and learn how to mix paints better than he has hitherto mixed them. The men who hew wood and the men who draw water should be put in contact with books that will enable them to do their work better.

CALLS VOLCANO WORLD WONDER

Professor Crampton Visits the Crater on Samoan Island of Savai and Tells of Great Lake of Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO—The volcano on the island of Savai of the Samoan group, which burst into activity in 1905, is now one of the wonders of the world, according to Prof. Henry F. Crampton of Columbia University, who has just returned from a visit to the island.

Professor Crampton is a biologist and anthropologist associated with the American Museum of Natural History and the Carnegie Institute. He left here May 20, and has been engaged ever since in research among the islands of the south seas.

The lava from the volcano has flowed to the sea and formed a solid wall for five miles along the shore and projecting about half a mile into the sea. Professor Crampton spent a night at the rim of the crater. The lake of fire, formerly level with the crater mouth, now lies 400 feet below the rim. It is half a mile in length and a third of a mile in width. Half a mile away it is possible to read by the glare reflected from the sky. As a spectacle, the professor said, it was magnificent.

ELECTED FOURTEENTH TIME. NEWPORT, R. I.—A hotly contested election resulted in a victory for Mayor Patrick J. Boyle, who is now serving his thirteenth term, over William P. Clarke.

Dainty Gifts

In great variety and wide range of price. Each one our own selection and importation.

Fans Sofa Pillows Toys Scarfs Fancy Boxes Screens Shawls Photo Frames Calendars Jewelry Work Bags Ties

There is no daintier or more acceptable gift than one of our Liberty Scarfs or Handkerchiefs. Exquisite and varied in color.

Davis

East India House

313 Boylston St., Boston

IN THE REALMS OF MUSIC

JANET DUFF.

AT the music room of Fenway Court Tuesday afternoon, Miss Janet Duff gave a program of song pictures and Greek dances with accompaniment of a small orchestra, which John H. Denmore conducted. Miss Duff had a good-sized audience, and she succeeded in winning hearty applause for much of her work.

A song picture, as the phrase applies to Miss Duff's art, is a song performed not in the usual manner of the recital artist who appears in a fashionable gown and under a fashionable hat, who takes her position on the platform according to conservatory rules of stage deportment, and proceeds to disclose the wonders of her vocal method; quite otherwise, it is the performance of an artist who comes on the stage in classic garb, who moves about at will the while she sings, who illustrates the poet's and the composer's thought by means of attitude, step and gesture.

The more successful part of Miss Duff's twofold scheme of interpretation is her singing. With a well-trained contralto voice, elastic and of uniform color, its loud tones showing large reserve power, its soft tones always distinctly conveying their meaning, Miss Duff has an exceptional singing equipment. Her auxiliary motions and attitudes bring less certain results. Plainly enough they are based on Isadora Duncan's classical dance formulas; but Miss Duff has not yet submitted them to her own ends of self-expression, has not yet blended her singing and her dancing into a harmoniously working system.

Miss Duff's best argument for the Greek character of her performance is her handsome Greek profile. She catches somewhat the classical spirit animating Gluck's opera, "Iphigenia," a scene from which, in imitation of Isadora Duncan, she attempts to illustrate. She succeeds in looking like the Greek girl as we see her in vase paintings and in bas-reliefs. Her art is sufficient to give the illusion of a single Greek figure, but it is not sufficient, as is the art of Isadora Duncan, to give the illusion of a stage filled with the Greek maidens grouped now on the right, now on the left, now irregularly scattered about and now moving in ordered procession.

Miss Duff is to be thought of first of all as a contralto singer. If she were an operatic artist, her voice, her stature and her dramatic temperament would recommend her to the leading role in Gluck's "Orpheus."

The program of the song pictures, Greek dances, and orchestral selections was as follows:

Orchestra: Grazioso, "Air Gai," Gluck. Song pictures, "Invocation to Vesta," Gounod; "Ariadne's Lament," Coquard; "Nymphs and Shepherds," Purcell; "Do's Lament," Purcell; "Song of a Bacchant," Bernberg. Orchestra: Greek Air. Greek dances: "Greeting to Iphigenia in Aulis," Gluck; "Ball Game," Weaver; "Butterflies," Schubert. Orchestra: Meditation from "Thais," Massenet. Song pictures: "Pietà Signore," Stradella; "Sappho ode," "My Love Is Fair," Brahms; "Why so Pale Are the Roses?" Tchaikovsky; "A Bird's Song," Korby. Orchestra: "Ariadne," Schubert. Greek dances: "Demeter Mourning for Persephone," Chopin; "Earth Rejoicing for Persephone's Return," Grieg; "Rose Reverie," Herbert; "The Bacchantes," Gounod.

GOODBAR RECITAL.

Mrs. Lafayette Goodbar's recital in Steinert hall Tuesday evening was attended by a large audience, whom the singer kept attentive to a long program, chiefly of American songs, as follows:

"Deserted," MacDowell; "Just for This," "Far Away," Mrs. Beach; "The Beaming Eyes," MacDowell; "Als die Alte Mutter," Dvorak; "Still wie die Nacht," Bohm; "Nachts," "Exaltation," Mrs. Beach; "Oh, for a Breath of the Moorlands," Whelpley; "Who is Sylvia?" Schubert; "Constance," Foote; "June," Mrs. Beach; "Erwartung, Wie lieb ich dich hab," La Forge; "Herzens-Fruling," Von Wickede; "After," "Alb. Love, a Day," Mrs. Beach; "Du bist mein Traum," with cello obligato; "Blumchen am Hag," with cello obligato, Abt; "Pace, mio Dio!" from "Forza del Destino," Verdi.

To these selections the singer added a group of four songs of her own composition, without titles.

Mrs. Goodbar is a trained musician in another practical branch besides that of the voice. She was for six years a concertist and her instrumental experience

NEW YORK MUSIC LETTER.

NEW YORK—For 30 years the negro teachers and students of Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn., have been collecting and harmonizing the folk songs of their race, and the earnings of the singers sent out have been used for the development of the university and the course in music which is offered to negro students. Most of the negro songs are as taught her to make her singing tones, whether they are sustained in the upper reaches of the voice or whether they skip from one extreme register to the other, always true to the pitch. She has an inexhaustible enthusiasm for entertaining her audience and she has an excellent vocal equipment which she controls to good interpretive ends. She has a fresh, elastic, light soprano voice, very winsome because it is at the same time dramatic in expression and sentimental in mood. Mrs. Goodbar's next Boston appearance is at the municipal concert in the Roxbury high school Thursday evening, Dec. 9.

A CAVALIERI CONCERT.

Oscar Hammerstein has made arrangements with W. S. Bigelow, Jr., a Boston agent for musical artists, to have the Manhattan opera stars make regular appearances throughout New England in concert.

The first Manhattan artist announced to appear in Boston under Mr. Bigelow's management is the Italian prima donna Lina Cavalieri, famous both for her singing and her beauty. Madame Cavalieri will sing in Symphony hall on the evening of Tuesday, Jan. 4. She will be assisted by George Harris, Jr., tenor, who is the son of President Harris of Amherst College.

The next concerts provided by the music department of the city of Boston will be at the Chapman school, East Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 15, at 8 p. m., and at the Dorchester high school, Friday, Dec. 17, at 8 p. m. The soloists at the East Boston concert will be Miss Marguerite Gallagher, soprano, and Frank H. Eaton, flutist; the soloists at the Dorchester concert will be Virginia Capelloni, baritone, and Louis E. Dalbeck, violinist. On the program of each concert there is something for either orchestra or soloist taken from works that are now being performed at the Boston opera house. Timely comments are made on the operatic selections by the lecturer, Louis C. Elson.

TINA LERNER'S RECITAL.

At Jordan hall Tuesday afternoon Miss Tina Lerner was well received in the following program: Beethoven, sonata in C major, op. 2, No. 3; Chopin, prelude in F sharp minor, nocturne in F major, etude in G flat, op. 10, No. 5, waltz in A flat, op. 34, ballade in F minor, op. 52; Mendelssohn, "Rondo Capriccioso"; W. Metzl, nocturne; Paganini-Liszt, etude in A minor; Liszt, "Meine Freuden" (Chopin), polonaise in E major.

Miss Lerner played the last two movements of the sonata with a precision and delicacy that was much admired. This department, finger brilliancy, is the one in which she excels. The Chopin numbers were not convincing as a whole, but the well known G flat etude was played with a sparkle that compelled spontaneous applause, as did also the Liszt-Paganini number. This charming young pianist has much yet to acquire in tone production, but with the gradual development of matured powers will play easily the difficult pieces of Liszt and Rubenstein. She was in difficulties in the heavy work in the Liszt polonaise, but redeemed herself in the lighter passages.

GILBERT PUPILS' RECITAL.

An evening of comedy was given by the dramatic department of the New England Conservatory of Music in Jordan hall Tuesday evening, under the direction of Clayton D. Gilbert. The opening number was "Washington's First Deed," a love story of our first President Grey in the ingenue role of Lucy Grylls was especially charming and showed the poise of professional experience.

Then followed three Japanese love songs by Joseph L. Roedel, and rendered by students. Raymond Simonds' singing of "My Blossom Maid," was excellent, and the others were commendable. A cockney comedy called "The Changeling" displayed a fine command of dialect by the players, especially Mr. Schofield. "Weather or No," an English operetta, proved novel. Miss Victoria Sordoni and

Frank Harrington enacted the quaint characters delightfully. The program closed with "The Fan," a pantomime comedy in two scenes written by Clayton D. Gilbert and performed for the first time in public. The costuming and musical setting were in perfect accord with the action of the piece, which was really a gem.

based upon the religious fervor of the plantation slaves, who originated them. These old African melodies, picked up on plantations and in the meeting houses of the South, have been studied and worked over until today few of them retain the crude simplicity that formerly characterized them. Many of the best songs, harmonized by the Fisk students were brought to the university by those who learned them at their mothers' knees. Hardly a summer passes but that some student goes out on the plantations to collect some of these forgotten songs.

The appearance of the Fisk jubilee singers in a series of private recitals which has just been concluded, has been of great interest to musical circles in New York. Although one member of this year's quartet can sing acceptably in oratorio work of the highest class and another has written what is probably the most popular lullaby in the South, the trend of the students is toward hymns and sacred music rather than that of a secular nature. They claim for their work an equal recognition with that of the study of the folk songs of other nationalities and countries, and are unmistakably in deep earnest and have the best interests of their race at heart. It is hoped by those interested that the series just concluded will be a prelude to the quartet's appearance in public concerts later in the season.

The performance at the New theater on Thursday afternoon will consist of three different entertainments, opening with "Il Maestro di Capella," by Ferdinando Pier. This opera was written originally in two acts in French and first performed on March 29, 1821. Subsequently it was given in Italian, and in 1894 it was revived as a one-act opera at the Scala, in Milan. A Zanardini, who made the Italian adaptation, did so with a view of Antonio Pini-Corsi in the principal role of Barnaba, the Maestro di Capella (music master), in which he achieved a great success. In the forthcoming production at the New theater Pini-Corsi is also cast for the role, while the role of Benetto, his nephew, is in the hands of Angelo Bada, and Miss Alma Gluck will interpret the role of Gertrud, the cook.

The second part of the performance will be taken up by Miss Rita Sacchetto in her dramatic dances.

The bill will close with a performance of Mascagni's "Cavalleria Rusticana."

This week brings the second visit of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. At the Thursday night concert D'Indy's Symphony No. 2, in B-flat, recently played by Mr. Fiedler in Boston, will be brought out for the first time in four years. Mme. Olga Samoroff will play the Schumann concertos.

The next form in which operatic extension will manifest itself on the part of the Metropolitan Opera Company will be the placing of an entire company in Philadelphia. The principals of the Metropolitan and Academy of Music will be mutually interchangeable, but there will be a local chorus, orchestra and entire technical staff. The object of this move is to save the great expense of carrying the company to Philadelphia, which uses up too large a share of the profits. In all probability there will be twice as many performances in Philadelphia next winter and the expenses of transportation would under such circumstances be even greater.

Mischa Elman, who arrives shortly in this country, will play 16 concerts with the Boston symphony, two of which will be in New York and two in Boston. At a later appearance here with the Russian Symphony Orchestra, Elman will be heard in a new concerto by Glazounov, never before heard in America. The youthful performer will play in all 50 concerts during his three-months tour.

CHICAGO MUSIC LETTER.

CHICAGO—The Irish Choral Society has decided to make a four months' tour of Europe. The society will give its last Chicago concert of this season in Orchestra

PLUMMER'S

A Sale of Waists Skirts and Petticoats All Under-priced

Draftsman Plummer & Co. 531 Washington Street

LINGERIE WAISTS, yoke of embroidery finished with Val and shiny insertion, front panel extending to waist line, collar and cuffs of lace. 1.98
WAISTS OF MEN'S SHIRTING, front edge bordered in floral design, Gibson shoulder effect, linen cuffs and collar, beautifully laundered. Packed one in a box. 2.98
NET WAISTS, exceedingly effective style yoke, collar and cuffs of soutache braid in a pretty design, body of blouse of tucks and insertion. 5.98
WAISTS OF IMPORTED MESSALINE, net yoke, blouse tucked and trimmed with self color buttons, tucked back, rose, reseda, raisin, smoke, light blue. 5.98
SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS
OF ALL-WOOL SERGE, made with cluster plaits on sides and panel front and back. 5.95
SKIRTS OF ALTMAN VOILE, full side plaited effect, trimmed with moire or tafeta folds, over best quality rustling taffeta drop skirt. 9.95
SKIRTS OF FANCY MIXTURES in stripes and invisible plaids, made with yoke effect with plaits, also cluster and side plaited trimmed with buttons, making a very suitable skirt for street or house wear. 7.50
PETTICOATS
OF BEST QUALITY TAFFETA, deep umbrella flounce trimmed with stitched bands, in all of the new shades and black. 4.95
TAFFETA PETTICOATS of best quality rustling taffeta, in fancy stripes, Dresden, changeable and two-tone effects, made with deep full flounce with stitched bands. 5.95
PETTICOATS with jersey tops and tucked heatherloom flounce—a perfect fitting skirt. 2.95
PETTICOATS with jersey top and taffeta silk flounce, trimmed with stitched folds of silk. 4.95

tra hall on March 28 and immediately afterward will start on the long journey. A series of concerts will be given in the eastern cities, beginning at Cleveland and covering a period of about six weeks. A short trip into Canada may be taken prior to sailing for Ireland.

There will be 60 singers for the chorus, an orchestra of 35 pieces, several soloists and a number of relative of the musicians. The entire party will number about 150.

The first concert in Europe will be given in London. The other large cities of England will be visited and the singers will cross to Ireland where they will be heard in all the important towns.

Thomas Taylor Drill, musical director of the society, will have personal charge of the trip as well as the direction of the concerts. The programs will be in two parts, the first made up of folk songs, solos and modern compositions, and the second an Irish Antata. Between the two parts there will be a short address either by Mr. Drill or by J. W. Donohue, to explain that the pilgrimage is for the purpose of stimulating interest in Irish music.

Director Drill says there is much that is meritorious in Irish music about which the public knows little or nothing because there has been no demand for it and it has not been published. Wherever the society goes the local singers will be urged to organize choral societies to encourage Irish composers.

The Irish Choral Society was organized in 1902 and gives two concerts each year in Orchestra hall accompanied by a large portion of the Thomas orchestra. P. H. O'Donnell is the president of the society.

Chicago also will be largely represented in the invasion of Europe by a picked organization of Swedish singers from America, to leave during early summer. About 50 members of the American Union of Swedish Singers will give concerts in Sweden, and possibly in France and Germany, and of these 16 will be from Chicago, members of the Svithiod Singing Club. John R. Ortenberg will be director in chief. Gustaf Holmquist, Chicago basso soloist, will accompany the party and will take part in the programs. It is possible that one or two other soloists will be engaged.

The members of the chorus have been chosen from 1200 applicants. The entire party will number about 150; at least 40 concerts will be given, and the trip will require about four months. Twelve years ago a similar musical pilgrimage was made.

MUSICAL DEPARTMENT

FOX - BUONAMICI School of Pianoforte Playing

FACULTY.

MR. CARLO BUONAMICI
MISS ALICE McDOWELL
MISS LAURA M. WINTER
MISS MARY B. SWAIN
MISS CAROLYN M. ATWOOD

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

Circulars, etc., on Application.

The Jennie Woodbridge Orchestra

Miss Woodbridge is assisted by professional musicians.

Available for Receptions, Dinners, Dances and Weddings.

Miss Woodbridge also accepts individual engagements as pianist for dancing and as accompanist.

Huntington Chambers 12-1, Tel. B. 2215.

Residence, Garrison Hall. Tel. B. 2308.

Child Garden Music School

Normal lessons; lessons in piano, harmony and kindergarten class for children, ages 4 to 8.

JOSEPHINE ALANA JONES, 505 Huntington Chambers, Boston, Mass.

FREDERIC W. ROOT

TEACHER OF SINGING

KIMBALL HALL, CHICAGO

LILLIAN FRENCH HEAD, soprano, contralto, recital; pupils accepted.

W. 625 St. Charles; tel. Kenos 1772.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

Circulars, etc., on Application.

The Jennie Woodbridge Orchestra

Miss Woodbridge is assisted by professional musicians.

Available for Receptions, Dinners, Dances and Weddings.

Miss Woodbridge also accepts individual engagements as pianist for dancing and as accompanist.

Huntington Chambers 12-1, Tel. B. 2215.

Residence, Garrison Hall. Tel. B. 2308.

Child Garden Music School

Normal lessons; lessons in piano, harmony and kindergarten class for children, ages 4 to 8.

JOSEPHINE ALANA JONES, 505 Huntington Chambers, Boston, Mass.

FREDERIC W. ROOT

TEACHER OF SINGING

KIMBALL HALL, CHICAGO

LILLIAN FRENCH HEAD, soprano, contralto, recital; pupils accepted.

W. 625 St. Charles; tel. Kenos 1772.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

Circulars, etc., on Application.

The Jennie Woodbridge Orchestra

Miss Woodbridge is assisted by professional musicians.

Available for Receptions, Dinners, Dances and Weddings.

Miss Woodbridge also accepts individual engagements as pianist for dancing and as accompanist.

Huntington Chambers 12-1, Tel. B. 2215.

Residence, Garrison Hall. Tel. B. 2308.

Child Garden Music School

Normal lessons; lessons in piano, harmony and kindergarten class for children, ages 4 to 8.

JOSEPHINE ALANA JONES, 505 Huntington Chambers, Boston, Mass.

FREDERIC W. ROOT

TEACHER OF SINGING

KIMBALL HALL, CHICAGO

LILLIAN FRENCH HEAD, soprano, contralto, recital; pupils accepted.

W. 625 St. Charles; tel. Kenos 1772.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

Circulars, etc., on Application.

The Jennie Woodbridge Orchestra

Miss Woodbridge is assisted by professional musicians.

Available for Receptions, Dinners, Dances and Weddings.

Miss Woodbridge also accepts individual engagements as pianist for dancing and as accompanist.

Huntington Chambers 12-1, Tel. B. 2215.

Residence, Garrison Hall. Tel. B. 2308.

Child Garden Music School

Normal lessons; lessons in piano, harmony and kindergarten class for children, ages 4 to 8.

JOSEPHINE ALANA JONES, 505 Huntington Chambers, Boston, Mass.

FREDERIC W. ROOT

TEACHER OF SINGING

KIMBALL HALL, CHICAGO

LILLIAN FRENCH HEAD, soprano, contralto, recital; pupils accepted.

W. 625 St. Charles; tel. Kenos 1772.

MR. FELIX FOX

MISS MARY V. PRATT

MISS M. ROSE ROCHETTE

MR. G. F. HAMER

MR. RICHARD WATERHOUSE

MR. ENRICO LEROY

Address, THE REGISTRAR, FOX-BUONAMICI SCHOOL, Steinert Hall, Boston, Mass.

Circulars, etc., on Application.

The Jennie Woodbridge Orchestra

Miss Woodbridge is assisted by professional musicians.

Available for Receptions, Dinners, Dances and Weddings.

Miss Woodbridge also accepts individual engagements as pianist for dancing and as accompanist.

Huntington Chambers 12-1, Tel. B. 2215.

Leading Hotels Restaurants Cafes

Special Rates
For the Winter Months

Chicago Beach Hotel

(AMERICAN OR EUROPEAN PLAN)

offers elegant apartments, single or en suite. Only 14 minutes ride by express trains from the business, shopping and theatre district. You can enjoy every modern comfort and convenience. Always warm in coldest weather. Cuisine is unexcelled. Ample provision made for transient or touring guests. Illustrated booklet on request.
51st Blvd. and Lake Shore, Chicago
(Tel. H. P. 4000)

THE NEW ROSSLYN

G. A. & D. H. HART

THE NATICK HOUSE



413 SOUTH MAIN ST.
Rates { European, 75c to \$2.75
American, \$1.50 to \$3.00
285 Rooms—125 Rooms with Bath.



FIRST AND MAIN STS.
Rates { American, \$1.25 to \$3.00
European, 50c to \$2.50.

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

THE HOUSEKEEPER

Hints That May Help.

GIRL'S DRESS.

Girls' dresses that are made all in one are both practical and smart. This one is closed invisibly at the left of the front. The skirt and waist are joined beneath the belt, and the panel at the back is attached at its lower edge, while the front one is hooked into place at the left side, attached at the right. Serge is the material illustrated, with collar of embroidered batiste. All the materials that are used for girls' dresses are appropriate for this one. The collar can be of the same or of silk, quite as well as of lingerie material.



The material required for the 10-Child's Dress, year size is 5 1/2 yards 24 or 27 1/2 inches wide. The pattern (No. 6525) may be had in sizes for girls from 8 to 14 years of age at any May Mantion agency or will be mailed on receipt of price (10c). Address May Mantion Pattern Company, 132 East Twenty-third street, New York; or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

SIMPLE PUDDINGS.

BREAD CUSTARD.
Pour one quart of boiling milk on to one pint or more of dry bread. Use as much as will absorb the milk, and stir in one half cup sugar and one half teaspoon salt. When cold, add the yolk of four eggs well beaten and last stir in lightly the whites, beaten stiff. Bake one hour and eat without sauce. This makes a good main dish for a family luncheon.

SUET.
Mix and sift together thoroughly 2 1/2 cups flour, one teaspoon soda, one half teaspoon salt, one half teaspoon cinnamon and one half teaspoon each ground cloves, ginger and nutmeg. Add one cup chopped suet. Mix one cup molasses with one cup milk and stir into the flour mixture, pour into a buttered mould and steam three hours. Serve with a sauce made by mixing one heaping tablespoon flour smooth with one pint water. Boil 10 minutes, add one cup sugar, one tablespoon butter and the juice and grated rind of one lemon or one tablespoon vinegar.

RICE.
Wash one half cup rice through several waters. Add to it one half cup sugar, one half teaspoon salt, one tablespoon butter and one quart milk. After it has been in the oven long enough to melt the butter, stir it thoroughly and then bake slowly for about two hours, keeping it covered until the last half hour. It should form a creamy mass when done and should be taken from the oven before it becomes stiff. Rice cooked in this way is very delicious if properly baked. Serve either hot or cold.

IN THE SHOPS OF ADVERTISERS.

At Plummer's, 531-535 Washington street, a special display of novelty neckwear for women is being made which should attract all who are interested in this department of feminine attire. This firm is offering more tailored stocks in all colors for 50 cents; messaline stocks, with smart little turnover collars, at 75 cents; hand crocheted and hand embroidered jabots at 25 cents, and some very attractive imported beaded scarfs at \$6.

If interested in emblem jewelry and dainty conceits in souvenir silver, one should drop a line to the J. C. Derby

Company of Concord, N. H., for its illustrated catalogue.

How often the question of what to give this friend or that as a holiday gift proves somewhat perplexing to the housekeeper, but her question is readily answered if she visits the store of Walter M. Hatch & Co. on Summer street and inspects the fascinating imported merchandise there. The stock of this firm includes new things in Japanese and Chinese bronzes, brasses, pottery, silks, linens, teakwood furniture, screens, lamps, china and a choice assortment of oriental floor coverings.

H. H. Carter & Co., 5 Ashburton place, are showing an attractive line of cards and calendars for holiday gifts. The shopper will also find displayed at this company's store many novelties of unique design, including leather goods, pocket goods, photographs, imported colored prints and picture puzzles. One should not forget to examine the special holiday stationery in handsomely decorated boxes.

The seeker for exclusive styles in furs at correct prices can do no better than inspect the new stock shown at the store of Jackson & Co., 126 Tremont street. This company gives special attention to the manufacture of every article it exhibits.

The gifts in gold for men shown by the Smith Patterson Company, 52 Summer street, are attracting much attention. Here the shopper will discover countless bargains in gold rings, links, fobs, studs and scarf pins.

The big store of the Jordan Marsh Company is drawing large crowds in search of correct styles and moderate prices. On the second floor near the elevator ready attendants will show samples of a new line of party and dancing frocks for young misses. The prices, ranging from \$5 to \$65, have been set with the view of meeting the needs of all who may be interested in this department of wearing apparel.

Visitors to the gift room of the Paine Furniture Company, 48 Canal street, unite in praising the newly arrived mahogany sets which are being sold during the holiday period at bargain prices. An inlaid magazine stand of mahogany with three shelves and drawer may be purchased for \$19.50. The shopper who is looking for gifts for men should view the shaving stands, toilet glasses and bookracks which are sure to please the recipient. This firm also has for sale many substantial pieces of mission furniture of pleasing design.

At this season of the year many persons are looking for gloves and feather boas, and the attractive line of these articles which is shown at the store of S. Cohen & Co., 50 Winter street, is meeting with popular favor. It is doubtful if any store in Boston has a finer stock of mink, marten and black fox muffs than to be seen here. Neat boxes of handkerchiefs, initial and colored, form one of the features of the special holiday stock of the Cohen company.

Among the interesting lines of carpets and rugs at the store of the Torrey, Bright & Capen Company, 348-350 Washington street, the shopper is sure to notice the oriental rugs which have been put in stock especially for the holiday trade. They are among the most beautiful that have ever been shown in the city.

Lovers of books should see what the W. B. Clarke Co., 26 and 28 Tremont street, has to offer before making a choice. This store is conveniently located for passengers on the elevated who leave their car at Scollay square or State street.

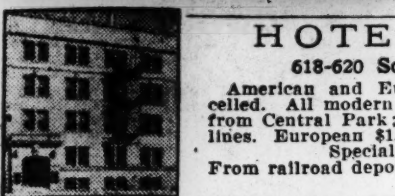


THE
SHOREHAM
WASHINGTON, D. C.
European Plan

Absolutely Fireproof

Within five minutes walk of the White House, Treasury, State, War and Navy Departments.

JOHN T. DEVINE, Proprietor



HOTEL HEINZEMAN

618-620 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles
American and European Plan Family Hotel. Cuisine unexcelled. All modern conveniences. Centrally located; one-half block from Postoffice and all car lines. European \$1.00 and up. American \$2.00 and up. Special rates by the week or month.
From railroad depots take any car via 6th or 7th sts.
C. C. DORR, Proprietor.

THE ELMS
Absolutely Fireproof
A HIGH-CLASS RESIDENTIAL HOTEL
Just a block from Express trains—10 minutes to City. Select neighborhood. Two and three-room suites or single rooms. Long distance 'phone in every room. Table bountiful and tempting. Rates moderate. For rates call or address Manager, CORNELL AVE. AND 6RD ST., CHICAGO.

MARTHA WASHINGTON
New York's Exclusive Woman's Hotel.
29 East 29th Street, Near 5th Ave.
Restaurant and Tea Room for men and women.
Rates, \$1.00 and Up
Convenient to subway and cross town car lines. Centre of Theater and Shopping District.
A. W. EAGER.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

Papers have been signed whereby the Houghton & Dutton Company acquires control of the property at 2 Beacon street, near the junction of Tremont street. The company now controls all the frontage on the north side of Beacon street from Tremont street around the corner of Somerset street, and on Tremont street to the Suffolk Savings Bank. The property has a total assessed valuation of more than \$100,000, of which the larger part is on the 1519 square feet of land. The grantors are Henry P. Walcott and another, trustees. There is a seven-story brick and stone building on the site.

MARLBOROUGH STREET SALE.

The estate at 313 Marlborough street, Back Bay, has been purchased by Arthur W. Doubleday, the title being released by George H. Smith and others. The total tax rating is \$18,000, of which \$11,100 is on 2016 square feet of land and the remainder on a large four-story brick house.

CHANGES IN THE SOUTH END.

Three small transfers in the South End of the city proper are reported. Isaac Basinow et ux. have conveyed to David Bear, who conveyed to Rebecca Zax, the property in Sharon street, South End. Harris A. Alkon et ux. have passed title to Abraham Segal on a frame house, with about 1000 square feet of land in Lenox street, and a parcel in Kendall street, near Shawmut avenue, comprising a brick house and 1200 square feet of land, has been conveyed by James W. Newhall et al., trustees, to Mary Nichols et al.

OTHER SALES.

Henderson & Ross, Kimball building, report the sale for William Howard White, trustee, of a lot of land having a frontage on Pleasant street, Dorchester. It is near Hancock street and the area is 4815 square feet. The purchaser was Arthur H. Douse, who intends to erect a high-grade three-apartment house.

NEW SECRETARY REACHES LONDON

LONDON—William Phillips of Boston, who succeeded John Ridgely Carter as secretary of the American embassy, arrived on Tuesday and took up his duties. He was cordially welcomed by Ambassador Reid and members of the embassy.

Mr. Phillips is no stranger in London. He was graduated from Harvard in 1900, and for two years served as private secretary to the American ambassador to Great Britain. For a time he was second secretary of the American legation at Peking. He was in the department of state at Washington for several years and last January was appointed third assistant secretary of state.

When Mr. Carter was appointed minister to the Balkan states Mr. Phillips was appointed to succeed him as secretary of the London embassy.

TRADE IN ENGLAND SHOWS INCREASE

LONDON—The returns for November of this year as compared with the corresponding month in 1908 show increased imports and exports of £11,709,745 (\$58,503,725) and £4,174,040 (\$20,870,200) respectively, according to the board of trade.

The returns for 11 months in 1909, compared with the same months in 1908, show that the imports increased £27,629,009 (\$138,140,995), while the exports decreased £3,228,456 (\$16,142,280). The most noteworthy feature of the November imports was an increase of \$20,106,785 in raw cotton.

Atwood & Pattee, Niles building, report final papers on record conveying the property at 72 Eustis street, North Cambridge. It consists of a three-family house of 14 rooms, three baths and modern improvements, with 4300 square feet of land. Augusta H. Alsterlund conveys to Catherine T. Joyce. The price was close to the assessments.

The same firm has agreements signed for the sale of the estate at 32-34 Newburn avenue, Medford, this being a three-family house with modern improvements, with 3362 square feet of land. The property is assessed for \$3600. Walter H. Warnock is the grantor, and the purchaser is Mrs. S. C. Nelson of East Boston. The consideration paid by the new owner was in excess of the taxed value.

Through the office of Frederick L. McGowan, Devonshire building, a lot containing 11,730 square feet of land on St. Paul street, near Aspinwall avenue, Brookline, has been sold for Minnie E. Kee to J. C. L. Dowling. It is assessed for \$6500.

MIDDLEBORO FARM SOLD.

The Chapin Farm Agency has sold for Mrs. Mabel C. Perry her farm in Plymouth street, North Middleboro, comprising 10 acres of land, a two-story colonial house of 12 rooms, a barn with outbuildings and three poultry houses and a fruit orchard. The estate was sold to William Hunt of Boston, who has already taken possession.

BUYS SHREWSBURY LAND.

J. W. Wilbur, a large operator in vacant land, has purchased a tract of 500,000 square feet in Shrewsbury, which he intends to improve with new streets and cut up into building lots. The land is at the junction of Shrewsbury road and Boylston street and has a frontage of nearly 850 feet. It was owned by John J. Harney. The agreement papers have been signed and the title is now being examined.

DAMS WILL SAVE GREAT OIL FLOW

PITTSBURG, Pa.—Advices to the Philadelphia Company here today say that workmen have started building dams to catch the surplus oil that is running into the creeks from a new gusher in Harrison county, West Virginia. The gusher has been flowing for two days, starting at 75 barrels an hour. All available tankage was soon filled and it is now averaging 300 barrels an hour. This represents an income of over \$10,000 a day at the present market price of oil.

CRETAN DECISION IS DUE ON FRIDAY

PARIS—M. Pichon, the minister of foreign affairs, announces that the four protecting powers in Crete have reached a complete understanding in regard to the text of the reply to Turkey's note, which demanded the installation of a definite regime on the island under the sovereignty of the Sultan. The reply will be handed to the Turkish ambassadors at the capitals of the four powers on Dec. 10.

MAINE TIMBER LAND SOLD.

HOULTON, Me.—A big transfer of timber land was recorded here Tuesday when 54,000 acres were sold for \$220,000 at auction by the receiver of the Fish River Lumber Company. The purchaser was Congressman Edwin J. Burleigh of Augusta.



IN THE HEART OF
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Hotel Lankershim

EUROPEAN PLAN

Rates \$1.50 and up—with Bath \$2.00 up.
First-Class and Strictly Modern Free Auto Bus Meets All Trains
COOPER & DAVIS, Lessees.

Brandon Hall

1501 BEACON ST., BROOKLINE
Refined, Exclusive—Furnished or unfurnished apartments, any number of rooms, with bath; high class service at moderate prices.
ARTHUR L. BACE, Proprietor.

During the Holidays
THE
Copley Square Hotel

Will furnish Hungarian Music 6 to 8 10 to 12
Come and try our new suggestions.

A Suggestion for the Winter

Hotel Titchfield

Most beautifully located hotel in the world.
Port Antonio, Jamaica, B. W. I.
Accommodations for four hundred guests.
Many private baths.
Open Jan. 6, 1910, until April 15th.

Myrtle Bank Hotel

Kingston, Jamaica, B. W. I.
European Plan.
100 rooms. 35 private baths.
Open entire year.

Ainslie & Grabow Co.

Also operating Hotel Lenox, Boston; Hotel Tuller, Boston; Hotel Empire, Boston; New Ocean House, Swampscott, Mass.

The Coolidge

Coolidge Corner, Brookline
Furnished or unfurnished apartments, all modern improvements. One to four rooms with bath, for permanent or transient occupancy. Cuisine of Unvarying Excellence.
F. F. BRINE, Manager.

Hotel Westminster
Copley Square
BOSTON
C. A. GLEASON

THE HAMILTON

14th and K sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.
A HOME LIKE HOTEL, featuring beautiful Franklin Park. Five minutes to White House. Quiet, refined; first-class table; modern appointments. Room and board \$2.50 up per day. Special rates for prolonged stay. Booklet.
IRVING O. BALL, Proprietor.

Oak Court Hotel LAKESIDE, N. J.
Select Family Hotel; best service throughout. ARNHOLT & SPANGENBERG, Props.

The Monitor
IS THE PAPER FOR THE HOME

TELEPHONE WAR IS NOT EXPECTED

CHICAGO—"There will be no war between the independents and the Bell Telephone Company, and we'll have connection with Chicago within a year." This was the declaration made at the convention of the International Independent Telephone Association by the secretary of the association, J. P. Ware. "There will be no trouble regarding the future of the Independent Telephone Association nor the operations of the Independent telephones throughout the country," said Secretary Ware. "Our chances for getting into the larger cities are brighter than ever."

DECIDE THE SCHURZ MEMORIAL.

NEW YORK—The Wisconsin Society of New York has decided to purchase the first American home of Carl Schurz, in Watertown, Wis., and turn it into a public park. At the club dinner at the Hotel Astor, Henry C. Davis declared he and other members would finance the plan. The park commissioners of Watertown had undertaken to care for the memorial. The sum involved is \$3500.

BUYS IN POWER COMPANY.

LANCASTER, Penn.—The real and personal property of the McCall's Ferry Power Company has been bought at public sale by William M. Barnum of New York for \$2,000,000. His was the only bid.

The company was incorporated in Maine in 1905, with \$10,000,000 capital stock, to construct a power plant on the Susquehanna river.

CONSUL WANTS PLACE ABOLISHED.

NEW YORK—William H. Robertson, American consul at Tangier, Morocco, who has arrived by the North German Lloyd liner Berlin from the Mediterranean, said he had turned in one consular report since he took office at Tangier two years ago. He has advocated the abolition of his office.

JUDGE COXE FOR SUPREME COURT.

UTICA, N. Y.—A resolution urging President Taft to appoint Judge Alfred C. Cox of Utica to the vacancy on the United States supreme court bench has been unanimously passed by the Onondaga County Bar Association, in annual session in this city. Judge Cox was a nephew of Roscoe Conkling.

KAISER TO GET MEDAL.

BERLIN—Gen. Stewart Woodford of New York has notified the Kaiser that he will arrive here on Jan. 3 with the gold medal of the Hudson-Fulton celebration and will present it in person.

MARCONI GOING FOR HIS PRIZE.

COPENHAGEN—William Marconi has arrived here en route for Stockholm, where he is to receive the Nobel prize for physics on Dec. 11. He is accompanied by his wife.

CAFES AND RESTAURANTS

Delft Tea Room
429 BOYLSTON ST.
(Near Berkeley St.)
Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.
Dinner, 5:30 to 7:30.
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, 50 CENTS.
DEC 15

When in Seattle
VISIT
The Maryland Dairy Lunch
109 COLUMBIA STREET.
SEATTLE, WASH.

THE MONITOR
HOTEL ADVERTISEMENTS
REACH A LARGE NUMBER
OF TRAVELERS AND TOURISTS

SUGAR COMPANY PLANS SHAKE-UP

EX-SHAH STUDIES RUSSIAN WAYS

CINCINNATI—Statements received in Cincinnati in letters written to local stockholders in the American Sugar Refining Company say that a general house-cleaning will be effected in that organization after Jan. 12. On that date the holders of stock will gather or be represented at a meeting in Jersey City. These letters, which are signed by Richard Olney and Gilmer Clapp of Boston and Stephen S. Palmer of New York, say that the old Havemeyer directors are to relinquish their positions or still hold them on the minority side of the table. The plan as seen in this proposition is to elect four new directors who will be helpful to President W. B. Thomas of Boston.

EDUCATIONAL

A BOOK by Leland Powers and Carol Hoyt
Powers, entitled *Talks on Some Fundamentals of Expression*. Price, One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents.
Address **LELAND POWERS SCHOOL** :: 177 Huntington Avenue, Boston

SHORTHAND

A new system, tested in business correspondence during past 10 years. I use it daily in court or other legal work. I find that any student of average intelligence can take dictation at 100 words a minute or better in less than three months. Evening classes only. It is also an easy system to teach by mail. Write for information and testimonials from former pupils.
A. D. HOYT, 6 Beacon Street
Individuals—**W. B. Clarke & Co.**
Cards to Order. 26 & 28 Tremont St.

STUDIO OF EXPRESSION

EDITH M. HERRICK, Instructor
Formerly of the Faculty **LELAND POWERS SCHOOL**. Private courses, all branches Platform Art. Special classes in Bible reading. Send for circular. 55 St. Stephen st., Boston.
MISS BESSIE G. WHITING
Graduate of Leland Powers School. Instruction in dramatic art and literary interpretation.
Platform reading.
54 Preston Road, Somerville, Massachusetts.
STUDIO OF EXPRESSION.
Miss Jessie Arguello.
The art of speaking and reading, cultivation of the speaking voice. English diction, literature. **HOTEL RICHMOND, 78 WEST 46TH ST., NEW YORK.**

RATES

One insertion, 12 cents a line,
three or more insertions, 10 cents
a line.

Classified Advertisements

Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office, Suites 2092-2093, Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 510 Orchestra Bldg., 168 Michigan Ave.

TELEPHONE

Your advertisement to 4330
Back Bay, or, if preferred, a rep-
resentative will call on you to dis-
cuss advertising

REAL ESTATE

CHARLES M. CONANT

Real Estate, Mortgages, Insurance

640-641-642 Old South Bldg. Phone Main 4123

MELROSE—1½ acre of land, center of city, 5 houses, good rental. Price \$16,500.

W. ANDOVER—Six-room house, shed, 16 acres land, good condition, near station. Price \$2100.

STONEHAM—In the center of the town, on electric line, houses and land, will build to suit and sell on easy terms.

SOMERVILLE—Some fine places from \$2000 to \$3000, for sale at low prices or exchange.

FARMS—In Foxboro, Wrentham, Stoughton, Haverhill, etc. Prices from \$1000 to \$5000.

GREATER BOSTON—Wanted, small houses and 2-family houses. Customers waiting.

ATLANTIC—Fine 3-family house, all improvements, single house, all improvements, \$2700, mortgage \$2500, rent \$120; splendid 3-family house, \$2500, mortgage \$2500, rent \$200; new 2-family house, all improvements, \$2500, rent \$200.

DORCHESTER—Norfolk st., 3-family house and store, well rented, low price, good investment.

EVERETT—Some 2-family houses and also single houses, low prices, easy terms.

LAND—In Revere, Saugus, Melrose, Malden, Dorchester, Newton and Brookline.

MEDFORD—Very attractive 2-apartment house, separate every way, modern, beautiful, shrubbery, rents for \$55; fine place and great bargain.

REAL ESTATE

BROOKLINE—15-room house, modern, billiard room downstairs, steam heat, hardwood floors, finish and dado, 3 open fireplaces, now rented at \$75 per month.

NEWTON—Exceptional house of 12 rooms and bath, laundry, furnace, 7000 feet land. This is a very fine place.

SHARON—20-acre farm, also 18-acre farm, both complete with house, barn, hen houses, fruit houses, wood lots, etc. Look these up! Also several fine estates, with plenty of land. See our list at office and our salesmen will show the property.

WOLLASTON—12-room house, h. w. heat, hardwood floors, piazza all around, ½ acre land, tennis court, fine lawn, pear and cherry trees, grape vine, stable, hen houses and hen yard. This is a bargain. Owner going West. See our list at office and our salesmen will show the property.

FOXBORO—6-room cottage, barn, poultry houses, plenty fruit, cranberries, 3 acres of land. Price \$1500.

WELLESLEY—Roomy cottage, barn, hen house, and acre of land. Price \$1100; easy terms.

FOXBORO—18-acre farm, with 14-room house, all improvements, fruit of all kinds, silo, ½ acre strawberries, near steam and electric. Price \$4000; easy terms.

ATLANTIC-BY-THE-SEA—Now is the time to buy home sites in this beautiful location. Houses are in process of construction, and lots can never be purchased any lower than today. Let us build a house to suit you. See our plans.

REAL ESTATE

D. W. Bonney & Son

General Insurance and Real Estate Brokers

11 Central Street, Corner Kilby Street, Boston.

MAIN 2268-1.

MAIDEN—On a corner lot in the best residential district, a house of 13 rooms, 2 baths and laundry, h. w. floors downstairs, elegantly finished in black walnut, near to R. R. and electric, 11,000 ft. land, large stable; a rare chance for some one at \$12,500.

WOLLASTON—In a choice location, 3 min. to R. R. sta. and electric, 4 min. to churches, schools, stores, etc., a large, modern, 10-room house, bath and laundry, broad piazza, h. w. heat, h. w. floors, cemented cellar, 8880 ft. land, 10 ft. front. See photo. Price \$7200; easy terms.

MELROSE—We have a large list of choice properties in this beautiful suburb, from \$2500 up; easy terms if desired; do not fail to see us before buying. **BONNEY.**

BROOKLINE—In the best residential district, a modern house of 11 rooms, bath and laundry, h. w. floors, 2 fireplaces, everything modern, 3 min. to electric, 6500 ft. land. Price \$8800.

CHESTNUT HILL—A corner lot, choice locality, brand new house of 9 rooms, 2 baths and laundry, hardwood floors, all conveniences, 15,000 ft. land, move if wanted; 10 min. to R. R. sta. A rare chance. Price \$14,000.

DORCHESTER—Two-family house, hardwood floors, every convenience, 4000 feet of land, nice shade trees, two minutes to railroad station; one-half minute to electric. Bargain. Price \$6200.

DEDHAM—2 min. E. Dedham R. R. sta., in a choice location; house of 9 rooms and bath, every convenience. Price \$3800.

DORCHESTER—Near Harvard St. Sta., house of 12 rooms and bath, h. w. heat, every modern convenience—a description does not do it justice. It must be seen to be appreciated. This is a beauty. Price \$5500.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF INSURANCE promptly and efficiently placed in the best Companies. Fire, Burglary, Liability and Surety Bonds for Trustees, Administrators, Contractors. All kinds Insurance and Surety Bonds.

DEDHAM—House of 11 rooms, bath and laundry, every modern convenience; choice location; five minutes to railroad station; exceptionally well built; 15,000 feet of land. A bargain for some one at \$5300, or will rent. **BONNEY.**

MELROSE—House of 7 rooms and bath; every convenience, newly papered, painted and shingled last month, in All right; choice location; 7 min. to R. R. sta. Price for quick sale \$2500; \$500 down.

HYDE PARK—On corner lot near electric and steam cars, five 12-room house, bath, h. w. heat, h. w. floors, modern conveniences, choice neighborhood. Price \$4500.

WESTWOOD—3 min. to R. R. sta., electric cars, 9 rooms, bath, everything modern; large stable, room for man, 150 fruit trees, grape vines, hennery; 23 acres land. Price \$7500.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell, hire or rent, mortgage or insure, communicate with us at once.

REAL ESTATE

LOGGED-OFF
ACREAGE
BOUGHT
SOLD
CLEARED

Seattle Investment Co.
HARRIS/LEE
REAL ESTATE
607-3rd Ave.
Seattle, U.S.A.

Results from BY-PRODUCTS of logged-off lands by use of PORTABLE WOOD-EXTRACTING PLANTS show profits of \$300 per acre.

A wood extracting plant already in operation here has produced over 140 gallons of CREOSOTE and TAR per cord of stump wood, besides 50 bushels of chemically pure CHARCOAL.

The utilization of second growth materials for telegraph poles, railroad ties, paving blocks, etc., and the reduction of other waste materials for producing a fuel for automobiles and engines will add to above results.

The companies we represent will buy clear on shares or develop logged-off lands that are suitable for agriculture or fruit.

References: Wm. D. Perkins & Co., bankers.

HARMON I. LEE,
FINANCIAL AGENT
807 THIRD AVENUE, SEATTLE, WASH.

C. E. JENNINGS
\$3000 FOR 3-FAMILY HOUSE
\$300 down, live in one flat and rent two, and the house will pay for itself. C. E. JENNINGS, 1028 Old South Bldg., Boston, 444 Broadway, Everett.

COSEY HOME, \$2000
6 ROOMS, bath, hot and cold water, set tiles, new cars, stores; \$200 down, balance just as you want it. C. E. JENNINGS, 1028 Old South Bldg., Boston, 444 Broadway, Everett.

HOUSE AND STABLE
\$2500—IN EVERETT, 8 rooms and bath, furnace, 5000 feet of land, good neighborhood; \$500 down, balance as rent. C. E. JENNINGS, 1028 Old South Bldg., Boston, 444 Broadway, Everett.

YOUR ROOF
GRAVEL, SLATE AND METAL ROOFING, Skylights, Ventilators, Gutters and Conductors put up and repaired. ARTIFICIAL STONE, WALKS, WATER-TIGHT CELLARS, ASPHALT FLOORS.

W. A. MURTFELDT CO.
161 Devonshire st., Room 1002.

WANTED
In Dedham or nearby town, 5 to 10 acres land, with 7 or 8-room house, with or without improvements; price around \$5000; would consider land without buildings if wooded and with a view. SETH C. CLARK, 17 Milk st.

PUTNAM INVESTMENT CO.
70 STATE ST., BOSTON
For best class of residential property in the Newtons, Boston, suburbs, call on us. Full details given on application. Prices ranging from \$4000 to \$15,000. PUTNAM INVESTMENT COMPANY.

WANTED—City or country property anywhere; 1 per cent. Send full particulars to ALLEN, 10 Tremont st., Boston.

HOUSES TO LET

Modern House

of Seven Rooms

IN PERFECT REPAIR. WILL RENT TO AN ACCEPTABLE TENANT FOR \$25.00 A MONTH. LOCATION NO. 7 SUMMER ST., MEDFORD, MASS.

Apply to J. B. LEWIS
101 Tremont Street, Boston

COTTAGE WANTED

WANTED TO RENT, by a middle-aged married couple, a small cottage with suitable conveniences; front and back yards; good view; within the suburbs, or a few miles of Providence, R. I.; willing to pay \$12 or \$18 per month, or may buy if everything will be satisfactory. Address E. W. DRY, 406 N. Highland, Pittsburg, Pa.

BUSINESS CHAMBERS TO LET
BOYLSTON ST. STUDIOS
Group of 3 rooms, suitable for practitioner, dentist or dressmaker; 1 elegant, spacious business chamber, 1 flight front; 1 artist's studio, perfect light; rent free till Jan. 1st. Apply ALLEN, HALL & CO., 384 Boylston st.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE
FOR SALE—7% mortgages in amounts of \$1000 and up, in the Imperial Valley, California, on improved farms, valued at \$100 to \$150 per acre; loans at ½ to ¾ valuation. JOSEPH R. LOFTIS CO., Inc., 128 W. Sixth st., Los Angeles, Cal.

BOARDERS WANTED
1—\$11 WEEKLY, ONE PERSON.
\$18 WEEKLY, TWO PERSONS.
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR HOUSE. Service, Cuisine, Furnishings, Unequaled Elsewhere Except at Higher Rates. AMERICAN PLAN ONLY. Parlor, Chamber, Meals, \$18 Upward. SUITES OF TWO PERSONS, \$25. THREE AND FOUR PERSONS, \$42. FOUR PERSONS, \$46. Our prices are on a basis of two meals daily. For three meals add \$1 per week for each person.

TABLES ACCOMMODATED.
REFERENCES REQUIRED. SEND FOR BROCHURE. SPENCER Phone, 2900—Audubon. I—PALATIALLY FURNISHED HOUSE.

ROOMS AND SUITES
WITH AND WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS AND MEALS. \$12 TO \$35 WEEKLY. SPENCER 130 West 69th st., N. Y. Phone, 5774—Columbus.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

APARTMENTS TO LET

New Apartments

Stream Heat, Continuous Hot Water, Janitor Service

COMMONWEALTH AVE. HARVARD AVE. IDEWILD ST. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS Offered to those Renting Before December 15.

W. J. McDONALD CO.
Harvard Ave., near Commonwealth Ave., Allston.
Telephone, Brighton 470
Boston Office 55 Milk St., Tel. Main 0282.

New Type Apartments

Brookline and Newton

Six to nine rooms, all outside like a house, several new features for comfort and convenience not to be found in other apartments; locations unsurpassed; rents \$35 to \$100 per month. Apply W. H. ANDREWS, Trustee, 101 Tremont st., room 401.

BENLOUMAY COURT

Modern heated apartments on Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, 2 minutes from Harvard College; artistic in all their appointments. Information of F. W. NORRIS & CO., 649 Massachusetts Ave., Central Sq., Cambridge.

TO LET—A non-housekeeping suite of 2 large rooms and bath, on third floor; ample closet room, all improvements, fine condition, very desirable; first-class tenants; rent \$25 a month. Apply at office of HOFFMAN HOUSE, 212 Columbus Ave.

TO LET—APARTMENT in best residential part of Jacksonville, Fla. Charles at, near Beacon st. and Public Garden. Apply on premises or to J. HENRY RUSSELL, 18 Tremont st., Boston.

WESTLAND AVENUE

Just completed, suites of 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; rent free until Dec. 1. FLEMING BROS., 168 Mass. Ave., Boston.

ROOMS

DORCHESTER

TO LET—Steam-heated furnished and unfurnished rooms with first-class board; situation unexcelled. Tel. 1062-2 Dor. MRS. R. M. KITSON, 6 Windemere rd.

TWO Northern ladies renting apartment in best residential part of Jacksonville, Fla. will give room and board to two persons; all modern conveniences; terms \$85 per month. Address MRS. VAN BUSKIRK, 47 Lancaster terrace, Jacksonville, Fla.

BRIGHTON—Three desirable unfurnished rooms, housekeeping privileges. All improvements. Excellent neighborhood; convenient to cars. Address 687 Boylston st., Room 322.

TO SUBLET for one month beginning Dec. 16, a sunny, quiet room in walking distance of shops, theaters. M. A. A. 183 East 30th st., New York.

31ST ST., 39 EAST, New York, near Madison Ave.—Rooms single or en suite; meals optional. MRS. D. E. TUTTILL.

ARLINGTON Pleasant rooms, steam heat, spring water, kitchen privileges. Tel. 339-1 Arlington. 795 Mass. Ave.

ROOMS—NEW YORK
LADY living alone wishes to let room to a lady; board optional. Address 8 186, Monitor Office.

ARCHITECT
R. T. C. JACKSON, ARCHITECT, Fall River, Mass. Conferences given with Building Committees in the United States and Canada.

SHIPPING NEWS

Scheduled to leave this morning for Liverpool, the steamer Devonian of the Leyland line, Captain Trant, will be held until tomorrow waiting for her cattle. The liner will take 750 big western steers and part of the herd was delayed enroute and her departure was postponed until they arrive.

The Devonian will carry one of the largest cargoes shipped from here this season. She will have 180,000 bushels of wheat, 140 tons of lumber, 800 tons of flour, 700 barrels of apples, 350 tons of hay and general merchandise.

A wireless message from Captain Carmine of the United States wreck destroyer Seneca states that he has been unable to locate the wreck of the schooner Eugene Borda, which was abandoned at sea and whose crew was rescued by the steamship Vaderland.

The big fleet of coastwise vessels which had been stalled at Vineyard Haven by the recent northeast left Vineyard Haven Monday and came around Cape Cod Tuesday. Most of the vessels are bound to eastern ports.

Capt. L. M. Crowell of the steamer H. M. Whitney, which arrived Tuesday afternoon from New York, reported passing the fleet in the bay.

On her way here from Delaware breakwater, where she received orders to proceed to this port, the British steamer Langue is bringing a 6000-ton cargo of Java sugar. The steamer was more than a week overdue, owing to head winds, and her coal supply was nearly exhausted when she reached the breakwater.

Two other sugar-laden steamers from Java, the Longships and Deike Rickmers, are also overdue at Delaware breakwater. It is probable that one of these will also be ordered to this port.

More than 40 cages of animals, part of the menagerie destined for amusement parks in Cuba, left here Tuesday evening in the Plant line steamship Halifax, Captain Ellis, for Havana. In previous years the animals have been taken to Cuba by steamers sailing from New York. The Halifax carried out a party of 15 tourists destined for Havana.

Nearly all T wharf arrivals this morning were shore boats with small fares, as quite a number of the vessels were in the Monday.

The list includes the Mabel Bryon with 12,500 pounds, Annie & Jennie 4900, Victor & Esther 20,000, Fannie Belle 4000, Watson 16,500, Mary B. Greer 12,000, W. M. Goodspeed 10,000, Mary T. Fallon 15,000, Thomas J. Carroll 10,300, Seacomet 10,000, Ethel B. Penny 16,500, Mary de Costa 9500, Geo. H. Lubec 28,000, Mildred Fulton 30,000, Little Fannie 9000, Elizabeth W. Numan 9200, Rose Standish 15,000, Wankie 13,000, Diana 3000, Catherine D. Enos 5500, Lucy B. Winsor 4300, Holo 3500, Morning Star 3400, Valentina 3600, Appomattox 11,000, Rita A. Viator 6800.

T wharf dealers' prices Tuesday per hundredweight: Haddock \$3.00@3.75, large cod \$4.75@5.25, small cod \$2.75@3.75, large hake \$5, small hake \$2.35, eusk \$1.50, pollock \$1.75@2.

PORT OF BOSTON.

Arrived Today.

Strs Good Hope (Br), Harding Oct 12 and Colombo 19, mds to A C Lombard's Sons; Howard, Chase, Baltimore and Newport News, mds and passengers to C H Maynard; Onondaga, Goozins, Jacksonville and Charleston, S C, mds to Clyde S S Co; City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester; Bay State, Lincoln, Portland, Me; Quantic, Hillary, Philadelphia, mds and passengers to C H Maynard.

Schs John Maxwell, Foss, Fernandina, Hutchinson, Jacksonville, Nov 22, via Norfolk.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS.

Strs Concho, New Orleans; El Paso, Galveston; Olinda, Nuovitas; Corea, Leghorn and Lisbon; Orotava, Southampton; via Barbados and West Indies; Inveresk, Manila, etc; J M Guffey, Port Arthur; Eugene, Mediterranean ports; Barcelona, Hamburg; Phoebe, do; Alianza, Colon. Tug Gettysburg, towing barges Mahanoy, Lynn, Logan, Boston, and Conewago, Clarks Point for Philadelphia.

Strs North Star, Portland; Alice, Bridgewater, N S; Borgestad, Boston; Boston, do; James S Whitney, do.

Schs Rebecca M Walls, McLean, Stonington, Me; L T Whitmore, do; Benjamin Russell, Lubec; R L Tay, Bangor; Northland, Saunders, Stockton Springs; Edith, Blake, Ferdinandina; Iona Tunnell, Davis, Jacksonville; Wandrian, Paterson, Walton, N S; Daniel McDou, Long Cove, Me; Frank Leaming, New Haven for Norfolk.

Today's Produce Market

PRICES FIGURED ON A WHOLESALE BASIS.

FRUIT—PRODUCE

Arrivals.
The steamer Onondaga from Jacksonville brought 3334 boxes oranges, 39 crates vegetables.

The steamer H. M. Whitney from New York brought 160 boxes oranges, 1500 boxes raisins and 86 barrels grapes.

The Norfolk steamer, due here tomorrow, has 2000 boxes oranges, 300 bags peanuts, 150 barrels spinach aboard.

The steamer Limon sailed from Port Limon Sunday for Boston with bananas for United Fruit Co. She is due Dec. 13.

Boston Receipts.
Apples 3580 barrels, cranberries 318 barrels, Florida oranges 7281 boxes, lemons 650 boxes, pineapples 7 crates, grapes 86 barrels, raisins 3850 boxes, potatoes 6480 bushels, sweet potatoes 308 barrels, onions 510 bushels.

New York Fruit News.
The steamers Eugenia with 1600 bbls grapes (the last shipment) and Cereia from Naples have arrived in New York.

The steamer Berlin with 3900 boxes Messina lemons and 450 boxes Naples lemons has arrived in New York.

Sale Tuesday—Two cars California oranges, the market was unchanged; 1 car Arizona navel, hlf bxs \$3@4.55; 3615 bxs Florida oranges sold, market ruled 10c stronger on small fruit and 10c to 15c on large, prices ranged 95c@4.25; 195 bxs Florida grapefruit, prices practically unchanged, \$1.12@3.02½; 870 hlf bxs tangerines \$1.15@2.20, 11,815 bxs Porto Rico oranges sold 70c@1.45, with the exception of one invoice fruit was generally poor for condition; 470 bxs Porto Rico grapefruit \$1.12½@3.02½, 735 crts Porto Rico pineapples \$1.15@1.75; the offering of Sicily lemons consisted of about 10,000 bxs from Regina d'Italia, Italia and Carpathia.

PROVISIONS

Chicago Market.
May wheat \$1.07½, January pork \$21.57, January lard \$12.42; hog receipts 20,000; prices \$7.85@8.55; cattle market steady, receipts 22,000; beefs \$4@9.25, cows and heifers \$2.15@5.70, Texas steers \$3.80@4.90, stockers and feeders \$3.15@7.30, western cattle \$4.25@7.50.

Boston Receipts of Poultry.
Today 1703 packages, last year 2393 packages.

Boston Prices.
Flour—Mill shipments, spring patents, \$5.65@6.20, clears, \$4.90@5.15, winter patents \$5.75@6.10, straights \$5.60@5.90, clears \$5.40@5.65, Kansas patents in jute \$5.10@5.65, rye flour \$4.10@4.60, bagging \$4.35@5.

Corn—Car lots, on spot, old No. 2 yellow 75c, new steamer yellow 69½@70c, new No. 3 yellow 68½@69c, to ship from the West, new No. 2 yellow 69@69½, new No. 3 yellow 68@68½; new cool and sweet yellow 67@67½.

Oats—Car lots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 51c, No. 2 49½@50c, No. 3 49a@49½, rejected white 47@48c, to ship from the West, 34 to 36 lbs, clipped white 48½@49c, 36 to 38 lbs, 49@49½, 38 to 40 lbs, 50@51c, barley mixtures 46@47c.

Cornmeal and oatmeal—Bag cornmeal \$1.32@1.34, 100-lb bag, granulated \$3.55@3.70 bbl, bolted \$3.45@3.90, oat-

SUPERIOR FLOORING

MADE BY

George W. Gale Lumber Co.

Telephone 40

Cambridge, Mass.

Everything from Mills to Shingles

Advertisements

Intended to appear in all editions of

Saturday's Monitor

Should reach The Monitor office

Not Later than Friday Afternoon

To insure proper Classification

Have advertised in The Monitor regularly and say it pays

House Furnishings Cleaned with our Portable Vacuum Wagons

Heated Naphtha Process Sanitary Renovation for Mattresses and Bedding

Adams & Swett Cleansing Co.
Carpet Beating

130 KEMBLE ST., Corner Magazine, ROXBURY
Established 1856 Incorporated 1903
TELEPHONE 1297 ROXBURY

Roxbury, Mass., December 6, 1909 - 19

The Christian Science Monitor,
Falmouth and St. Paul Sts.,
City.

Gentlemen:-

At this, the close of our busy season we feel that it is our duty to write you and express our appreciation of the good our advertisement has been to us. We have run the same practically since the first appearance of your paper and have reached just the class of readers we want for our lines of work. They have been very free to give us a trial and we trust that by our efforts we may continue to please them. We wish the "Monitor" continued your constant advertisers and friends.

Very truly yours,

Adams and Swett Cleansing Co.

R. J. Adams
Manager.

Dic. F. J. A.

The Stock Market Broadens, Closing Weak

STOCK MARKET IS IN THE HANDS OF PROFESSIONALS

Strong Opening for Some of the Active Issues, After Which Trading Is Dull and Fluctuations Narrow.

ADVENTURE IS DOWN

Considerable activity and strength was displayed by some of the leading New York stocks at the opening of the market today, and for a short period afterward. Before the end of the first hour a break of over 3 points in Interborough and a drop of 1 1/2 in Third Avenue were the only noteworthy movements. The rest of the list showed considerable irregularity. Prominent in the early trading were Central Leather and Ontario and Western, each of which made good advances.

There was rather heavy trading in Steel common, Reading, Union Pacific and Amalgamated Copper. After opening up 3/4 at 87 1/2, Amalgamated Copper reacted about a point. American Sugar was up 3/4 at the opening at 123 1/2, and then declined a point. Central Leather opened unchanged at 45 1/2, and rose two points during the first hour. Ontario and Western, which has been quite inactive, came into prominence for a short time. It opened at 47 1/2, rose a point and then sold off fractionally.

Third Avenue was conspicuously weak. After opening up 3/4 at 153 1/2 it sold down to 152 1/2, recovering later a good part of the loss. Interborough preferred opened 3/4 higher at 62, advanced 1/4 and then reacted to 61. Reading was up 3/4 at the opening at 171 1/2, and reacted fractionally. Toward midday the market became stronger, but was very quiet.

Adventure was a weak feature during the early trading on the local market. It opened a point lower than yesterday's high point at 6 1/2, and sold down to 6, making a fractional recovery later. Calumet and Arizona was up a point at the opening at 101, gained 2 points and reacted to last night's closing figure. North Butte opened 1/2 lower at 60 and after advancing to 60 1/2 dropped to 59 1/2. Utah Consolidated opened unchanged at 45 and sagged off a good fraction. Lake Copper started off unchanged at 59 1/2 and declined to 58 1/2. U. S. Smelting after opening unchanged at 53 improved nearly a point. Swift & Co. was quite strong advancing from 109 1/2 to 111 1/2 during the forenoon.

Heavy buying of Interborough preferred sent the price up to 63 1/2 in the early afternoon on the New York market. On the local exchange Granby rose to 104 1/2 after opening at 102 1/2. Both markets were quite strong during the afternoon. Norfolk and Western was prominent in the advance. The New York market also became somewhat broader.

RECORD YEAR FOR SHOE MACHINERY

Annual Report of the Company Is Expected to Show the Largest Gross Earnings in Its History.

It has been reported in local banking circles of late that the gross earnings of the United Shoe Machinery Corporation thus far in the current fiscal year were \$1,000,000 ahead of last year. Assurance is given, however, that this figure places the increase too low, for as a matter of fact the gross is \$1,500,000 ahead of last year. If the present rate of earnings continues during the last quarter of the fiscal year the annual report covering operations to March 1 next will show by far the largest earnings in the history of the company.

In the fiscal year ended March 1 last the company was unable to hold the volume of gross business recorded in the 1906-07 year by about 1 per cent, owing to the business depression, but was able, nevertheless, to show net earnings 3 per cent larger than the previous year.

Reports that common stockholders will receive another "plum" next spring are a natural sequence to present record earnings, and with profits for the first time in excess of \$5,000,000, it is asserted that the company should be in a position to declare a larger "plum" than last March when extras of 10 per cent stock and 30 cents in cash were declared.

COKE PRICES SOFTEN

PITTSBURGH—Prices have softened some on coke as a result of a deadlock between producers and buyers. Production showed a large increase for the past week, but still did not nearly approach the high mark of three weeks ago, when 457,000 tons were turned out with a decided slump in the following week to 412,000 tons, due to labor conditions.

THE COTTON MARKET.

(Reported by Atwood, Violet & Co., 27 State St.)

NEW YORK.

Dec. 8. Open. High. Low. Last. Jan. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Feb. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Mar. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Apr. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. May 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Jun. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Jul. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Aug. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Sep. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70. Oct. 14.75. 14.75. 14.65. 14.70.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the opening, high, low and last sales of the principal active stocks today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Amalgamated	8 3/4	17 1/2	16 3/4	17
Am Beet Sugar	47	47 1/2	47	47
Am Car & Found	72 1/2	73	72 1/2	72 1/2
Am Cotton Oil	76 1/2	78 1/2	76 1/2	77 1/2
Am Lead	61 1/2	63 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2
Am Lead & Zinc	19 1/2	20 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Am S & R pf.	11 1/2	12 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am Steel	65 1/2	67 1/2	65 1/2	66 1/2
Am Sugar	123 1/2	124 1/2	123 1/2	123 1/2
Am Tel & Tel.	140 1/2	141 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Anacosta	49	49 1/2	49	49
Atchafalpa	121 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
Atchafalpa pf.	104 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
At Coast Line	115	115 1/2	115	115
Balt & Ohio	116 1/2	117 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Balt & Ohio pf.	92	92 1/2	92	92
Brooklyn Rap Tr.	82 1/2	83 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Canadian Pac.	181 1/2	182 1/2	181 1/2	181 1/2
Central Leather	45 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
C. I. & O.	109	109 1/2	109	109
Ches & Ohio	87 1/2	88 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
Chicago & Alton	68 1/2	69 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Consol. Copper	21 1/2	22 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
C. P. & N. E.	84 1/2	85 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Col Fuel & Iron	51	51 1/2	51	51
Con Gas	51 1/2	52 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Den & Rio Grande	50 1/2	51 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Del & Hudson	14 1/2	15 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Erie	33 1/2	34 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Gen. Electric	161	162 1/2	161	161
Gen. Elec. pf.	161	162 1/2	161	161
Gen. Elec. pf. 2d	161	162 1/2	161	161
Ill. Nor. Ore. & C.	81	81 1/2	81	81
Ill. Nor. Ore. & C. pf.	146 1/2	147 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2
Inter-Met pf.	62	63 1/2	62	62
Kansas City So.	43 1/2	44 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Kansas & Texas	48 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Louis & Nash	45 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Missouri Pacific	71	71 1/2	71	71
Nat. Lead	18 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
N. R. of Mex 2d pf.	22	22 1/2	22	22
N. Y. Central	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Norfolk & Western	143 1/2	144 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2
Norfolk & Western pf.	177 1/2	178 1/2	177 1/2	177 1/2
Ontario & Western	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Pac. T. & N.	48 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Pennsylvania	13 1/2	14 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
People's Gas	114 1/2	115 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Pressed Steel Car	52 1/2	53 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Reading	171 1/2	172 1/2	171 1/2	171 1/2
Republic Steel	46 1/2	47 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
Rock Island	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Rio S. & L.	88 1/2	89 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
S. S. S. & L.	88 1/2	89 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Southern Pacific	129 1/2	130 1/2	129 1/2	129 1/2
Southern Railway	31 1/2	32 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
St. Paul	155 1/2	156 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
Texas Pacific	35	35 1/2	35	35
Third Ave.	153 1/2	154 1/2	153 1/2	153 1/2
Twin City R. Tr.	113	113 1/2	113	113
Union Pacific	201 1/2	202 1/2	201 1/2	201 1/2
U. S. P.	103 1/2	104 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
U. S. Rubber	52 1/2	53 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
U. S. Rubber pf.	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
U. S. Steel	124 1/2	125 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
U. S. Steel pf.	24 1/2	25 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Western Union	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Westinghouse	84 1/2	85 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Am T & T	14 1/2	15 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Atchafalpa	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	99	99 1/2	99	99
Butterfield-Met	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
Japan	88	88 1/2	88	88
N. Y. City 4 1909	94 1/2	95 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
NYNH&H	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
NYNH&H 4 1909	135	135 1/2	135	135
Reading gen	135	135 1/2	135	135
Rock Island	81	81 1/2	81	81
Rock Island 4 1909	112 1/2	113 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Southern Railway	31	31 1/2	31	31
Union Pacific	201 1/2	202 1/2	201 1/2	201 1/2
U. S. Steel	124 1/2	125 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Walsh	16 1/2	17 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2s registered	100 1/4	101	100 1/4	101
3s registered	101 1/4	102	101 1/4	102
4s registered	102 1/4	103	102 1/4	103
5s registered	103 1/4	104	103 1/4	104
6s registered	104 1/4	105	104 1/4	105
7s registered	105 1/4	106	105 1/4	106

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Wheat	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Dec.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jan.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Feb.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Mar.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Apr.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
May	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jun.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jul.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Aug.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Sep.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Oct.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Nov.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Dec.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jan.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Feb.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Mar.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Apr.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
May	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jun.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Jul.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Aug.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Sep.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Oct.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Nov.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08
Dec.	1.07	1.08	1.07	1.08

THE GRAIN MARKET.

C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, received the following from their Chicago correspondent:

Wheat—The market was active and higher. The cables were unexpectedly firm, owing to the bullish Argentine news and the advance abroad was supplemented by Argentine private cables claiming a good deal of damage in the sections where the frost was reported. The market opened at about the final of Tuesday and advanced 3/4 to 1 cent per bushel. The advance brought some realizing and selling owing to the very favorable government report of yesterday, but as that will not supply wheat for active deliveries now, the selling lacked vigor in view of the bullish Argentine news. The northwestern reports were somewhat better, although the receipts are still rather light, but the mills are increasing operations and more mills are running.

Corn—Was active and higher. There was quite good buying on strength of the wheat market, on the small receipts and on the Argentine news. The idea was expressed that if wheat was damaged by the frost, corn would also be seriously affected.

Outs—Were active and higher, with a good deal of buying on the small receipts and strength of cash oats. Offerings were light and the receipts were small.

GREAT PROSPERITY OF COUNTRY SHOWN IN BANK FIGURES

Report of National Monetary Commission States Total Resources Over Twenty-One Billion Dollars.

IMMENSE DEPOSITS

WASHINGTON—If banking statistics are a true index to economic conditions the people of the United States are now enjoying a greater measure of prosperity than ever before.

This is the statement of the national monetary commission in the most comprehensive report ever compiled on the condition of national, state and other banks. Practically all incorporated banks and a large number of private banks sent in statements of their condition on April 28, 1909. The number of banks reporting was: National, 6893; state, 11,319; mutual and stock, savings, 1703; private, 1498, and loan and trust companies, 1079.

In round figures the resources of these banks reach \$21,000,000,000. The total deposits are \$13,595,000,000, credited to over 25,000,000 depositors, of whom about one third have accounts in savings banks. The average rate of interest paid by savings banks is 3.55 per cent. The great number of depositors is accounted for in part by the fact that in many instances single individuals have deposits in several banks.

The banks have loans to the amount of \$11,273,000,000 and a capital of \$1,800,000,000. The number of banks has more than doubled since 1900. Resources show an increase of about 8 per cent over 1908, and 95 per cent over the amount reported in 1900, while loans have increased 100 per cent in nine years, capital stock has increased 75 per cent, individual deposits 93 per cent and total deposits 94 per cent. The average per capita bank resources for the entire country is \$237.24.

NEW YORK BONDS

U. S. reg.	101 1/4	Japan 4 1/2s.	91 1/2	Th
U. S. 2 1/2s.	100 1/4	Kan C 50 1st 3s.	73 1/2	Th
U. S. 3s.	116	L Sh deb 4s 1931.	94	Ua
U. S. 4s.	118 1/2	L & N Un 4s.	99 1/4	Ua
U. S. 4 1/2s.	120 1/4	M & K T 4s.	99 1/2	Ua
U. S. 5s.	122 1/4	M & K T 4 1/2s.	100 1/2	Ua
U. S. 6s.	124 1/4	Missouri Pac 4s.	100	Ua
U. S. 6 1/2s.	126 1/4	N Ry of Md Gen 4s.	104 1/2	Ua
U. S. 7s.	128 1/4	N Y C Gen 3 1/2s.	93 1/2	Am
U. S. 7 1/2s.	130 1/4	N Y C deb 4s.	95 1/2	Am
U. S. 8s.	132 1/4	N Y & NH cv 4s.	135	Am
U. S. 8 1/2s.	134 1/4	N Y 1st 4s.	94 1/2	Am
U. S. 9s.	136 1/4	N & W 4s.	100	Am
U. S. 9 1/2s.	138 1/4	No Pacific 4s.	72 1/2	Att
U. S. 10s.	140 1/4	No Pacific 3 1/2s.	72 1/2	Att
U. S. 10 1/2s.	142 1/4	Ore S L fld 4s.	93 1/2	Bo
U. S. 11s.	144 1/4	Penn cv 4s.	104	Bu
U. S. 11 1/2s.	146 1/4	Penn cv 4 1/2s 1915	96	Bu
U. S. 12s.	148 1/4	Reading gen 4s.	99 1/2	But
U. S. 12 1/2s.	150 1/4	Reading gen 4 1/2s.	100 1/2	But
U. S. 13s.	152 1/4	St L 4s.	84 1/2	Ea
U. S. 13 1/2s.	154 1/4	St L & R P 5s.	85	Gir
U. S. 14s.	156 1/4	St L S W n 4s.	80	Ha
U. S. 14 1/2s.	158 1/4	St L S n 1st 5s.	93 1/2	He
U. S. 15s.	160 1/4	Sea Air Lne 4s.	84	Is
U. S. 15 1/2s.	162 1/4	So Pacific col 4s.	10 1/2	Lak
U. S. 16s.	164 1/4	So Pacific cv 4s.	10 1/2	Lak
U. S. 16 1/2s.	166 1/4	So Pacific cv 4 1/2s.	94 1/2	Mia
U. S. 17s.	168 1/4	So Railway 5s.	112 1/2	Mia
U. S. 17 1/2s.	170 1/4	So Railway 4s.	81	Mo
U. S. 18s.	172 1/4	Union Pacific 4s.	102 1/2	N M
U. S. 18 1/2s.	174 1/4	U P cv 4s.	115 1/4	N M
U. S. 19s.	176 1/4	U P 1st ref 4s.	93	Nor
U. S. 19 1/2s.	178 1/4	U S Rubber 6s.	104 1/2	Off
U. S. 20s.	180 1/4	U S Rubber 5s.	104 1/2	Off
U. S. 20 1/2s.	182 1/4	Va Car Chem 4s.	117 1/2	Reb
U. S. 21s.	184 1/4	Walsh 1st 5s.	111 1/2	Sup
U. S. 21 1/2s.	186 1/4	West 1st ext 4s.	76 1/2	Sup
U. S. 22s.	188 1/4	Western Md 4s.	83 1/2	Swi
U. S. 22 1/2s.	190 1/4	Westing El cv 5s.	94 1/2	Swi
U. S. 23s.	192 1/4	Wisc N C Gen 4s.	94 1/2	U S

Contributions on Topics of Interest
by Subscribers are Solicited.

THE HOME FORUM

A Page of Interest to All
the Family

Judge Remick's Tribute

Judge James W. Remick, in introducing Hon. Clarence A. Buskirk, C. S., who recently lectured in Concord, N. H., paid a high tribute to Christian Science and to its Discoverer and Founder, Mary Baker Eddy, who was long an honored resident of that city. He said:

Ladies and gentlemen:
I am glad to stand here this evening in this beautiful temple, the gift of one of the world's most remarkable women to the cause to which she has devoted her life, and in a sense to the city she loves, and standing here present a distinguished exponent of the religious philosophy known as Christian Science. Whatever may be said for or against this philosophy, it has been accepted by hosts of men and women of the highest character and intelligence and the sweetness of their lives is the best tribute to their religion. Certainly the

ideal that to be spiritually perfect is to be physically well cannot but make for a nobler humanity and a better and happier world.

We do not like to contemplate what the condition of society would be without the influence of the church in the various forms in which it is appealing to the human heart; but from the church as an institution and from religion in its dogmatic aspect, we are ever turning to the noble and inspiring example of the Christ. To think as he thought; to feel as he felt; to love as he loved; to pity as he pitied; to forgive as he forgave; in short to live as he lived; and if necessary, to die as he died for truth and justice is the sum total of religion, and that church, whatever its name and whatever its teaching, which does the most in the years to come to make men in thought and deed like the Master will be the best church.

American Work in Asia

The work of Dr. George Washburn and Dr. Daniel Bliss in western Asia is touched upon in the World's Work as follows:

Robert College, to which Dr. Washburn devoted himself, was founded by Cyrus Hamlin. It occupies a beautiful site overlooking the Bosphorus, is near the bridge over which Darius led the Persians into Syria, and faces a castle built by Mohammed the Conqueror in the year that Columbus discovered America. At the time of its founding, 1863, there was no other college in the Turkish empire.

Its wholesome and enlightening influence has been stamped upon the lives of 3000 young men of the Levant. It educated the men whose hands made it possible for the Bulgarians to establish a free state in the Balkans.

The American Protestant College in Beirut, Syria, has had a very similar influence. It also is out and out American in its spirit and methods. It has about 900 students a year. The graduates occupy positions of influence in many lands. For example, an editor of this magazine discovered one at Tangier editing the most influential Arabic newspaper in Morocco.

There are now at least a dozen American colleges and more than a hundred other important mission schools. The example of Robert College, in particular, led the Turkish government into an epoch of college-building and this has doubtless had much to do with the "Young Turk" movement.

The Christian Science Monitor

Published daily, except Sunday, by

The Christian Science Publishing Society

Falmouth and St. Paul Streets,
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of "The Christian Science Journal," "The Christian Science Sentinel," "The Herald of the Christian Science," and other publications pertaining to Christian Science.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN, Editor-in-Chief.
ALEXANDER DODDS, Managing Editor.

All communications pertaining to the conduct of this paper and articles for publication must be addressed to the Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Single copies, 2 cents. By carrier in the Greater Boston newspaper district, 12 cents the week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL
PREPAID

In the United States, Canada and Mexico:

Daily, one year.....\$5.00

Daily, six months.....3.00

In all other countries additional postage at the rate of \$5.00 yearly is required.

All checks, money orders, etc., should be made payable to The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

The Christian Science Monitor will be found on sale at all newsstands in New England, and in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Rates for advertising will be furnished upon application to the business department. The publishers reserve the right to reject any advertisement.

Long Distance Tel.-Back Bay 4330
Eight Trunk Lines.

Eastern Advertising Office, Suites 2002 and 2093, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Ave., New York City.
Western Advertising Office, Suite 510, Orchestra Building, 108 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

European Advertising Bureau, Suites 22 and 24 Clun House, Surrey St., Strand, London.

Comparison of Musical and Poetical Rhythm

To secure variety in unity is the artistic purpose of good composers. The regular tum-tum-tee of cheap music is beloved of "the general" because it requires no mental effort whatever to follow it. The outline of the "tune" is self-evident, its emphatic moments coincide exactly with the down beats of every measure, and thus the listener is spared the trouble of determining for himself which are the musically interesting moments. In a more highly developed musical style, however, the musical moments may be carried past the inexorable down beat, and when they appear thus at unexpected portions of the measure freshness and variety are secured. The study of poetical rhythm is a great help to the understanding of music. With words and their relations in phrases and sentences we are all familiar, and the structure of music may be seen to follow very much the same lines of development and interrelation of parts that the seemingly more elastic word rhythm exhibits.

"Tell me not in mournful numbers
Life is but an empty dream,"
is an example of square-cut rhythm, where the expected thing happens. The first line properly has a break or pause at the close and the second, containing the imagined remark, is complete in itself. Music or poetry built on this plan is very easy to understand; there is nothing complex about it. The lines all of symmetrical length contain each a more or less complete idea which may thus be "ticked off" by the little pendulum in our thought that seems to work automatically where rhythm is concerned. But when a more complex rhythm is heard the little mental pendulum is no longer a guide to the succession of ideas, and we have to keep alert both to the rhythms and to the thought, which flows on in a wider, freer sweep, like a garment falling over a figure. The exact structure is there, underlying the whole, but its crude angularity is hid by the free floating, vesture of fancy or imagination.

The opening lines of Tennyson's "Morte d'Arthur" are examples of this freer rhythmic development:
"So all day long the noise of battle roll'd
Among the mountains by the winter sea."

The thought must carry on past the end of the first line to the word "mountains." If the thought or voice drops after "roll'd" the effect is lost. This variety may be studied in the opening lines of Wordsworth's sonnets.
"The world is too much with us: late and soon,
Getting and spending we lay waste our powers;"
The pause after "us" and the intimate connection of "late and soon" with the second line make the thoughts of different lengths than the lines, so to speak.
"A trouble, not of clouds or weeping rain,
Nor of the setting sun's pathetic light
Engendered, hangs o'er Eildon's triple height."

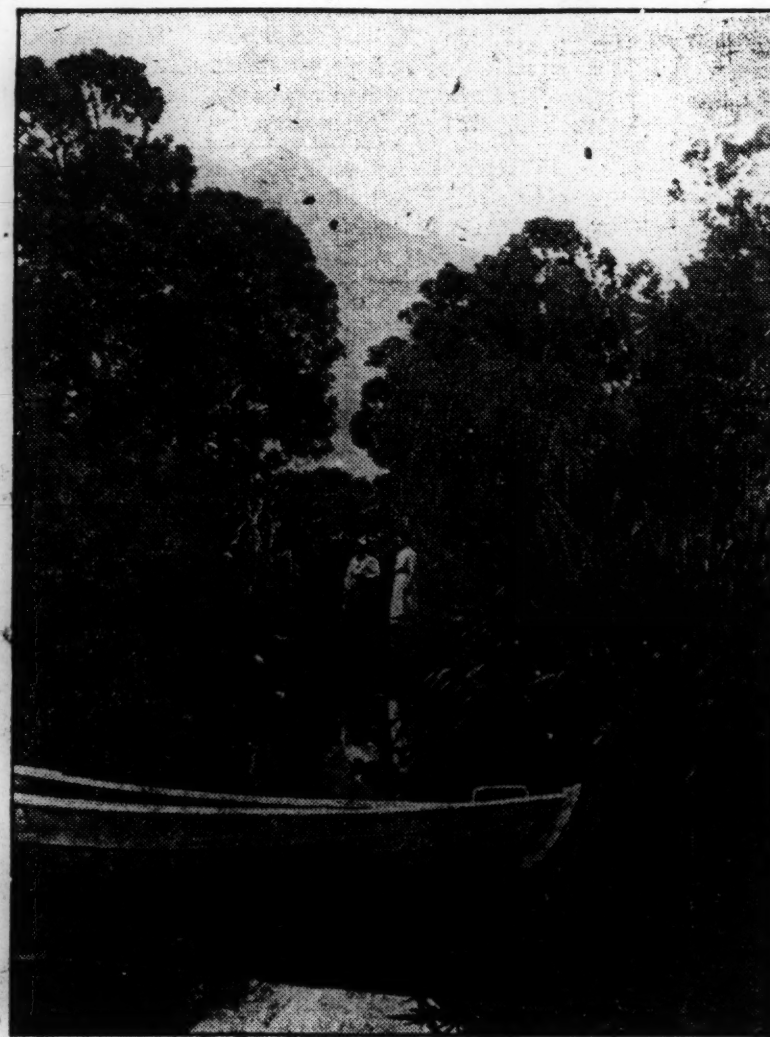
The first idea is suspended after the word "trouble" till the word "hangs" in the third line; the intervening ideas all group together and are held by the word "engendered."

Where poets write words in the spirit of song the swing of ideas is often much more exactly coincident with the more mechanical rhythm of measurement.

A study of any hymn book will show how much more elastic the thought of poetry is with respect to rhythm than most of the hymn tunes, and will also show how often even when the tunes have a developed interest the words set to them do not at all coincide with the music, but require breathing places—which are really the points of natural pause needed to bring out the meaning—at points where the music bids us go right on.

An interesting article in the Outlook for Nov. 6 illustrates these things with phrases from music, which cannot be done here. But any one who will study songs or other music by the best composers can learn for himself to follow these long and more sweeping phrases past the formal points of rhythmic measure and see how this variety in rhythms gives interest and charm to the musical thought.

South African Scene



IN GEORGE DISTRICT

A WRITER, in describing this section of South Africa, recently said: "With a beautiful and temperate climate, a soil better adapted for horticulture than for ambitious farming, beautiful scenery, easy access to Cape Town and the north and with kindly and hospitable neighbors, George makes a strong appeal to lovers of a quiet and retired life."

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

According to Christian Science, the sole cause and creator of all that really exists is God. God is Mind or Spirit; hence the real man who is the likeness of God is mental and spiritual. Man is not therefore a material organism which includes a mind, spirit, or soul, but is the spiritual manifestation, expression or evidence of the Mind which is God.

The basic fact of Christian Science being that "all is infinite Mind and its infinite manifestation" "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mrs. Eddy, p. 408, it follows that health in its highest sense must be a perfect mental state for the reason that it is a manifestation of divine Mind. Even a limited knowledge of this great fact has brought into the human experience of thousands not only mental peace, but improved bodily conditions. The teaching of Christian Science concerning the cause and cure of disease has within the past 40 years revised the world's thought on this subject to a considerable extent. Such utterances as the following, which is credited to a doctor of medicine in a recent issue of a well known periodical, are becoming quite common: "He who would live long, healthfully and happily should avoid all anger, hatred, jealousy, revenge, fear, anxiety and worry. He should earnestly cultivate those two great virtues, calmness and kindness. For calmness and kindness are not only moral virtues, but are the most valuable of all hygienic influences." Many observing physicians are willing to admit more in the direction of the mental cause of disease than laymen who have less opportunity to observe such phenomena.

Christian Science goes beyond the most progressive physicians and declares without qualification that all disease is of mental origin. In so doing it does not contend that every form of disease is due to conscious fear or wilful wrong doing on the part of those who seem to be the victims of disease. It merely claims that somewhere back of all so-called abnormal or diseased physical conditions there are erroneous conditions of thought and recognizes that these con-

ditions frequently include latent fear, when set aside in a single instance. It is safe to say that Christian Science practice has annulled the supposed effects of every so-called law of human origin, not only in one, but in many instances. Thus we see that according to Christian Science, disease is mental, the cause of disease is mental, and the process which removes the cause and changes the effect is mental. While there are still seeming failures in the application of this knowledge to the treatment of disease, it will be readily understood that this may be due to the fact that Christian Scientists are only beginning to understand the Science of Mind healing as it is taught by Mrs. Eddy and that they do not claim to have attained perfection in its practice. They believe that Mrs. Eddy has discovered or rediscovered the Christ-method of healing, and they are thankful for some measure of success in applying that method to the eradication of sin, sickness and human discord.

Walt Whitman House

An interesting item in the New York Times tells the story of how Walt Whitman's house at Babylon, L. I., was disposed of. The land where it stood was bought for a fine residence, and the builder was told to tear down the old house. But with an eye to business he instead offered it to an agent for farm wagons of a neighboring village, Amityville, one William Ketcham. The latter agreed to take it, as he wished to use the materials as an addition to his own house, but the price was demurred over for some time. At last the wagon man said that he would trade a brand new farm wagon for the old house. The builder wanted a wagon and accepted the offer. So the house still stands as a lean-to in Amityville, with the ancient doors and hand-hewn timbers that knew the touch of the "good gray poet."

The installation of a wireless telegraph apparatus is illegal in England without the consent of the postoffice department.—Exchange.

Women of Iceland

The women of Iceland are hard-working, taking their full share in the production and manufacture of food and raiment for the family. During the long winter evenings they spin, knit stockings, mittens and shirts, embroider bed covers and saddle cloths and weave carpets; they are also experts in the use of vegetable dyes, says the Queen. Their outdoor work is hard, for they have to fetch water for the cattle from long distances and to help the men mend their fishing implements, all in addition to the care of the children and the household work.

There is no society in Iceland as we understand the word, but there is much practical hospitality. The people are dignified, simple and polite and are well educated. It is rare to find a man or woman who cannot read or write. The general culture has been of a high order for centuries and many learned societies exist in the country. The girls receive the same education as their brothers; they are allowed to qualify and practice in professions.

In some respects the Icelandic women occupy a better position than their sisters in other European lands. In 1850 a law was passed giving them equal rights of inheritance with their brothers, but it was not until 24 years later, when the right of self-government was given to the country, that they began to take an active part in public affairs, and since then the women's movement in Iceland has progressed steadily. Within the last three years it has gone forward by leaps and bounds, and though we hear little about it outside it is vigorous.

The National Womens Suffrage Association was founded at Reykjavik on Jan. 1, 1907. Its objects are to obtain political and civil rights for women on the same terms as for men and to interest women in the cause. Its first undertaking was to collect signatures to a petition for the full municipal and par-

liamentary franchise, and so eagerly was this taken up that, though the country only numbers about 80,000 inhabitants, over 12,000 names were obtained in four months.

In the summer of 1907 Skuli Thorodden, a member of the Althing, and editor of Rjodrilinn, an important political paper, brought forward a bill to enfranchise women. It was not discussed, but was referred to a committee, and another bill was passed granting all married women in Reykjavik and Halmalfjordur who pay taxes, however small, the right to the municipal franchise and to sit in the councils. On April 15 another bill was passed, further extending the suffrage to all taxpaying men and women over 25 years of age who have lived a year in an electoral district. This law comes into force on Jan. 1, 1910. There now remains but the parliamentary vote to fight for. The whole trend of public opinion is in favor of it.

Indifference to Manners

There can be no manners without a standard of tacit agreement in society concerning them, and this standard amounts to a dead letter unless it is enforced and insisted upon to a greater degree than is now done. The treatment from private and public servants and from children to which gentlemen and ladies submit without protest indicates that as an active practise of society manners have lost force. The fact seems to be that a good many Americans who have good manners act as though they were heartily ashamed of it, and hope that their children will not find it out.

By indifference to the impoliteness of servants, employers make life more difficult for themselves and for society—just as mothers do who fail to exact prompt and implicit obedience from their children. Recently in a certain club a call-boy, sent to find a member, rushed into the reading room with a repeated and strident summons of "Jones!" whereupon a gentleman drew him aside and softly prompted him with "Mr. Jones, if you please." This action was a service not only to the boy, but to every member of the club. But how many "house committees" consider these or a score of such delinquencies worth discipline? And where is the multitude of servants to learn their trade if no one exacts of them respect?—Century Magazine.

Science and Health

With Key
to the
Scriptures

The text book
of Christian
Science

Mary Baker
Eddy

A complete
list of Mrs.
Eddy's Works
on Christian
Science with
descriptions
and prices
will be sent
upon applica-
tion

ADDRESS

Allison V. Stewart
PUBLISHER

Falmouth and St. Paul Sts.
Boston, Mass.

World's Highest Garden

The highest garden in the world is that situated at a height of 6000 feet on the Petit St. Bernard, in the Alps. It was started on a small scale a number of years ago, and under the patronage of Queen Margherita it has grown to a garden of considerable importance. There are mountain plants from all over the world.

A Helping Hand

Mistress (in great hurry)—Mary, what time is it now?
Maid—Half-past two, mum.
Mistress—Oh, I thought it was later—I still have 20 minutes to catch the steamer.
Maid—Yia, mum. I knew ye'd be rushed, so I set the clock back 30 minutes to give ye more time.—Puck.

Gratitude is the fairest blossom which springs from the soul; and the heart of man, knoweth none more fragrant.—Hoshea Ballou.

"Work is of a religious nature; of a brave nature, which is the aim of all religion to be. All work of man is as the swimmer's, a waste ocean threatens to devour him; if he front it not bravely, it will keep its word. By incessant wise defiance of it, lusty rebuke and buffet of it, behold how it loyally supports him, bears him as its conqueror along!"—Carlyle (Essay on Labor).

Children's Department

Appropriate Music

A good game for people who are familiar with songs is indicated in the following list:

For a Restaurant—"When the Swallows Homeward Fly."
For an Arctic explorer—"Farewell, Summer."
For the real estate promoter—"There's No Place Like Home."
For the Wright brothers—"Flee As a Bird."
For the critics—"The Anvil Chorus."
For the stock exchange—"You Never Miss the Water."
For the Boston girl—"Where Have You Been, My Pretty Maid?"
For the baker—"Roll, Jordan, Roll."

Professor Lowell says they are digging new canals on Mars. Which, if true, indicates that the Martians are persons of considerable wealth.—Dallas News.

PICTURE PUZZLE



What Arctic country?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE.
Charade: Serve, ant-servant.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

This newspaper is a member of the United Press Associations and The Associated Press and receives the full news report of each association.

Boston, Mass., Wednesday, December 8, 1909.

The President's Message

ALTHOUGH the President's message to the Sixty-first Congress, in regular session, postpones consideration of interstate commerce and conservation questions of great interest and importance to the public, the document is still remarkable for its wide range of subjects, as well as for the comprehensive manner in which it discusses them. That it was wise to lay aside for the present questions that would involve very lengthy treatment, so that the table might be cleared of many other matters demanding serious attention, will not be questioned.

The reader of the message will be at once impressed by the fact that it practically embraces every question of current interest. And it will be found that whether they are matters having a bearing upon our foreign relations or upon our domestic affairs, they are all treated with the thoroughness and calmness that are recognized characteristics of the present chief magistrate. This is as true with regard to delicate diplomatic situations in Central America and the east as with reference to affairs in which our interest is known to be wholly disinterested and impartial.

The striking features of the message, of course, are those dealing with the tariff, the injunction question, the postal savings banks, ship subsidies, reclassification of the civil service, pensions for the aged, and economy of administration. All of these are discussed, it is proper to say, in a manner consistent with William Howard Taft's declarations as a candidate, and in accord with President Taft's speeches during his recent tour of the West and South. Despite the threats of many in Congress, some in his own party, he is earnestly opposed to further tariff revision until such time as the subject can be approached intelligently. This position harmonizes with his well-known attitude toward the tariff commission idea, and will be pleasing to all who desire to see the tariff removed once and for all from the domain of politics. The President's views on tariff revision are presented strongly and are evidently intended to quiet whatever uneasiness may be felt on that score. It is clear that he will give no encouragement to further tariff agitation.

Equally positive is he with regard to national expenditure. It would be more satisfying, perhaps, to read this part of his message in the light of what he may say with relation to certain public improvement proposals, but it seems to be generally accepted now that the President will not favor extraordinary appropriations for any purpose.

It is evident that with reference to the postal savings bank bill the President is determined to keep his promise to the people, whatever course the leaders of his party may decide to take. It is understood that a postal savings bank bill cannot pass pending the report of the monetary commission, but the executive will have the satisfaction of feeling that he, at least, has kept faith with those who were influenced, wholly or in part, to vote for him on the basis of the postal savings bank plank in the Republican platform.

The message may well be pronounced a conservative document, but this does not prevent it from being progressive.

THE announcement comes from one who is described as "an authority on architecture" that the American parlor is slowly but surely going into disuse. The living room of the house, we find, has crowded it out, and there are few if any complaints heard of the passing. Few who in years gone by have felt the chilly influence of that somber apartment would be willing to exchange for it the warm and hospitably furnished open hall or living room of today. So the parlor has gone. It may still be found in many homes in somewhat modified form, but the parlor as such no longer occupies the prominent position it once held. Its stiff arrangement of furniture and carpets, to say nothing of its conventional alignment of pictures and ornaments, extended a rather too forbidding welcome.

No one will mourn its departure. As an institution it was bound to yield to the freedom and light and the warmth and cheer that are characteristic of the modern home. Comfort and sunshine are now to be found where once the haircloth furniture and the partially closed shutters repelled familiarity. Shades and shutters and somber fittings have all quietly abdicated in favor of cordiality and common sense.

ALL over the country progress is reported in discovering property that has escaped taxation, but it ought to be said that the great preponderance of property owners do not wait for a "discovery" to be made—which means that the great preponderance of property owners are honest.

The Market for Irrigation Land

IN THE opinion of Senator Carter of Montana, chairman of the committee on irrigation, reclamation has been undertaken by the government on too extensive a scale. It would have been wiser, he thinks, to have carried a few of the schemes to completion than to have entered on so many. As a result of observations made by him, during a recent tour of inspection with members of his committee, he finds that the work has proceeded far enough already to have provided water for the reclamation of 40,000,000 acres of arid land. Of this amount, private and corporate capital has irrigated 12,000,000 acres. The cost of water an acre on government projects under way averages between \$10 and \$50, and the government will undoubtedly continue to take up projects until the cost of reclamation reaches \$100 an acre. In the present stage of development, he says, the government is prepared to furnish water to some 5000 farms, nearly all of which have been taken up by settlers and are being turned into permanent homes. And he adds: "On many of the projects there is conducted by the government an experimental station or demon-

stration farm. Town sites have been planned on several projects where thriving villages are rapidly springing up, many of which promise soon to become busy cities."

It is apparently the case that the government is not making quite such rapid headway as could be desired, but the delay is compensated for to a large degree by the knowledge that despite the "exodus" to western Canada, the reclaimed land finds occupants as soon as it is placed on the market. It appears to be settled now, beyond all doubt, that purchasers can be found for all the so-called arid land that may be opened up.

Chairman Carter's criticism of the government's policy is not based upon the idea that the water that it has made available will not be used or that the lands when reclaimed will not be occupied. As he puts it, "in the present situation, with the head works, reservoirs and dams completed, and the distributing systems in abeyance awaiting funds, cash resources are limited to an undue extent to receipts from the sale of public lands. To secure prompt returns on investments already made in the case of a large number of projects uncompleted for want of funds, it surely becomes the duty of Congress to devise some means of putting the cash at the disposal of the construction department."

The contingency that has arisen could not very well have been foreseen. On the whole it rather confirms the wisdom of those who have pressed forward the work of reclamation. Unquestionably, Congress will find a way of meeting the emergency.

THE federal government distributed, free of charge, billions of fish eggs during the last fiscal year. This, of course, is only a step in the direction of real paternalism. It may be a long way off, but a free distribution of hen's eggs by the federal government is, at least, something to look forward to.

IT WILL be as well for those who have a desire to become familiar with large politics to remember that one of the coming men in Ohio spells his name Tayler. Why he does so is of small consequence compared with the fact that he has made the name very popular in his state.

No General Strike of Trainmen

THE country at large is under obligations to William G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, for the thoughtfulness he has displayed in assuring President Taft that there is no probability that the railroad strike in the Northwest may spread beyond the territory to which it is now confined. "Whatever action is taken by the order I represent," he says, "will depend entirely upon the individual expression of the members, through the general committee for the railways in the territory, and will be handled in the usual manner."

After stating that the demands of the train employees in train and yard service east of Chicago cannot take proper form, even for deliberate consideration between the railway officials and their employees, before the early part of 1910, he says: All this talk about a strike of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and affiliated organizations is absurd, and the membership of the organization fully recognizes it.

It must be assumed that Mr. Lee is entirely competent to speak for the Brotherhood, because it has conferred upon him the highest mark of its confidence. Regarding it in this light, the assurance his telegram contains is of inestimable value to the country. And the telegram itself, intended, as it manifestly is, to quiet whatever alarm the rumors of a general railroad strike may have created, is indicative of a regard for the public welfare that will not be lost on intelligent people and that should exert a potent influence on those who have it in their power to obtain concessions on at least one side of the controversy as it stands today.

It does not seem at all improbable that men of the type of William G. Lee will come half way to meet a reasonable proposition for settlement of differences. At all events, if President Taft can obtain the assistance of some one on the railroad side equally considerate of the public welfare and equally influential, it should not be a very difficult matter to bring the strike in the Northwest to an early close.

IT is certainly something to think of that certain people in this country can go out one day and buy things worth millions and yet have spare change enough left to go out and buy other things worth millions next day, if they take a fancy to them.

THEY are talking of making Spuyten Duyvil a port of entry for the New York state barge canal, and if all the plans are carried out the place ere long will be one in which our romancists will be able to lay plots for no end of magazine stories.

THE man who asks that his taxes be raised is now matched by the New York city employee who asks that his salary be cut. Both cases point to the fact that there are forces in operation that are sharpening the average conscience.

IT HAS been pointed out that the New England summer boarder industry yields more wealth than all the silver mines in America. And it looks as if the supply of pure air and fine scenery is sufficient to last for centuries.

EXPERT gunners say it is very difficult to hit a flying balloon or an aeroplane because there is no object near to assist the aim. There ought to be an object in view, but it should be such as to make the aim unnecessary.

JUDGING from the manner in which they are being elevated to high positions under Republican administrations, there is apparently no reason why good Democrats in Tennessee should not remain good Democrats.

WHEN we think of the number of things President Taft saw to discuss on his 13,000 mile journey, his 16,000 word message seems none too long. It averages only a little more than a word to the mile.

THE postoffice deficiency last year was \$17,000,000; but there is no particular complaint on this score, since it is due to the fact that in the postal service the public is getting more than its money's worth.

THE "back from Elba" movement is said to be gaining headway in many parts of the country, and, considering that it has three years to run, it will need it.

HIGHER education has made a tremendous advance in New York. One of its new high schools, that is, is to be eight stories high.

Japanese in Brazil

JUST below Cape Frio, not forty miles from Rio de Janeiro, there is a large tract of land, once a big fazenda, that was recently purchased by a Japanese syndicate for colonizing purposes. The syndicate stands high in mining, transportation and other enterprises at home and its purchase of Brazilian farming land may be taken to indicate a revival of Japan's Latin-American policy, notwithstanding the pronounced failures of her past colonizing ventures in Brazil. Many reasons have been assigned for these failures, an important one being the stand taken by the Brazilian coffee planters against the introduction of Japanese methods. The present scheme includes rice culture on a large scale, for which the purchased fazenda is to a large extent adapted; but other cereals will also be cultivated. Owing to the proximity of Rio de Janeiro, which can be easily reached from Cape Frio by the Leopoldina railroad, market gardening on a large scale is planned by the syndicate, and in view of the exceptional prices for vegetables in the capital, there should be in this good returns. Of course, the syndicate expects to introduce into Brazil several of the products largely grown in Japan, such as vanilla.

Competition with other colonists seems to be unimportant except on the fishing grounds in the immediate neighborhood of the proposed colony. These are of exceptional importance and the monopoly there has hitherto been held by Portuguese fishermen. But this circumstance serves to bring out the nature of the position that the Japanese colonists will occupy in Brazil. There is no bar to the mingling of races and the Mongolians are welcome to contribute to the stock of future Brazil. If this is an inducement for Japanese surplus population to settle in that great country, where they are apparently welcome, there is no reason why they should not in time, perhaps in a relatively short time, draw after them an element capable of rising to a commanding position politically. The presence of a large negro and mulatto population in many parts of Brazil, as well as a considerable remnant of aboriginal Indians, and the attitude of the settlers of Portuguese descent toward them, have led some observers to detect in Brazilian conditions the inception of a caste system, somewhat similar, from a racial point of view, to that of India. In such a system, a compact Japanese element might reasonably be expected to attain great power through monopolizing certain fields of activity, as, for instance, the army and navy, while the Mongolian's inability or refusal to detach himself definitely from the mother country would bring a factor into South American affairs that might make the Monroe doctrine look out of date. How rapidly such matters are apt to develop can be seen from the history of Japanese labor in Hawaii and Chinese immigration into Peru and other Latin-American regions. It would seem that there never was a more urgent call than at this time for the development of large American interests among the Latins of the western hemisphere.

IF MR. CALHOUN would really like to go to China, now is the time for him to disconnect his telephone and to let it be known that he cannot attend midday luncheons or public dinners.

TWENTY years hence Chicago hopes to be the metropolis of America, but this must not lead anybody into the error of supposing that Chicago is a dream city.

A NOTABLE concession, marking a step forward in democratic governance in the Orient, has been made by the Egyptian government. By this concession members of the legislative council are enabled to ask questions on current affairs of the cabinet ministers. It is curious to note that the nationalist members of the council profess to see in this measure a mere sham concession because of certain reservations the scope of which they evidently fail to understand for want of political maturity. It is logical that the nationalists do not find much encouragement to irresponsible methods in a provision which says that five days' notice must be given for every question, or for the reservation that absolves ministers from answering each and every question put to them and empowers the president to alter or reject questions considered too delicate or hazardous from an international point of view. Egypt's present status is so complex that unfortunate incidents through indiscretions cannot be avoided except by strictly adhering to such reservations.

At every possible opportunity the nationalists seem to make it a point to show their utter ignorance of the kernel of free institutions, namely, democratic growth. From their declarations, that were derided by the entire European press at the time of their congress at Geneva, it is evident that if there continue to exist grave obstacles to the granting of a constitution in Egypt, they are to be traced to the nationalist agitation. What stands between the Egyptian people and further concessions by the Khedive and his advisers, in the direction of constitutional government, is the silly rant of these irresponsibles and their press.

There is now pending a question of world-wide importance, namely, the extension of the Suez canal commission, in regard to which the Khedive Abbas Hilmi Pasha, a man of extreme reserve, not long ago made a significant statement commending the interest the Egyptian public was taking in the matter and expressing a desire for the people's cooperation. To what extent this statement may be said to contain a distinct promise depends entirely on how seriously one is inclined to take the nationalist agitation which long ago took on a distinctly anti-dynastic character. One fact, however, must not be overlooked in gauging the situation, and that is the Mediterranean command Lord Kitchener will assume in the spring, making his headquarters in the beginning at least in Egypt. With the reappearance of that familiar figure on the banks of the Nile, a number of puzzling questions, precisely as of old, may be expected to vanish.

ONE of the strong recommendations of Judge Lutton for a seat on the supreme bench is that he has made good use of his opportunities.

FORMER PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT is now expected to return in June, which will be pleasant news for the crowds intending to go down the bay.

NEW YORK after all seems to be the headquarters of the uplift. Something like 800,000 people are hoisted daily in the elevators of that city.

MR. ROCKEFELLER said the other day that he was no longer engaged in activities, and yet he has taken to riding a motorcycle.

Democratic Advance in Egypt